The Conduct of the 2021 Censuses in the UK

A statement of agreement between the National Statistician and the Registrars General for Scotland and Northern Ireland

Introduction

This is a statement of agreement between the National Statistician and the Registrars General for Scotland and Northern Ireland about the conduct of the 2021 Censuses, which it is the intention to conduct simultaneously throughout the UK in 2021. A similar agreement was developed for the 2011 Censuses that is believed to have enhanced the extent of harmonisation across the 2011 Censuses throughout the UK.

A census is taken by the Office for National Statistics and the Registrar General for Scotland under the Census Act 1920 and by the Registrar General for Northern Ireland under the Census Act (Northern Ireland) 1969. The necessary subordinate legislation, relating to the specific arrangements for the census in each country, requires the approval of the UK Parliament in Westminster (for England and Wales) the Scottish Parliament, and the Northern Ireland Assembly respectively.

Welsh Ministers are consulted on the census for England and Wales, and are responsible for making Census Regulations for Wales.

Principles

Each country will be autonomous, with the final decision lying with the National Statistician and the relevant Registrar General, ministers and legislatures.

Subject to that autonomy, the National Statistician and Registrars General agree that the three census offices (the Office for National Statistics(ONS), National Records of Scotland (NRS) and the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA)) will aim to work in unison to ensure that the 2021 Censuses are a success in providing high quality population and housing statistics for the UK, meeting the needs of data users and reflecting UN-ECE, Eurostat and other international requirements.

In particular, the National Statistician and the Registrars General have agreed that the three census offices and the Welsh Assembly Government will work together and will reach mutual agreement wherever possible on the points in this statement of agreement, which will facilitate harmonisation where it is in the interest of census users and the public good more generally.

The census offices will consult regularly with users and keep this agreement on harmonisation under constant review.
UK and international requirements

The European Union (EU) requires the UK to provide prescribed census-type statistical information to Eurostat; Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 519/2010, implemented through Regulation (EU) No 1151/2010 imposed this requirement in respect of the 2011 Census, and similar Regulations are anticipated in respect of the 2021 Census.

As described in the introduction, the conduct of the censuses are themselves subject to, variously, the Statistics and Registration Services Act 2007, the Census Act 1920 and the Census Act (Northern Ireland) 1969, and subsequent secondary legislation.

In addition, there is a user demand for consistent, coherent and accessible statistics for the UK, for each country and geographic areas within each country.

Harmonised aspects

The National Statistician and the Registrars General have, subject to the need for approval where appropriate by the relevant legislatures, agreed the following aspects (below) of the census where they will aim to achieve harmonisation.

Harmonised outputs

The 2021 Census outputs should constitute consistent, coherent and accessible statistics for the UK, individual countries and geographic areas within each country.

Common definitions and classifications, typically based on international standards, should be agreed, used and published. [This includes a common population base.]

Common topics and questions should be agreed wherever possible, with the intention of making available consistent census outputs across the UK.

Census procedures

The three censuses should be carried out with reference to the same date in 2021.

The statistical procedures applied to the census data, such as methodologies for statistical disclosure control and estimation should be evaluated, tested and agreed in advance of the census, and co-ordinated across the UK.

Recognising their common requirements, the census offices will share skills and experiences and endeavour to exploit economies of scale wherever possible.

The census offices will work together to exploit, and make greater use of, administrative data sources.

The census offices will endeavour to ensure that the publicity campaigns for each census complement each other.
Governance and dispute resolution

To promote UK harmonisation, every effort will be made to reach agreement through the cross-working mechanisms of the three census offices and any differences of opinion will be discussed and resolved at the UK Census Committee.

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