

Statistical bulletin

Public sector employment, UK: March 2016

The official measure of people employed in the UK public sector, including private sector estimates, based on the difference between total UK employment and public sector employment.



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1. Main points for March 2016

Total UK public sector employment was 5.354 million. This was 6,000 higher than at December 2015 but 21,000 lower than at March 2015.

Employment in UK local government, at 2.211 million, was 17,000 lower than at December 2015. This is the lowest level shown since the series began in 1999.

Employment in UK central government, at 2.963 million, was 18,000 higher than at December 2015.

Private sector employment, at 26.240 million, was 50,000 higher than at December 2015 and 482,000 higher than at March 2015. Private sector employment has risen in every quarter from December 2011. This is the highest recorded level in the series.

Employment in the NHS, at 1.620 million, was 9,000 higher than at December 2015 and 31,000 higher than at March 2015.

2. In this bulletin

Public sector employment (PSE) figures are derived from a range of sources. The main source is the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey which comprises three separate data collections: local authorities in England and Wales, the home Civil Service, and public bodies in Great Britain. The survey aims to obtain complete coverage of local government and the Civil Service, and coverage of all public bodies with 20 or more employees. It is difficult to achieve complete coverage for local and central government, for example in the education sector. Information on quality can be found in the Quality and Methodology Information for Public Sector Employment report.

Headcount estimates of PSE are presented by sector classification, industry and region. Civil Service employment is shown by government department and agency. Employment in executive non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs) has been aggregated by sponsoring department.

Reclassifications between the public and private sectors, which affect the trends, are also addressed. Full-time equivalent estimates of PSE are available in the accompanying datasets.

Revisions have been made to the series in line with the public sector employment revisions policy (background note 5 has further details).

Summary PSE statistics from this release are also published in the monthly <u>UK Labour Market statistical release</u>. The UK Labour Market release provides a comprehensive picture of the structure and size of the UK labour market each month. The quarterly PSE statistics are published on the same day as the UK Labour Market figures each quarter.

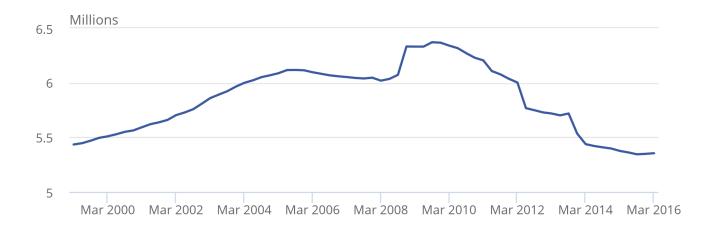
It is important to note that the public sector employment estimates are point-in-time employment estimates and relate to a specific day in the published month.

These statistics are mainly used to monitor changes in the number of people employed in the UK public and private sector. They are the official measure of UK public sector employment.

3. Total UK public sector employment

Figure 1: Total UK public sector employment, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 1: Total UK public sector employment, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 2. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to private sector.
- 3. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 4. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to the private sector.

In March 2016, total UK public sector employment (PSE) was 5.354 million, 1.017 million (16.0%) lower than the peak level of 6.371 million seen in September 2009. This represents a rise of 6,000 (0.1%) on the previous quarter and a fall of 21,000 (0.4%) on the previous year.

Without the effects of major reclassifications between public and private sectors, PSE fell by 24,000 (0.5%) on the previous year.

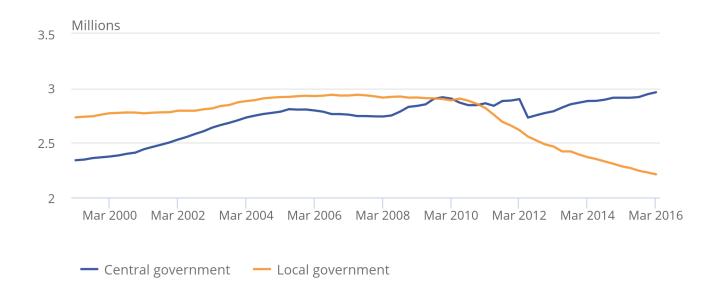
Figure 1 shows that in March 2016 total UK PSE is below the level when the series started in March 1999. There has been a downward trend in total UK PSE since its peak in September 2009.

4. Public sector employment by sector classification

The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts.

Figure 2: UK public sector employment in local and central government, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 2: UK public sector employment in local and central government, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Jul 2010: Academies Act 2010 passed.

2. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to the private sector.

Local government

In March 2016, employment in local government was 2.211 million, which represents a fall of 17,000 (0.8%) on the previous quarter and 73,000 (3.2%) on the previous year. Figure 2 shows the decreasing trend in local government employment since June 2010. The March 2016 level is the lowest shown since the series began.

Central government

In March 2016, employment in central government, at 2.963 million, increased by 18,000 (0.6%) on the previous quarter and 50,000 (1.7%) on the previous year. This is mainly due to an increase in NHS employment and academy conversions (see below) over the period. The March 2016 level is the highest shown since the series began.

Factors affecting employment in local and central government

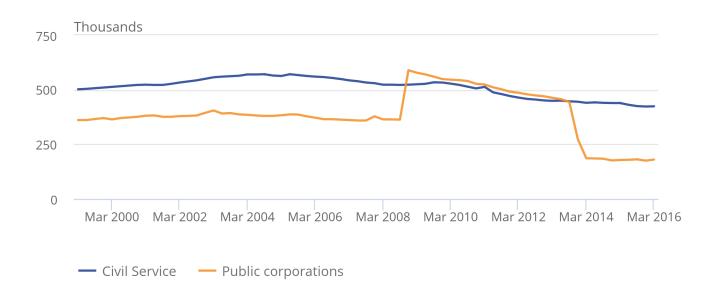
There is an ongoing shift of employment from local government to central government, as a result of local authority maintained schools converting to academy status. Academies are classified to central government, whereas local authority maintained schools are classified to local government. As a result, whenever a local authority maintained school becomes an academy, its employees move from local government to central government.

In March 2016, employment shifted from local government to central government by 6,000 on the quarter and 32,000 on the year, due to academy conversions.

In June 2012, English further education colleges were reclassified and an approximate 176,000 employees moved from central government to the private sector. English sixth-form college corporations were also reclassified from local government to the private sector; there was a transfer of employees with an approximate headcount of 20,000. In March 2015, Welsh further education colleges were reclassified and an approximate 12,000 employees moved from central government to the private sector.

Figure 3: UK public sector employment in Civil Service and public corporations, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 3: UK public sector employment in Civil Service and public corporations, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 2. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 3. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to private sector.

UK public corporations

In March 2016, employment in UK public corporations was 180,000. This is an increase of 5,000 (2.9%) on the previous quarter and 2,000 (1.1%) on the previous year.

Civil Service

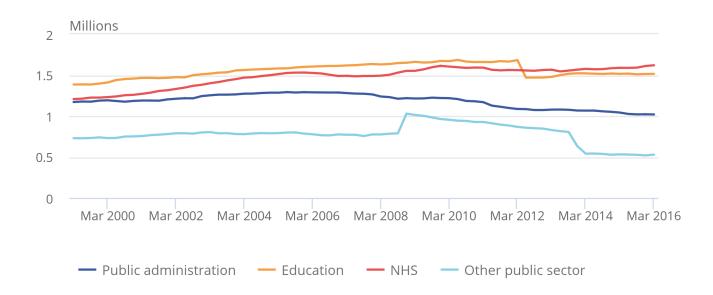
In March 2016, Civil Service employment was 424,000. This is an increase of 1,000 (0.2%) on the previous quarter but a decrease of 15,000 (3.4%) on the previous year.

Figure 3 shows the downward trend in Civil Service employment since June 2005, when it was at its highest level of 571,000.

5. Public sector employment by industry

Figure 4: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 4: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

- 1. Dec 2008: Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland moved to public sector.
- 2. Jun 2012: English colleges moved to private sector.
- 3. Dec 2013: Royal Mail plc moved to private sector.
- 4. Mar 2014: Lloyds Banking Group moved back to private sector.

NHS

In March 2016, employment in the NHS was 1.620 million. This represents a rise of 9,000 (0.6%) on the previous quarter and 31,000 (2.0%) on the previous year.

Since June 2012, the NHS has employed the largest number of public sector workers. At March 2016, the NHS accounted for around 30% of all PSE.

Education

In March 2016, employment in public sector education was 1.515 million. This was 2,000 (0.1%) higher than for the previous quarter but unchanged on the previous year.

Prior to June 2012 public sector education employed the largest number of public sector workers.

Figure 4 shows the significant fall in public sector education in June 2012, as a result of the reclassification of English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations into the private sector.

Public administration

Public administration includes all administrative duties of local and central government.

In March 2016, employment in public administration decreased by 2,000 (0.2%) on the previous quarter to 1.019 million. On the same period a year ago, it decreased by 23,000 (2.2%).

Figure 4 shows the general downward trend in employment in public administration since September 2009.

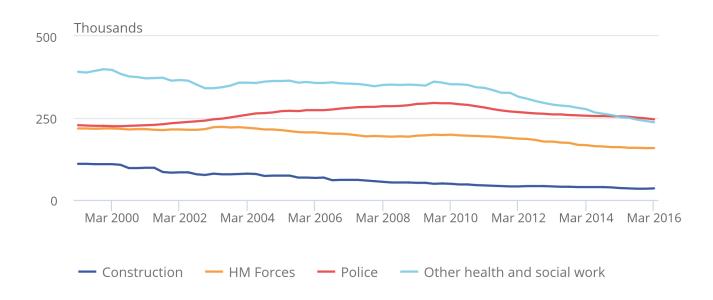
Other public sector

The category 'other public sector' covers all industries that have not been specified elsewhere, such as financial institutions.

In March 2016, employment in the category 'other public sector' was 528,000. This represents an increase of 9,000 (1.7%) on the previous quarter but a decrease of 3,000 (0.6%) on the previous year.

Figure 5: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 5: UK public sector employment by selected industries, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Other health and social work

This category covers all health and social work not covered by the NHS.

In March 2016, employment in 'other health and social work' was 237,000. This was 4,000 (1.7%) lower than at December 2015 and 16,000 (6.3%) lower than the previous year.

Police

In March 2016, employment in the Police, at 246,000, was 3,000 (1.2%) lower than at December 2015 and 9,000 (3.5%) lower than a year earlier. Employment in the Police has seen a decreasing trend since September 2009, as shown in Figure 5.

HM Forces

In March 2016, employment in HM Forces was 158,000. This was unchanged compared with December 2015 and 3,000 (1.9%) lower than at March 2015. Figure 5 shows the steady fall in employment in HM Forces since March 2010.

Construction

In March 2016, employment in public sector construction, at 35,000, was 1,000 (2.9%) higher compared with the previous quarter. In the year to March 2016, it fell by 1,000 (2.8%).

Figure 5 shows the downward trend in employment in public sector construction from the beginning of the series in March 1999.

6. Public and private sector employment

Private sector employment estimates are derived as the difference between total UK employment estimates sourced from the Labour Force Survey and the public sector employment estimates collected from public sector organisations.

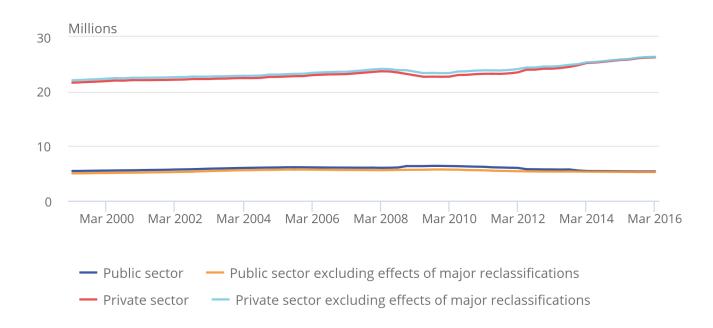
Total employment in the public sector showed a small increase between December 2015 and March 2016, with employment in the private sector continuing to rise. Of all people in work, 16.9% were employed in the public sector; this is the lowest percentage since the series began in 1999.

In this quarter's bulletin, there have been revisions to estimates of private sector employment, but not to estimates of public sector employment, from September 2012. These revisions to estimates of private sector employment have resulted from revisions to estimates of total employment sourced from the Labour Force Survey (background note 1 has further details).

Total UK public and private sector employment

Figure 6: UK public and private sector employment, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted

Figure 6: UK public and private sector employment, March 1999 to March 2016, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

The number of people employed in the private sector in March 2016 is estimated to be 26.240 million and is the highest recorded since the start of the series in 1999. Total UK private sector employment increased by 50,000 (0.2%) compared with December 2015 and 482,000 (1.9%) compared with March 2015. Total UK public sector employment increased by 6,000 (0.1%) compared with December 2015 but decreased by 21,000 (0.4%) compared with March 2015.

The public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between public and private sectors. Figure 6 shows the series excluding the effect of major reclassifications.

With the effect of major reclassifications removed, total UK private sector employment increased by 55,000 (0.2%) on the previous quarter and by 485,000 (1.9%) on the previous year. On this basis, total UK public sector employment increased by 1,000 (0.0%) on the previous quarter but decreased by 24,000 (0.5%) on the previous year.

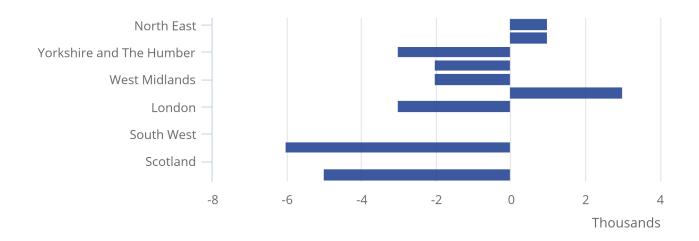
Public and private sector employment by UK region

Seasonally adjusted series are not available when public and private sector employment is split by region. Therefore any differences between quarters in the published regional tables may be due to seasonal effects and changes should be calculated from the previous year. Each series begins at March 2008.

Public sector employment by UK region

Figure 7: Change in UK public sector employment, by region, between March 2015 and March 2016, not seasonally adjusted

Figure 7: Change in UK public sector employment, by region, between March 2015 and March 2016, not seasonally adjusted



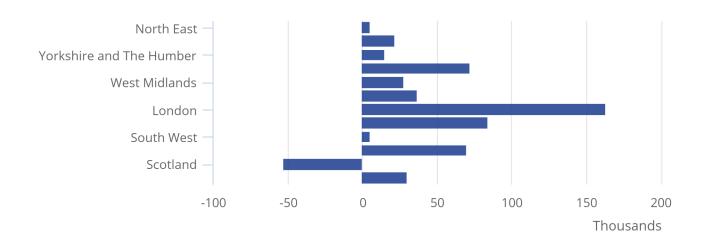
Source: Office for National Statistics

In the year to March 2016, the largest level falls in regional PSE were shown in Wales (6,000; 2.2%) and Northern Ireland (5,000; 2.3%). The largest level increase was in the East of England (3,000; 0.7%). This is shown in Figure 7.

Private sector employment by UK region

Figure 8: Change in UK private sector employment, by region, between March 2015 and March 2016, not seasonally adjusted

Figure 8: Change in UK private sector employment, by region, between March 2015 and March 2016, not seasonally adjusted



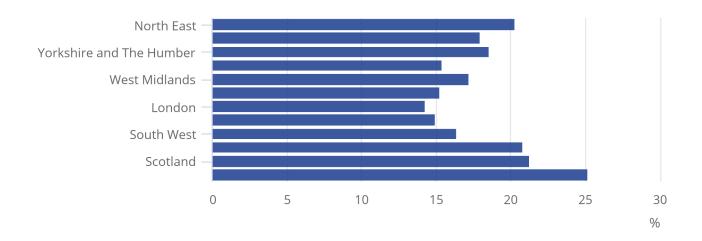
Source: Office for National Statistics

In the year to March 2016, private sector employment increased in 11 of the 12 UK regions, as seen in Figure 8. The largest increases in employment level were in London (163,000; 3.9%), the South East (84,000; 2.4%), the East Midlands (72,000; 4.0%) and Wales (70,000; 6.8%). The only decrease was shown in Scotland (53,000; 2.6%).

Proportion of total employment employed by the public sector

Figure 9: Proportion of UK total employment employed in the public sector, by region, March 2016, not seasonally adjusted

Figure 9: Proportion of UK total employment employed in the public sector, by region, March 2016, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Figure 9 shows the proportion of all those in employment employed in the public sector for each UK region at March 2016.

Northern Ireland (25.2%), Scotland (21.3%) and Wales (20.8%) showed the highest public sector employment proportions.

At March 2016, the North East (20.3%) remains the English region with the highest public sector employment proportion. London (14.3%) had the lowest proportion.

7. Employment in the Civil Service and executive nondepartmental public bodies (NDPBs)

Civil Service

At March 2016, employment in the UK Home Civil Service increased by 1,000 (0.2%) compared with December 2015 to 424,000.

The largest increases were reported by the Department for Work and Pensions (490), HM Revenue and Customs (excluding agencies) (460) and the National Offender Management Service (290). The largest decreases were reported by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (excluding agencies) (210) and HM Courts and Tribunals Service (210).

Executive NDPBs

These bodies usually deliver a particular public service and are overseen by a board rather than ministers. Employment in executive NDPBs has been aggregated by sponsoring department.

Between December 2015 and March 2016, total employment in executive NDPBs increased by 860 to 79,960.

8. Background notes

1. This quarter's release

There have been revisions to estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey (including estimates of total employment and private sector employment) back to September 2012, resulting from taking on board the latest population estimates and a review of the seasonal adjustment process.

2. Next quarter's release

There will be revisions to the headline public sector estimates back to March 1999.

3. Basic quality information

In 2005 the Office for National Statistics (ONS), in collaboration with other government departments and the devolved administrations, implemented major improvements to public sector employment (PSE) estimates. Standard definitions for public sector employment across all departmental statistics were agreed and a single definitive set of quarterly PSE estimates introduced. A new Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES) was established. ONS publishes official PSE estimates each quarter as National Statistics, in the form of a statistical bulletin, approximately 11 weeks after the period to which they refer.

Further details can be found in the <u>Quality and Methodology Information for Public Sector Employment</u> report.

4. Relevance to users

The PSE estimates and data produced for the quarterly publication are used across government and feed into a number of wider publications and outputs. Some government departments use the total figures to facilitate policy making, whereas others use specific components of the data collection. The main users are as follows:

- Cabinet Office
- HM Treasury
- Scottish Government
- Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)
- Local Government Association (LGA)

5. Revisions

Public sector employment statistics have previously been published for all periods from 1999 up to and including December 2015. In line with the published <u>revisions policy for public sector employment statistics</u>, the statistics have been revised, to take account of late information from respondents.

Tables 1R to 5R in the public sector employment dataset illustrate the size of the revisions in each category.

6. Concepts and definitions

The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations as defined for the UK National Accounts. <u>The Public Sector Classification Guide</u> is published monthly by ONS, and provides information on the classification of organisations and institutions in the National Accounts.

The public sector employment estimates relate to the number of people employed according to returns from relevant organisations, but they include a number of workers with a second job in the public sector whose main job is in the private sector or in a separate public sector organisation. The private sector estimate, which is obtained by taking the difference between the Labour Force Survey estimate of people employed in the whole economy and the public sector total, will thus tend to be correspondingly understated by a small percentage.

Headcount estimates are based on the number of employees with an employment contract who are being paid by the organisation. Employees can be permanent, on a fixed-term contract or employed on a casual basis. Self-employed, contract workers and agency workers are excluded.

Permanent employees, as defined in the public sector employment dataset Tables 8 and 10, are employees with a contract with no agreed expiry date or a fixed-term contract of more than 12 months. Temporary or casual employees are those with a fixed-term contract of 12 months or less or employed on a casual basis.

As well as the headcount estimates, estimates have also been produced for the number of employees in full-time equivalents (FTE) back to 1999. This is based on converting part-time employees' hours into a full-time employees' equivalent and provides a better indication of total labour input than a simple headcount.

Central government includes all administrative departments of government and other central agencies and Non-Departmental Public Bodies. As such it is wider than the Civil Service. This sector also includes HM Forces and the National Health Service (NHS). Within education, academies and free schools are classified to central government. It also includes the British Transport Police in England and Wales and, from June 2013, the Police Service of Scotland.

Local government covers those types of public administration that only cover a locality and any bodies controlled and mainly financed by them. The sub-sector includes all areas of administrative authorities including parish councils, though these units are not covered by the current estimates for local authorities. It includes police forces and their civilian staff for England and Wales, excluding British Transport Police. Until June 2013 it includes the Police Service of Scotland. All functions of local authorities are classified to the sub-sector, although trading activities that produce market output (for example, housing and municipally owned markets) are regarded as quasi-corporations and appear under public corporations. Local education authorities are part of local government, as are voluntary aided schools, county schools and, from September 1999, foundation schools (formerly grant-maintained).

Public corporations are companies or quasi-corporations controlled by government, for example London Underground Ltd. These companies receive more than half their income from sales of goods or services into the market place.

The estimates of Civil Service employees count all home Civil Service employees. Civil Service employees can be classified to central government or public corporations. Examples of public corporations include the UK Intellectual Property Office and the Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency. Civil Service estimates exclude the Northern Ireland Civil Service and other Crown servants. Employees in these groups are included in estimates of central government employment.

7. Accuracy

Response rates:

PSE statistics are compiled from a range of sources. The primary source is the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES). The QPSES comprises three separate data collections; the home Civil Service, Local Authorities in England and Wales, and Great Britain public corporations and Non-Departmental Public Bodies (NDPBs). Returned questionnaires go through a series of automated validation tests to check for completeness and consistency and to identify any significant movements compared with the previous period reported (and the same period the previous year). The automated checks are followed up with respondents where errors are detected or further explanation is required. The target is to clear 95% of test failures prior to processing results. ONS response targets for each of the three surveys ahead of compiling results are 85% (number of respondents) and 90% (of total employment). In addition, each survey has a list of critical respondents (usually those with the largest employment) for which special efforts are made to achieve 100% response and clearance of test failures.

Table 1: Response rates for sources of UK public sector employment, March 2016

	Response (% of questionnaires returned)	Response (% of employment returned)
Local Authorities Survey	96	96
Public Bodies Survey	90	97
Civil Service Survey	100	100
Other Sources (see below)	100	100

Source: Office for National Statistics

Data for non-responders are imputed based on previous returns and known annual changes in seasonality. It is extremely rare for a local authority, public body or Civil Service department to non-respond for two consecutive quarters. The data collection is statutory for local authorities and public bodies (Statistics of Trade Act 1947) and positive action is taken to address non-response issues as and when they occur.

So that estimates of total public sector employment can be made, it is necessary for further information to be gathered from external sources.

Table 2: External sources of data for UK public sector employment statistics, March 2016

	Geographic coverage	Source
Central government		
HM Forces	UK	Ministry of Defence: Defence Statistics
National Health Service	England	Health and Social Care Information Centre
	Wales	NHS Wales Informatics Service
	Scotland	Scottish Government
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Academies	England	School Workforce Census and list of all open academies (Department for Education)
Police (including civilians)	Scotland	Scottish Government
Police (British Transport Police)	England and Wales	Home Office

government	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Local government		
Local authorities	England and Wales	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (Scottish Government)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Police (including civilians)	England and Wales	Home Office
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel
Public corporations		
	Great Britain	Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)
	Northern Ireland	Department of Finance and Personnel

Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (ONS)

Source: Office for National Statistics

ONS also produces regional estimates of PSE based on returns from public sector organisations (Table 6). These supersede those produced using the Labour Force Survey (LFS) which previously had been used in conjunction with national PSE estimates to produce estimates by region.

8. Coherence

Other central

Great Britain

Estimates of public sector employment for December 2015 and March 2016 are based partly on projections for some sources. As part of the development programme to improve the quality of public sector employment estimates, public sector organisations are working towards the production of timely quarterly estimates. Until this development programme is completed, there remains a requirement to include estimates for certain sources:

- Police (including civilians) workforce estimates for England and Wales are published every six months (for two quarters) by the Home Office.
- NHS workforce statistics for England are derived from a pay system which covers all but two English NHS organisations. This produces very good estimates of staff numbers. Figures for the two other organisations are estimated based on annual NHS Workforce Census figures. This new source of estimates will reduce the need to revise estimates in the future.

All time series in the public sector employment release, except for the regional series, are seasonally adjusted to aid interpretation. As seasonal adjustment does not preserve additivity within aggregation structures, relationships that hold in the unadjusted series do not necessarily hold for the seasonally adjusted series. For example, total public sector employment equals the sum total of all public sector industry estimates before seasonal adjustment, but this is not necessarily true after seasonal adjustment.

The estimates of public sector employment in education (SIC division 85) differ from the school workforce estimates published by the Department for Education (DfE) mainly as a result of differences in coverage and data sources. DfE estimates focus on the number of FTE teachers and support staff for England only. By comparison, the ONS estimates are derived by allocating local authority employees to education using the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR) and the QPSES in England and Wales. The DfE School Workforce Census school level estimates are used to estimate employment in academies in England. PSE estimates include all employees reported by local authorities as working in primary, secondary and adult education establishments including some groups who are not covered by the DfE statistics, such as adult education staff and certain categories of support staff. Employment estimates for education in Scotland and Northern Ireland are also included to give a wider UK coverage. The different coverage of the ONS and

DfE education statistics serve the needs of different users. Those who require information on the workforce in England who are directly involved in pupils' teaching and learning should use DfE published statistics. Users should also refer to DfE published statistics to gauge trends in education employment. Those who seek data on UK public sector employment in education, in its widest sense, should use the ONS data in this release. For further information on the differences between DfE and ONS data on education please see pages 44 to 46 of the Public Sector Employment Trends 2005 article published in October 2005.

ONS estimates for the NHS also differ from the headline figure produced by the Health and Social Care Information Centre (HSCIC). Again, this reflects the wider UK coverage (HSCIC figures are for England only) plus the exclusion by ONS of general practitioners (GPs). ONS, in accordance with National Accounts practice, classifies GPs as part of the private sector. ONS also include hospital practitioners and clinical assistants who work in hospitals on a salaried pay scale but generally work as GPs leading the HSCIC to exclude them from their totals to avoid double counting. When these factors are allowed for, ONS and NHS data can be shown to be identical.

Machinery of government changes in the period since 1 April 2015 are listed here:

Table 3: Machinery of government changes, 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016, UK

Organisation name	Details
Business Innovation and Skills	Between September 2015 and December 2015 approximately 40 staff transferred to the Department for Culture Media and Sport.
Department for Culture Media and Sport	Between September 2015 and December 2015 approximately 60 staff transferred to the Department for Education.
Driver Vehicle Licensing Agency	Between September 2015 and December 2015 approximately 20 staff transferred to the Government Internal Audit Agency.
Historic Scotland	On 1 October 2015, Historic Scotland merged with the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland to become Historic Environment Scotland, an executive NDPB of the Scottish Government. At this point it ceased to be part of the Civil Service.
National Archives	The sponsoring department of the National Archives changed from the Ministry of Justice to the Department for Culture, Media and Sport on 17 September 2015.
Defence Support Group	On 1 April 2015, approximately 2,000 employees within Defence Support Group (DSG) were privatised and transferred to the private sector via Babcock. The remaining approximately 450 employees covering the Defence Electronic Components Agency (DECA) transferred to the Ministry of Defence.
Defence Equipment and Support	Defence Equipment and Support, an arm's length body of the Ministry of Defence, is reported as a bespoke trading entity from June 2015. Prior to this it was included in the Ministry of Defence.
Food and Environment Research Agency	On 1 April 2015 the business and operations of the Food and Environment Research Agency (FERA), an Executive Agency of Defra, transferred to Fera Science Limited (FSL), a joint venture between Defra and Capita. As a result, around 580 employees left the Civil Service.
Food Standards Scotland	On 1 April 2015 Food Standards Scotland was established as a non-ministerial office, part of the Scottish Administration, alongside, but separate from, the Scottish Government, accounting for around 160 employees. At the same time, around 130 staff transferred from the Food Standards Agency to Food Standards Scotland.
Government Internal Audit Agency	The Government Internal Audit Agency, an executive agency sponsored by HM Treasury, launched on 1 April 2015.

Government Legal Department	The Treasury Solicitor became the Government Legal Department on 1 April 2015. Around 70 staff transferred from the Ministry of Defence to the Government Legal Department during June 2015.
Highways Agency	On 1 April 2015 the Highways Agency became Highways England, a government owned company, and ceased to be part of the Civil Service. As a result, around 3,750 employees moved to the wider public sector.
National Measurement and Regulation Office	The National Measurement Office became the National Measurement and Regulation Office on 1 April 2015.
Office of Rail and Road	The Office of Rail Regulation became the Office of Rail and Road on 1 April 2015.
Oil and Gas Authority	The Oil and Gas Authority, an executive agency sponsored by the Department of Energy and Climate Change, was established on 1 April 2015, accounting for around 100 employees. At the same time, around 60 employees transferred from the Department of Energy and Climate Change to the Oil and Gas Authority.
Ordnance Survey	Ordnance Survey became a government owned company on 1 April 2015, at which point it ceased to be part of the Civil Service. Around 1,230 employees moved from the Civil Service to the wider public sector.
Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service	The Scottish Court Service became the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service on 1 April 2015. At the same time around 90 staff transferred from the Scottish Government to the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service.

Source: Office for National Statistics

9. Methods

Improvements to the way employment in public sector education in England is estimated were first implemented as part of the PSE, Quarter 3 2012 release. Revisions to the estimates caused by these improvements were at that time incorporated into the revised PSE series, in line with the <u>revisions policy for public sector employment statistics</u>. Further details of the change in method and the impact on estimates of PSE are available in '<u>Public Sector Employment Statistics</u> - Change in Method for Estimating <u>Employment in Education in England</u>', published as part of the <u>Public Sector Employment</u>, Quarter 3 2012 release.

10. Reclassifications

In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows.

Further education corporations and sixth form college corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods. More information on this decision can be found in the <u>Reclassification of Further Education Corporations and Sixth Form Colleges in England</u> article published on 31 May 2012.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector). More information can be found in the <u>Classification of Network Rail under European System of Accounts 2010</u> published in December 2013.

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Comparisons of public and private sector employment over time are complicated by a number of changes to the composition of these sectors over this period with several large employers moving between the public and private sectors. ONS therefore publishes estimates of public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications alongside estimates of total public and private sector employment in Tables 5, 6a and 7a of the PSE release.

On 13 October 2010, ONS announced the reclassification of further education colleges and sixth form college corporations to the public sector. As part of the December 2010 publication, ONS took on employment estimates for further education colleges back to 1993 or their inception if later.

On 31 May 2012, ONS announced the reclassification of English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations to the private sector, as non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH), effective from 1 April 2012. As such, employment estimates for English further education colleges and sixth form college corporations are included in ONS estimates of public sector employment from 1993 or their inception if later, up to and including March 2012.

English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations estimates of employment are not included in public sector employment estimates from June 2012 onwards.

11. Publication policy

The complete run of public sector employment data in the tables of this statistical bulletin is also available to view and download in other electronic formats free of charge using the ONS Time Series Data website service. You can download the complete Public Sector Employment Time Series in a choice of zipped formats, or view and download their own selections of individual series.

12. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available by visiting the <u>UK Statistics Authority</u> website.

The <u>UK Statistics Authority</u> has designated these statistics as <u>National Statistics</u>, in accordance with the <u>Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007</u> and signifying compliance with the <u>Code of Practice for Official Statistics</u>.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- · meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
- are produced according to sound methods
- · are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

13. As stated earlier in the bulletin the employment figures provided are point-in-time estimates and for this reason, ONS introduced a new naming convention for the releases, whereby the latest month of measurement is highlighted rather than the quarter.



Public sector employment, UK: March 2016 Released on 15 June 2016

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Next release Public sector employment, UK: June 2016, to be released 14 September 2016

1 Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

•		General government		_			
	Central government 34567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations 8	Total public sector 3456789	Of which: Civil Service 4 10	
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6	
1999	2,346	2,739	5,085	361	5,446	504	
2000 2001	2,384 2,462	2,774 2,776	5,158 5,238	370 382	5,528 5,620	516 522	
2002	2,462	2,776	5,236	380	5,727	538	
2003	2,663	2,837	5,500	391	5,891	560	
2004	2,749	2,891	5,640	382	6,022	570	
2005 2006	2,808	2,921	5,729	387 365	6,116	571 558	
2006	2,785 2,745	2,932 2,940	5,717 5,685	359	6,082 6,044	539	
2008	2,750	2,921	5,671	364	6,035	523	
2009	2,852	2,909	5,761	570	6,331	527	
2010 2011	2,868 2,839	2,905 2,757	5,773 5,596	544 511	6,317 6,107	522 488	
2012	2,731	2,557	5,288	479	5,767	458	
2013	2,823	2,421	5,244	457	5,701	450	
2014 2015	2,884 2,913	2,351 2,269	5,235 5,182	185 179	5,420 5,361	442 431	
1999 Mar Jun	2,340 2,346	2,733 2,739	5,073 5,085	361 361	5,434 5,446	502 504	
Sep Dec	2,360	2,743	5,103	366 370	5,469	507 510	
	2,367	2,758	5,125		5,495		
2000 Mar Jun	2,374 2,384	2,771 2,774	5,145 5,158	364 370	5,509 5,528	513 516	
Sep	2,399	2,778	5,177	373	5,550	519	
Dec	2,410	2,777	5,187	376	5,563	522	
2001 Mar	2,441	2,770	5,211	381	5,592	523	
Jun Sep	2,462 2,482	2,776 2,779	5,238 5,261	382 376	5,620 5,637	522 522	
Dec	2,503	2,780	5,283	376	5,659	527	
2002 Mar	2,530	2,794	5,324	379	5,703	533	
Jun	2,553	2,794	5,347	380	5,727	538	
Sep	2,581	2,794	5,375	382	5,757	543	
Dec	2,606	2,807	5,413	394	5,807	550	
2003 Mar Jun	2,639 2,663	2,815 2,837	5,454 5,500	405 391	5,859 5,891	557 560	
Sep	2,683	2,846	5,529	393	5,922	562	
Dec	2,706	2,871	5,577	387	5,964	564	
2004 Mar	2,732	2,882	5,614	385	5,999	570	
Jun Sep	2,749 2,764	2,891 2,907	5,640 5,671	382 380	6,022 6,051	570 571	
Dec	2,774	2,914	5,688	380	6,068	565	
2005 Mar	2,785	2,919	5,704	383	6,087	563	
Jun	2,808	2,921	5,729	387	6,116	571	
Sep Dec	2,804 2,805	2,927 2,931	5,731 5,736	386 378	6,117 6,114	567 563	
2006 Mar	2,796	2,928	5,724	372	6,096	560	
Jun	2,785	2,932	5,724	365	6,082	558	
Sep	2,763	2,940	5,703	365	6,068	554	
Dec	2,763	2,933	5,696	363	6,059	549	
2007 Mar	2,758	2,933	5,691	361	6,052	543	
Jun Sep	2,745 2,745	2,940 2,935	5,685 5,680	359 359	6,044 6,039	539 533	
Dec	2,742	2,926	5,668	378	6,046	530	
2008 Mar	2,741	2,914	5,655	364	6,019	523	
Jun	2,750	2,921	5,671	364	6,035	523	
Sep Dec	2,785 2,829	2,924 2,914	5,709 5,743	363 589	6,072 6,332	522 523	
2009 Mar	2,838	2,915	5,753	578	6,331	525	
Jun	2,852	2,909	5,761	570	6,331	527	
Sep	2,904	2,907	5,811	560	6,371	534	
Dec	2,917	2,901	5,818	549	6,367	533	
2010 Mar Jun	2,905 2,868	2,889 2,905	5,794 5,773	546 544	6,340 6,317	528 522	
Sep	2,845	2,886	5,731	540	6,271	514	
Dec	2,845	2,857	5,702	527	6,229	506	
2011 Mar	2,862	2,819	5,681	524	6,205	513	
Jun Sep	2,839 2,883	2,757 2,692	5,596 5,575	511 502	6,107 6,077	488 480	
Dec	2,887	2,658	5,545	491	6,036	471	
2012 Mar	2,900	2,616	5,516	486	6,002	464	
Jun	2,731	2,557	5,288	479	5,767	458	
Sep Dec	2,753 2,773	2,521 2,485	5,274 5,258	474 470	5,748 5,728	455 451	
2013 Mar Jun	2,789 2,823	2,466 2,421	5,255 5,244	463 457	5,718 5,701	449 450	
Sep	2,853	2,421	5,274	444	5,718	447	
Dec	2,868	2,392	5,260	274	5,534	445	
	2,883	2,368	5,251	186	5,437	440	
2014 Mar	2,884 2,895	2,351 2,329	5,235 5,224	185 184	5,420 5,408	442 440	
Jun			5,224 5,221	176	5,408 5,397	439	
	2,913	2,308					
Jun Sep Dec		+		178 †	5.375	439	
Jun Sep	2,913 2,913	2,284 [†] 2,269	5,197 [†] 5,182	178 [†] 179	5,375 [†] 5,361	439 431	
Jun Sep Dec 2015 Mar Jun Sep	2,913 2,913 2,919	2,284 [†] 2,269 2,244	5,197 [†] 5,182 5,163	179 181	5,361 5,344	431 425	
Jun Sep Dec 2015 Mar Jun	2,913 2,913	2,284 [†] 2,269	5,197 [†] 5,182	179	5,361	431	

1 Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

_	G	eneral government				
	Central government 34567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations ⁸	Total public sector 3456789	Of which: Civil Service 4 10
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Mar	0	-24 [†]	-24 [†]	2 †	-22 †	0
Jun	0	-15	-15	1	-14	-8
Sep	6	-25	-19	2	-17	-6
Dec	26	-16	10	-6	4	-2
2016 Mar	18	-17	1	5	6	1
% change on quarter to:						
2015 Mar	0.0	-1.0 †	-0.5	1.1	-0.4	0.0
Jun	0.0	-0.7	-0.3	0.6	-0.3	-1.8
Sep	0.2	-1.1	-0.4	1.1	-0.3	-1.4
Dec	0.9	-0.7	0.2	-3.3	0.1	-0.5
2016 Mar	0.6	-0.8	0.0	2.9	0.1	0.2
Change on year to:						
2015 Mar	30	-84 [†]	-54 [†]	-8 †	-62 [†]	-1
Jun	29	-82	-53	-6	-59	-11
Sep	24	-85	-61	-3	-64	-15
Dec	32	-80	-48	-1	-49	-16
2016 Mar	50	-73	-23	2	-21	-15
% change on year to:						
2015 Mar	1.0	-3.5 [†]	-1.0	-4.3 [†]	-1.1	-0.2
Jun	1.0	-3.5	-1.0	-3.2	-1.1	-2.5
Sep	0.8	-3.6	-1.2	-1.6	-1.2	-3.4
Dec	1.1	-3.5	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	-3.6
2016 Mar	1.7	-3.2	-0.4	1.1	-0.4	-3.4

Source: Office for National Statistics

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

Estimates for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector

Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for munity Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for

earlier time periods.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Hoya Manipe is included in the public sector from December 2013 out in the public sector for earlier implements executed in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Facilities in the second in the public sector from September 2000 But in the private sector for earlier time periods. Bradford and Bigliey is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods. English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector settinates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters. Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

Indicates earliest revision

2 Public sector employment by industry; Headcount ¹

	ocial work	Health and s		ompulsory	istration, defence, o social security	Public admin			
Other pub	Other health and	National Health		Public	-		-		
sector	social work 8	Service 7	Education 56	administration ⁴	Police (including civilians) 3	HM Forces ²	Construction		
G7F	G7FJ	G7FG	G7F5	G7F2	G7EX	G7EU	G7ER		
72	389	1,212	1,386	1,177	227	218	110		1999
73	385	1,239	1,440	1,183	225	217	107		2000
76 78	372 364	1,285 1,347	1,466 1,472	1,189 1,217	229 238	214 214	98 84		2001
78	344	1,415	1,530	1,261	248	223	78		2002
78	357	1,474	1,568	1,274	264	218	79		2004
79	364	1,526	1,582	1,292	272	210	74		2005
76	357	1,520	1,608	1,288	274	204	68		2006
71	354 352	1,485 1,504	1,621 1,635	1,274 1,231	283 286	197 193	61 53		2007 2008
					294				
1,00 94	349 353	1,570 1,596	1,653 1,685	1,215 1,207	294 292	197 197	52 47		2009 2010
9	335	1,565	1,659	1,127	277	193	43		2011
85	309	1,556	1,469	1,084	266	186	42		2012
8	288	1,545	1,500	1,079	261	175	40		2013
54 52	267 251	1,571 1,588	1,517 1,518	1,066 1,025	256 254	164 159	39 35		2014 2015
72	391	1,207	1,385	1,171	228	218	110	Mar	1999
72	389	1,212	1,386	1,177	227	218	110	Jun	
73	394	1,225	1,385	1,175	226	217	109	Sep	
73	399	1,225	1,396	1,188	226	218	109	Dec	
73	397	1,231	1,410	1,192	225	218	109		2000
73 74	385 377	1,239 1,254	1,440 1,452	1,183 1,175	225 226	217 215	107 97	Jun Sep	
7!	375	1,259	1,457	1,184	227	216	97	Dec	
7!	371	1,271	1,466	1,189	228	216	98		2001
76	372	1,285	1,466	1,189	229	214	98	Jun	
7	373	1,306	1,463	1,187	231	213	85	Sep	
78	364	1,315	1,467	1,203	234	215	83	Dec	
78 78	366 364	1,331	1,474	1,211	236 238	215	84 84		2002
78	352	1,347 1,369	1,472 1,499	1,217 1,216	240	214 214	78	Jun Sep	
79	341	1,381	1,510	1,243	242	216	76	Dec	
80	341	1,401	1,518	1,253	246	222	80	Mar	2003
78	344	1,415	1,530	1,261	248	223	78	Jun	
79	349	1,435	1,534	1,261	252	221	78	Sep	
78	358	1,451	1,557	1,264	256	222	79	Dec	
7	358	1,469	1,562	1,273	260	220	80		2004
78 79	357 361	1,474 1,488	1,568 1,572	1,274 1,281	264 265	218 215	79 73	Jun Sep	
78	363	1,499	1,576	1,285	267	215	74	Dec	
79	363	1,512	1,581	1,285	271	213	74	Mar	2005
79	364	1,526	1,582	1,292	272	210	74	Jun	
79	358	1,530	1,593	1,287	271 274	207	68	Sep	
78	360	1,531	1,600	1,291		206	68	Dec	
71	357 357	1,526 1,520	1,604 1,608	1,289 1,288	274 274	206 204	67 68	Jun	2006
76	359	1,504	1,612	1,287	276	202	60	Sep	
7	356	1,489	1,612	1,287	279	202	61	Dec	
7	355	1,491	1,618	1,280	281	200	61		2007
7: 7:	354 351	1,485	1,621 1,629	1,274 1,272	283 284	197	61 59	Jun	
7:	347	1,489 1,489	1,635	1,264	284	194 195	57	Sep Dec	
7	351	1,493	1,630	1,238	286	194	55		2008
78	352	1,504	1,635	1,231	286	193	53	Jun	2000
78	351	1,530	1,647	1,211	287	194	53	Sep	
1,02	352	1,552	1,651	1,218	289	193	53	Dec	
1,0	351	1,552	1,662	1,214	293	196	52		2009
1,00 98	349 361	1,570 1,596	1,653 1,657	1,215 1,224	294 296	197 199	52 49	Jun Sep	
96	358	1,613	1,673	1,220	295	198	50	Dec	
9:	353	1,604	1,670	1,218	295	199	49	Mar	2010
94	353	1,596	1,685	1,207	292	197	47	Jun	20.0
94	351	1,588	1,665	1,184	290	196	47	Sep	
92	344	1,592	1,659	1,180	286	195	45	Dec	
92	342	1,591	1,660	1,169	282	194	44		2011
9:	335 327	1,565 1,558	1,659 1,670	1,127 1,113	277 273	193 191	43 42	Jun Sep	
88	327	1,562	1,665	1,098	270	189	41	Dec	
86	315	1,561	1,683	1,086	268	187	41	Mar	2012
8	309	1,556	1,469	1,084	266	186	42	Jun	
8	302	1,553	1,470	1,073	264	183	42	Sep	
84	296	1,562	1,470	1,073	263	178	42	Dec	
82 81	291 288	1,566 1,545	1,478 1,500	1,078 1,079	261 261	178 175	41 40	Mar Jun	2013
8	288 286	1,545 1,555	1,500 1,516	1,079 1,076	259	175 174	40 40	Jun Sep	
60	281	1,566	1,522	1,067	258	168	39	Dec	
54	277	1,576	1,521	1,066	257	167	39	Mar	2014
54	267	1,571	1,517	1,066	256	164	39	Jun	
50	263	1,573	1,514	1,057	256	163	39	Sep	
52	259	1,584	1,519	1,051	255	161	38	Dec	
53	253	1,589	1,515 [†]	1,042	255	161	36 35		2015
		1,588	1,518	1,025	254	159	35 34	Jun	
52	251 245	1 591	1.510	1 020	251	159		Sen	
	245 241 [†]	1,591 1,611	1,510 1,513	1,020 1,021	251 249	159 158	34	Sep Dec	

2 Public sector employment by industry; Headcount ¹

sonally adjusted				ompulsory	istration, defence, c	Public admin		
	social work	Health and	-		social security		_	
Other public sector ⁹	Other health and social work 8	National Health Service 7	Education 56	Public administration ⁴	Police (including civilians) 3	HM Forces ²	Construction	
G7FM	G7FJ	G7FG	G7F5	G7F2	G7EX	G7EU	G7ER	
								hange on quarter to:
4	-6	5	-4 [†]	-9	0	0	-2	2015 Mar
-2	-2	-1	3	-17	-1	-2	-1	Jun
-3	-6	3	-8	-5	-3	0	-1	Sep
-7	-4 [†]	20	3	1	-2	-1	0	Dec
9	-4	9	2	-2	-3	0	1	2016 Mar
								change on quarter to:
0.8	-2.3	0.3	-0.3 †	-0.9	0.0	0.0	-5.3	2015 Mar
-0.4	-0.8	-0.1	0.2	-1.6	-0.4	-1.2	-2.8	Jun
-0.6	-2.4	0.2	-0.5	-0.5	-1.2	0.0	-2.9	Sep
-1.3	-1.6 [†]	1.3	0.2	0.1	-0.8	-0.6	0.0	Dec
1.7	-1.7	0.6	0.1	-0.2	-1.2	0.0	2.9	2016 Mar
								hange on year to:
-9	-24	13	-6 [†]	-24	-2	-6	-3	2015 Mar
-12	-16	17	1	-41	-2	-5	-4	Jun
-11	-18	18	-4	-37	-5	-4	-5	Sep
-8	-18 [†]	27	-6	-30	-6	-3	-4	Dec
-3	-16	31	0	-23	-9	-3	-1	2016 Mar
								change on year to:
-1.7	-8.7	0.8	-0.4 †	-2.3	-0.8	-3.6	-7.7	2015 Mar
-2.2	-6.0	1.1	0.1	-3.8	-0.8	-3.0	-10.3	Jun
-2.0	-6.8	1.1	-0.3	-3.5	-2.0	-2.5	-12.8	Sep
-1.5	-6.9 [†]	1.7	-0.4	-2.9	-2.4	-1.9	-10.5	Dec
-0.6	-6.3	2.0	0.0	-2.2	-3.5	-1.9	-2.8	2016 Mar

Source: Office for National Statistics

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to June 2008, March = 1 March, June = 1 June, September = 1 September, December = 1 December. From June 2008 onwards March = 1 April, June = 1 July, September = 1 October, December = 1 January.

Police (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.

Estimates for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters.

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.

Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for affer time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group pic is included in the public sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when

it is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

3 Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		General government					
	George Government 3	entral 14567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations 8	Total public sector 3456789	Of which: Civil Service 4 10
	C	37FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
1999		,984	1,999	3,983	341	4,324	482
2000 2001		2,013 2,076	2,013 2,008	4,026 4,084	349 360	4,375 4,444	492 497
2002	2	2,151	2,027	4,178	360	4,538	511
2003		2,239	2,064	4,303	369	4,672	529
2004 2005		2,321 2,367	2,108 2,139	4,429 4,506	360 365	4,789 4,871	538 537
2006	2	,352	2,169	4,521	342	4,863	524
2007 2008		2,340 2,352	2,180 2,166	4,520 4,518	335 339	4,855 4,857	505 489
2009		2,447	2,170	4,617	525	5,142	493
2010	2	2,470	2,175	4,645	502	5,147	487
2011 2012		2,438 2,369	2,065 1,923	4,503 4,292	470 442	4,973 4,734	452 423
2013		2,445	1,825	4,270	424	4,694	415
2014 2015		2,493 2,517	1,774 1,715	4,267	175 168	4,442 4,400	408 397
				4,232			
1999		,980 ,984	1,997 1,999	3,977 3,983	341 341	4,318 4,324	479 482
		,993 2,000	2,001 2,006	3,994 4,006	346 348	4,340 4,354	484 487
2000		2,005	2,012	4,000	344	4,361	490
2000		2,013	2,012	4,026	349	4,375	492
		2,023	2,017	4,040	353	4,393	495
0004		2,034	2,014	4,048	354	4,402	497
2001		2,058 2,076	2,005 2,008	4,063 4,084	359 360	4,422 4,444	498 497
	Sep 2	2,090	2,013	4,103	354	4,457	497
		2,109	2,014	4,123	355	4,478	501
2002		2,130 2,151	2,024 2,027	4,154 4,178	359 360	4,513 4,538	506 511
	Sep 2	2,172	2,027	4,199	362	4,561	515
		2,195	2,041	4,236	372	4,608	520
2003		2,219 2,239	2,048 2,064	4,267 4,303	382 369	4,649 4,672	526 529
		2,260	2,071	4,331	371	4,702	531
		2,275	2,089	4,364	363	4,727	534
2004		2,304 2,321	2,097 2,108	4,401 4,429	362 360	4,763 4,789	538 538
		2,335	2,116	4,451	358	4,809	539
	Dec 2	2,339	2,122	4,461	359	4,820	533
2005		2,347 2,367	2,135 2,139	4,482 4,506	361 365	4,843 4,871	530 537
		2,367	2,156	4,523	364	4,887	534
	Dec 2	2,367	2,155	4,522	355	4,877	530
2006		2,356 2,352	2,161 2,169	4,517 4,521	349 342	4,866 4,863	526 524
		2,345	2,169	4,518	342	4,859	520
	Dec 2	2,359	2,180	4,539	340	4,879	515
2007		2,353	2,177	4,530	337	4,867	509 505
		2,340 2,342	2,180 2,181	4,520 4,523	335 335	4,855 4,858	500
		2,341	2,169	4,510	354	4,864	496
2008		2,338	2,165	4,503	339	4,842	490
		2,352 2,382	2,166 2,176	4,518 4,558	339 338	4,857 4,896	489 488
		,420	2,171	4,591	544	5,135	489
2009		2,440	2,176	4,616	531	5,147	490
		2,447 2,484	2,170 2,170	4,617 4,654	525 515	5,142 5,169	493 498
		2,501	2,172	4,673	505	5,178	498
2010		2,500	2,157	4,657	502	5,159	492
		2,470 2,446	2,175 2,158	4,645 4,604	502 497	5,147 5,101	487 478
		2,447	2,132	4,579	484	5,063	470
2011	Mar 2	,449	2,109	4,558	488	5,046	471
		2,438	2,065	4,503	470	4,973	452
		2,472 2,474	2,018 1,992	4,490 4,466	464 454	4,954 4,920	444 435
2012		2,483	1,965	4,448	449	4,897	429
		2,369	1,923	4,292	442	4,734	423
		2,384 2,401	1,899 1,880	4,283 4,281	437 436	4,720 4,717	420 417
2013		2,414	1,860	4,274	427	4,701	414
	Jun 2	2,445	1,825	4,270	424	4,694	415
		2,472 2,482	1,827 1,804	4,299 4,286	411 254	4,710 4,540	412 411
2014		,495	1,784	4,279	175	4,454	406
20.4	Jun 2	,493	1,774	4,267	175	4,442	408
		2,502	1,759 1,745	4,261 4,261	174 166	4,435 4,427	407 405
2015		2,516 2,517	1,745 1,725	4,261 4,242	166	4,427 4,410 †	405
2015		2,517	1,725	4,242 4,232	168	4,410	397
	Sep 2	2,523	1,696	4,219	170	4,389	393
		2,546	1,684	4,230 †	164	4,394	391
2016	Mar 2	2,560	1,670	4,230	169	4,399	393

3 Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		General government				
	Central government 34567	Local government ³	Total general government	Total public corporations ⁸	Total public sector 3456789	Of which: Civil Service 4 10
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Mar	1	-20	-19	2 †	-17 †	1
Jun	0	-10	-10	0	-10	-9
Sep	6	-19	-13	2	-11	-4
Dec	23 †	-12 [†]	11 1	-6	5	-2
2016 Mar	14	-14	0	5	5	2
% change on quarter to	0:					
2015 Mar	0.0	-1.1	-0.4	1.2	-0.4	0.2
Jun	0.0	-0.6	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	-2.2
Sep	0.2	-1.1	-0.3	1.2	-0.3	-1.0
Dec	0.9 †	-0.7 [†]	0.3	-3.5	0.1	-0.5
2016 Mar	0.5	-0.8	0.0	3.0	0.1	0.5
Change on year to:						
2015 Mar	22	-59	-37	-7 †	-44 [†]	0
Jun		-59	-35	-7	-42	-11
Sep		-63	-42	-4	-46	-14
Dec		-61 [†]			-33	-14
2016 Mar	43	-55	-12	1	-11	-13
% change on year to:						
2015 Mar	0.9	-3.3	-0.9	-4.0 [†]	-1.0	0.0
Jun		-3.3	-0.8	-4.0	-0.9	-2.7
Sep		-3.6	-1.0	-2.3	-1.0	-3.4
Dec		-3.5 †		-1.2	-0.7	-3.5
2016 Mar	1.7	-3.2	-0.3	0.6	-0.2	-3.2

Source: Office for National Statistics

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

Police (England & Wales) are based on projections.

Estimates for March 2011 include 8,000 temporary staff employed in connection with the 2011 Census.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for

earlier time periods.

Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for

earlier time periods.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Hoyal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods. Lloyds Banking Group pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to Unit in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods. Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods. Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods. Bradford and Blingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods. English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters. Home Civil Service (excludes Northern Ireland Civil Service which is included in Central Government).

¹⁰

Indicates earliest revision

4 Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent ¹

sonany aujust	ngdom (thousands), sea	United Kir		ompulsory	Public administration, defence, compulsory						
	social work	Health and s			social security		=				
Other pub secto	Other health and social work ⁸	National Health Service 7	Education 56	Public administration ⁴	Police (including civilians) 3	HM Forces ²	Construction				
G7	G7GR	G7GL	G7GI	G7GF	G7GC	G7G9	G9BC				
6	276	982	948	993	220	218	-		1999		
6	272	1,001	982	999	218	217	=		2000		
6	263	1,037	997	1,002	222	214	-		2001		
6	259 245	1,088 1,139	1,007 1,049	1,024 1,060	230 240	214 223	-		2002 2003		
6	254	1,192	1,076	1,074	254	218			2004		
6	261	1,192	1,076	1,074	262	210	-		2004		
6	260	1,238	1,121	1,082	264	204	=		2006		
6	257	1,234	1,132	1,067	272	197	-		2007		
6	256	1,259	1,143	1,030	275	193	-		2008		
8	257 259	1,318	1,164	1,021	283 281	197 197	-		2009 2010		
7	259 247	1,350 1,321	1,193 1,182	1,016 945	266	197	-		2010		
7	227	1,315	1,066	908	255	186	-		2012		
7	213	1,309	1,099	905	250	175	Ē		2013		
4	197 185	1,336 1,355	1,113 1,116	893 859	246 244	164 159	-		2014 2015		
6	276 276	978 982	945 948	989 993	221 220	218 218	-	Mar Jun	1999		
6	279	990	944	994	219	217	-	Sep			
6	282	992	950	1,001	219	218	=	Dec			
6	279	996	957	1,004	218	218	-		2000		
6	272 266	1,001 1,010	982 989	999 995	218 219	217 215	-	Jun Sep			
6	265	1,017	994	998	219	216	-	Dec			
6	263	1,026	997	1,002	221	216	-	Mar	2001		
6	263	1,037	997	1,002	222	214	=	Jun			
6	264	1,051	997	1,002	224	213	-	Sep			
6	257	1,062	1,001	1,012	226	215	-	Dec			
6	258 259	1,075 1,088	1,004 1,007	1,018 1,024	228 230	215 214	-		2002		
6	249	1,104	1,023	1,024	232	214	-	Jun Sep			
6	242	1,116	1,033	1,045	234	216	=	Dec			
6	241	1,128	1,039	1,053	237	222	-	Mar	2003		
6	245	1,139	1,049	1,060	240	223	=	Jun			
6	247	1,159	1,049	1,064	243	221	-	Sep			
6	253	1,167	1,065	1,065	247	222	-	Dec			
6	255 254	1,188 1,192	1,071 1,076	1,071 1,074	251 254	220 218	=	Mar Jun	2004		
6	257	1,207	1,076	1,080	256	215	-	Sep			
6	258	1,214	1,077	1,079	258	215	-	Dec			
6	260	1,225	1,085	1,079	261	213	=	Mar	2005		
6	261	1,236	1,090	1,086	262	210	=	Jun			
6	259 260	1,244 1,245	1,102 1,108	1,085 1,084	263 264	207 206	=	Sep Dec			
									0000		
6	259 260	1,239 1,238	1,115 1,121	1,083 1,082	263 264	206 204	-	Mar Jun	2006		
6	261	1,237	1,121	1,082	266	202	-	Sep			
6	260	1,237	1,128	1,080	268	202	-	Dec			
6	258	1,239	1,130	1,073	272	200	=	Mar	2007		
6	257	1,234	1,132	1,067	272	197	-	Jun			
6	256 252	1,238 1,241	1,141 1,141	1,068 1,056	273 273	194 195	-	Sep Dec			
	255				275				2000		
6	255 256	1,242 1,259	1,140 1,143	1,038 1,030	275 275	194 193	=	Mar Jun	2000		
6	256	1,278	1,156	1,019	276	194	-	Sep			
8	257	1,295	1,161	1,022	278	193	-	Dec			
8	258	1,308	1,170	1,021	281	196	-		2009		
8	257 264	1,318 1,333	1,164 1,168	1,021 1,033	283 284	197 199	-	Jun Sep			
8	264 264	1,353	1,184	1,029	283	198	-	Dec			
8	259	1,357	1,178	1,025	283	199	_		2010		
8	259	1,350	1,193	1,016	281	197	=	Jun	2010		
8	257	1,340	1,177	997	279	196	-	Sep			
8	252	1,344	1,174	989	275	195	=	Dec			
8	252	1,337	1,178	977	271	194	=	Mar	2011		
7 7	247 240	1,321 1,315	1,182 1,196	945 934	266 262	193 191	-	Jun Sep			
7	240	1,320	1,194	919	259	189	-	Dec			
7	232	1,320	1,210	910	257	187	-	Mar	2012		
7	227	1,315	1,066	908	255	186	-	Jun			
7	223	1,314	1,070	901	253	183	=	Sep			
7	219	1,323	1,075	900	252	178	-	Dec			
7	215	1,328	1,079	902	251	178	-		2013		
7	213 212	1,309 1,320	1,099 1,113	905 904	250 248	175 174	-	Jun Sep			
5	208	1,331	1,117	894	247	168	-	Dec			
4	205	1,342	1,116	893	246	167	-		2014		
4	197	1,336	1,113	893	246	164	=	Jun			
4	194	1,339	1,111	888	245	163	-	Sep			
4	191	1,351	1,116	882	244	161	-	Dec			
4	187 ^T	1,356	1,114	873	244	161	=		2015		
4	185 180	1,355 1,359	1,116 1,109	859 858	244 241	159 159	-	Jun Sep			
1	100	1,000			241	133	-				
4	178	1,380	1,112	858 †	238	158	-	Dec			

4 Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent ¹

		United Kingdom (thousands), seasons							
	_	Public admir	nistration, defence, o social security	ompulsory		Health and	social work		
	Construction	HM Forces ²	Police (including civilians) ³	Public administration ⁴	Education 56	National Health Service ⁷	Other health and social work 8	Other public sector 9	
	G9BC	G7G9	G7GC	G7GF	G7GI	G7GL	G7GR	G7K2	
ange on quarter to:									
2015 Mar	=	0	0	-9	-2 [†]	5	-4 †	4	
Jun	-	-2	0	-14	2	-1	-2	0	
Sep	-	0	-3	-1	-7	4	-5	-3	
Dec	-	-1	-3	0 †	3	21	-2	-7	
2016 Mar	-	0	-3	-3	1	7	-3	9	
change on quarter to:									
2015 Mar	=	0.0	0.0	-1.0	-0.2 [†]	0.4	-2.1 [†]	0.9	
Jun	-	-1.2	0.0	-1.6	0.2	-0.1	-1.1	0.0	
Sep	-	0.0	-1.2	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	-2.7	-0.7	
Dec	-	-0.6	-1.2	0.0 †	0.3	1.5	-1.1	-1.6	
2016 Mar	-	0.0	-1.3	-0.3	0.1	0.5	-1.7	2.0	
ange on year to:									
2015 Mar	=	-6	-2	-20	-2 [†]	14	-18 [†]	-8	
Jun	-	-5	-2	-34	3	19	-12	-8	
Sep	-	-4	-4	-30	-2	20	-14	-9	
Dec	=	-3	-6	-24 [†]	-4	29	-13	-6	
2016 Mar	-	-3	-9	-18	-1	31	-12	-1	
change on year to:									
2015 Mar	-	-3.6	-0.8	-2.2	-0.2 †	1.0	-8.8 †	-1.7	
Jun	-	-3.0	-0.8	-3.8	0.3	1.4	-6.1	-1.7	
Sep	=	-2.5	-1.6	-3.4	-0.2	1.5	-7.2	-2.0	
Dec	=	-1.9	-2.5	-2.7 [†]	-0.4	2.1	-6.8	-1.3	
2016 Mar	-	-1.9	-3.7	-2.1	-0.1	2.3	-6.4	-0.2	

Source: Office for National Statistics

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

HM Forces series exclude locally engaged staff. The series also excludes mobilised reservists prior to 1996 as statistics are not available. Prior to June 2008, March = 1 March, June = 1 June, September, December = 1 December, From June = 2008 onwards March = 1 April, June = 1 July, September = 1 October, December = 1 January.

Police (England and Wales) are based on projections and subject to revision.

English further education colleges and English sixth Form college corporations classified to public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, but not in subsequent quarters.

Welsh further education colleges were reclassified to the private sector on 27 January 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Data for the NHS are subject to revisions.

Community Rehabilitation Companies moved to the private sector on 1 February 2015. They are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when

it is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Indicates earliest revision

5 Public and private sector employment; Headcount 12

	Public S	ector	Private S	ector		Public sector exclu- major reclassifi		United Kingdom, sea Private sector exclu major reclassifi	ding effects of
·	Headcount (thousands) 3	Percentage ⁴	Headcount (thousands) 5	Percentage ⁶	Total employment (thousands) 78	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
1999	5,446	20.1	21,669	79.9	27,115	5,007	18.5	22,108	81.5
2000	5,528	20.1	22,000	79.9	27,528	5,089	18.5	22,439	81.5
2001	5,620	20.3	22,079	79.7	27,699	5,178	18.7	22,521	81.3
2002	5,727	20.5	22,181	79.5	27,908	5,269	18.9	22,639	81.1
2003	5,891	20.9	22,345	79.1	28,236	5,467	19.4	22,769	80.6
2004	6,022	21.2	22,442	78.8	28,464	5,589	19.6	22,875	80.4
2005	6,116	21.2	22,739	78.8	28,855	5,690	19.7	23,165	80.3
2006 2007	6,082 6,044	20.9 20.6	23,058 23,308	79.1 79.4	29,140 29,352	5,665 5,621	19.4 19.2	23,475 23,731	80.6 80.8
2008	6,035	20.3	23,661	79.7	29,696	5,600	18.9	24,096	81.1
2009 2010	6,331 6,317	21.8 21.5	22,687 23,008	78.2 78.5	29,018 29,325	5,666 5,674	19.5 19.3	23,352 23,651	80.5 80.7
2011	6,107	20.8	23,238	79.2	29,345	5,488	18.7	23,857	81.3
2012	5,767	19.4	23,979	80.6	29,746	5,369	18.0	24,377	82.0
2013	5,701	19.0	24,298	81.0	29,999	5,322	17.7	24,677	82.3
2014	5,420	17.7	25,288	82.3	30,708	5,311	17.3	25,397	82.7
2015	5,361	17.2	25,847	82.8	31,208	5,263	16.9	25,945	83.1
1999 Mar	5,434	20.1	21,608	79.9	27,042	4,996	18.5	22,046	81.5
Jun Sep	5,446 5,469	20.1 20.1	21,669 21,743	79.9 79.9	27,115 27,212	5,007 5,031	18.5 18.5	22,108 22,181	81.5 81.5
Sep	5,469 5,495	20.1	21,743 21,812	79.9 79.9	27,212 27,307	5,031 5,061	18.5 18.5	22,181 22,246	81.5 81.5
2000 Mar	5,509	20.1	21,897	79.9	27,406	5,069	18.5	22,337	81.5
Jun Sep	5,528 5,550	20.1 20.2	22,000 21,978	79.9 79.8	27,528 27,528	5,089 5,113	18.5 18.6	22,439 22,415	81.5 81.4
Dec	5,563	20.1	22,074	79.9	27,637	5,126	18.5	22,511	81.5
2001 Mar	5,592	20.2 20.3	22,071	79.8 79.7	27,663	5,148	18.6 18.7	22,515 22,521	81.4 81.3
Jun Sep	5,620 5,637	20.3	22,079 22,098	79.7 79.7	27,699 27,735	5,178 5,196	18.7	22,539	81.3
Dec	5,659	20.4	22,110	79.6	27,769	5,206	18.7	22,563	81.3
2002 Mar Jun	5,703 5,727	20.5 20.5	22,153 22,181	79.5 79.5	27,856 27,908	5,244 5,269	18.8 18.9	22,612 22,639	81.2 81.1
Sep	5,757	20.5	22,266	79.5	28,023	5,303	18.9	22,720	81.1
Dec	5,807	20.7	22,274	79.3	28,081	5,376	19.1	22,705	80.9
2003 Mar	5,859	20.8	22,283	79.2	28,142	5,421	19.3	22,721	80.7
Jun	5,891	20.9	22,265	79.2	28,236	5,467	19.4	22,769	80.6
Sep	5,922	20.9	22,363	79.1	28,285	5,500	19.4	22,785	80.6
Dec	5,964	21.0	22,435	79.0	28,399	5,552	19.5	22,847	80.5
2004 Mar	5,999	21.1	22,450	78.9	28,449	5,579	19.6	22,870	80.4
Jun	6,022	21.2	22,442	78.8	28,464	5,589	19.6	22,875	80.4
Sep	6,051	21.2	22,493	78.8	28,544	5,630	19.7	22,914	80.3
Dec	6,068	21.1	22,658	78.9	28,726	5,636	19.6	23,090	80.4
2005 Mar	6,087	21.2	22,672	78.8	28,759	5,661	19.7	23,098	80.3
Jun	6,116	21.2	22,739	78.8	28,855	5,690	19.7	23,165	80.3
Sep	6,117	21.2	22,796	78.8	28,913	5,690	19.7	23,223	80.3
Dec	6,114	21.1	22,820	78.9	28,934	5,686	19.7	23,248	80.3
2006 Mar	6,096	21.0	22,989	79.0	29,085	5,674	19.5	23,411	80.5
Jun	6,082	20.9	23,058	79.1	29,140	5,665	19.4	23,475	80.6
Sep	6,068	20.8	23,121	79.2	29,189	5,646	19.3	23,543	80.7
Dec	6,059	20.7	23,143	79.3	29,202	5,619	19.2	23,583	80.8
2007 Mar	6,052	20.7	23,180	79.3	29,232	5,626	19.2	23,606	80.8
Jun	6,044	20.6	23,308	79.4	29,352	5,621	19.2	23,731	80.8
Sep Dec	6,039	20.5 20.4	23,431	79.5 79.6	29,470	5,606	19.0	23,864	81.0 81.1
	6,046		23,568		29,614	5,591	18.9	24,023	
2008 Mar	6,019	20.3	23,687	79.7	29,706	5,586	18.8	24,120	81.2
Jun Sen	6,035 6,072	20.3 20.6	23,661 23,463	79.7	29,696 29,535	5,600 5,630	18.9	24,096 23,905	81.1 80.9
Sep Dec	6,072 6,332	20.6	23,463 23,207	79.4 78.6	29,535 29,539	5,630 5,649	19.1 19.1	23,905	80.9 80.9
2009 Mar Jun	6,331 6,331	21.6 21.8	22,941 22,687	78.4 78.2	29,272 29,018	5,657 5,666	19.3 19.5	23,615 23,352	80.7 80.5
Jun Sep	6,331 6,371	21.8 21.9	22,687 22,713	78.2 78.1	29,018 29,084	5,666 5,700	19.5 19.6	23,352 23,384	80.5 80.4
Dec	6,367	21.9	22,690	78.1	29,057	5,700	19.6	23,348	80.4
2010 Mar		21.8		78.2	29,048		19.6		80.4
Jun	6,340 6,317	21.5	22,708 23,008	78.5	29,046	5,690 5,674	19.3	23,358 23,651	80.7
Sep	6,271	21.4	23,037	78.6	29,308	5,617	19.2	23,691	80.8
Dec	6,229	21.2	23,162	78.8	29,391	5,584	19.0	23,807	81.0
2011 Mar	6,205	21.1	23,231	78.9	29,436	5,567	18.9	23,869	81.1
Jun	6,203	20.8	23,238	79.2	29,436	5,488	18.7	23,857	81.3
Sep	6,077	20.7	23,220	79.3	29,297	5,454	18.6	23,843	81.4
Dec	6,036	20.6	23,315	79.4	29,351	5,420	18.5	23,931	81.5
2012 Mar	6,002	20.3	23,493	79.7	29,495	5,394	18.3	24,101	81.7
Jun	5,767	19.4	23,979	80.6	29,746	5,369	18.0	24,377	82.0
Sep	5,748	19.3	23,995 †	80.7	29,743		18.0	24,396 [†]	82.0
Dec	5,728	19.2	24,159	80.8	29,887	5,327	17.8	24,560	82.2
2013 Mar	5,718	19.1	24,163	80.9	29,881	5,325	17.8	24,556	82.2
Jun	5,701	19.0	24,298	81.0	29,999	5,322	17.7	24,677	82.3
Sep	5,718	18.9	24,500	81.1	30,218	5,340	17.7	24,878	82.3
Dec	5,534	18.3	24,788	81.7	30,322	5,326	17.6	24,996	82.4
2014 Mar	5,437	17.7	25,199	82.3 [†]	30,636	5,318	17.4	25,318	82.6
Jun	5,420	17.7	25,288	82.3	30,708	5,311	17.4	25,316	82.7
Sep	5,408	17.5	25,430	82.5	30,838	5,292	17.2	25,546	82.8
Dec	5,397	17.4	25,606	82.6	31,003	5,287	17.1	25,716	82.9
	_					_		+	
2015 Mar Jun	5,375 ¹ 5,361	17.3 17.2	25,758 25,847	82.7 82.8	31,133 31,208	5,271 ¹ 5,263	16.9 16.9	25,862 25,945	83.1 83.1
Jun Sep	5,361 5,344	17.2 17.0	25,847 26,076	82.8 83.0	31,208 31,420	5,263 5,239	16.9	25,945 26,181	83.1 83.3
Dec	5,348	17.0	26,190	83.0	31,538	5,246	16.6	26,292	83.4
2016 Mar	5,354	16.9	26,240	83.1	31,594	5,247	16.6	26,347	83.4

5 Public and private sector employment; Headcount 12

								United Kingdom, sea		
	Public Se	ector	Private Se	ector		Public sector exclud major reclassific		Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications 9 10		
_	Headcount (thousands) ³	Percentage ⁴	Headcount (thousands) 5	Percentage ⁶	Total employment (thousands) 78	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5	
Change on quarter to:										
2015 Mar	-22 [†]	-0.1	152 [†]	0.1	130 †	-16 [†]	-0.2	146	0.2	
Jun	-14	-0.1	89	0.1	75	-8	0.0	83	0.0	
Sep	-17	-0.2 [†]	229	0.2 †	212	-24	-0.2	236	0.2	
Dec	4	0.0	114	0.0	118	7	-0.1	111	0.1	
2016 Mar	6	-0.1	50	0.1	56	1	0.0	55	0.0	
change on quarter to:										
2015 Mar	-0.4		0.6		0.4	-0.3 [†]		0.6		
Jun	-0.3		0.3		0.2 †	-0.2		0.3		
Sep	-0.3		0.9		0.7	-0.5		0.9		
Dec	0.1		0.4		0.4	0.1		0.4		
2016 Mar	0.1		0.2		0.2	0.0		0.2	-	
nange on year to:										
2015 Mar	-62 [†]	-0.4	559 [†]	0.4	497	-47 †	-0.5 [†]	544 [†]	0.5	
Jun	-59	-0.5	559	0.5	500	-48	-0.4	548	0.4	
Sep	-64	-0.5	646	0.5	582	-53	-0.5	635	0.5	
Dec	-49	-0.4	584	0.4	535	-41	-0.5	576	0.5	
2016 Mar	-21	-0.4	482	0.4	461	-24	-0.3	485	0.3	
change on year to:										
2015 Mar	-1.1		2.2 †		1.6	-0.9 [†]		2.1		
Jun	-1.1		2.2		1.6	-0.9		2.2		
Sep	-1.2		2.5		1.9	-1.0		2.5		
Dec	-0.9		2.3		1.7	-0.8		2.2		

1.5

- Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.
- Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates for December 2007 onwards are based partly on projections.

 Represents G7AU/G7GO*100.

2016 Mar

- Estimated as the difference betw Represents G7K5/G7GO*100. een LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.
- Labour Force Survey All in Employment aged 16 and over. Data refers to May-July for annual data from 1992 2004, for March to February April, June to May July, September to August October and December
- Labour Force Survey All in Employment aged 16 and over. Data refers to May-July for annual data from 1992 2004, for March to February April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November July Survey April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November July Survey April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November July April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November April, June to May July, September to August October and December to November April, June to May July, September to August October and December April, June to May July, September to August October and December April, June to May July, September to August October and December April, June to May July, September to August October and December April, June to May July, September to August October and December April, June to May July, September to August April, July, September to August Ap

but not in subsequent quarters.

but not in subsequent quarters.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Radia is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 animals asked to examine this periods.

Network Radia is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 animals it is included in the public sector from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector). Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Welsh further education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

- The series shown in this table for public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications show all of the above mentioned bodies included in the private sector for all time periods.
- Indicates earliest revision

							Regio	n								
All employees																United Kingdom
			Yorkshire											Northern	United	
	North	North	and The	East	West	East of		South	South			Scotland	Great	Ireland	Kingdom	adjusted)
	East	West	Humber	Midlands	Midlands	England	London	East	West	England	Wales	78	Britain 9	10 11	12 13	12 13
2008	292	700	532	378	514	458	745	687	518	4,825	346	600	5,771	223	6,033	6,035
2009	297	729	566	395	533	477	798	722	548	5,067	356	639	6,062	230	6,329	6,331
2010 2011	294 276	724 694	566 550	395 388	531 515	478 469	818 786	720 707	547 525	5,074 4,910	353 341	632 604	6,059 5,856	227 222	6,315 6,106	6,317 6,107
2012	257	647	510	359	482	442	746	665	486	4,594	337	588	5,518	218	5,764	5,767
2013	251	641	504	354	472	427	751	660	474	4,535	335	585	5,456	218	5,700	5,701
2014	237	605	469	343	452	415	723	630	443	4,318	315	548	5,181	213	5,421	5,420
2015	232	601	464	335	449	413	723	633	439	4,288	295	545	5,128	211	5,360	5,361
2008 Mar	292	698	533	378	514	459	745	684	519	4,821	346	599	5,766	225	6,031	6,019
Jun	292	700	532	378	514	458	745	687	518	4,825	346	600	5,771	223	6,033	6,035
Sep	291 298	696 734	539 573	379 396	514 536	455 465	748 797	698 740	519 551	4,840 5,089	345 358	600 647	5,785	219 228	6,042 6,355	6,072 6,332
Dec													6,095			
2009 Mar	296 297	730 729	572 566	396 395	534 533	459 477	796 798	737 722	551 548	5,070 5,067	358 356	647 639	6,076 6,062	230 230	6,343 6,329	6,331 6,331
Jun Sep	297 298	729 729	567	395 394	533 535	477	798 806	722 727	548 550	5,067	356	639	6,062	230	6,329	6,331
Dec	296	736	576	396	536	479	824	730	560	5,134	358	639	6,131	230	6,390	6,367
2010 Mar	296	728	568	399	532	477	819	727	554	5,100	354	636	6.089	229	6.350	6.340
2010 Mar Jun	294	724	566	395	531	478	818	720	547	5,074	353	632	6,059	227	6,315	6,317
Sep	287	718	560	393	529	472	803	715	536	5,015	349	625	5,989	222	6,241	6,271
Dec	285	716	553	396	533	479	804	723	536	5,025	349	625	5,998	224	6,248	6,229
2011 Mar 5	284	712	559	394	527	477	797	720	535	5,004	347	621	5,971	223	6,217	6,205
Jun	276	694	550	388	515	469	786	707	525	4,910	341	604	5,856	222	6,106	6,107
Sep	273	687	541	386	512	466	782	702	522	4,871	337	596	5,804	218	6,048	6,077
Dec	273	687	544	387	514	466	783	704	521	4,878	339	594	5,811	218	6,055	6,036
2012 Mar	271	683	536	384	511	465	778	700	509	4,835	340	592	5,767	219	6,014	6,002
Jun C	257 254	647 647	510 506	359 357	482 478	442 432	746 745	665 664	486 479	4,594	337 333	588 583	5,518	218 215	5,764	5,767
Sep Dec	254 257	649	506 510	357	478 479	432 430	745 749	670	479 484	4,562 4,587	333	583 583	5,478 5,504	215	5,720 5,748	5,748 5,728
2013 Mar Jun	254 251	646 641	509 504	358 354	473 472	431 427	746 751	672 660	478 474	4,566 4,535	335 335	584 585	5,486 5,456	218 218	5,728 5,700	5,718 5,701
Sep	250	628	499	356	471	425	758	664	480	4,532	333	583	5,447	216	5,691	5,718
Dec	245	616	486	348	464	421	736	643	454	4,414	326	570	5,309	213	5,548	5,534
2014 Mar	240	608	473	346	454	418	725	635	445	4,344	318	548	5,210	213	5,449	5,437
Jun	237	605	469	343	452	415	723	630	443	4,318	315	548	5,181	213	5,421	5,420
Sep	235	601	466	338	449	412	721	629	440	4,290	313	545	5,148	211	5,385	5,408
Dec	236	601	468	338	451	415	725	636	440	4,310	313	546	5,168	213	5,407	5,397
2015 Mar	233	601	468	337	450	415	725	636	440	4,306	298	547	5,151	213	5,386	5,375
Jun	232 233	601 597	464 458	335 334	449 445	413 410	723 719	633 629	439 437	4,288 4,262	295 291	545 545	5,128 5,097	211 207	5,360 5,322	5,361 5,344
Sep Dec	235	601	461	335	445 449	410	719	635	437	4,202	291	545 545	5,133	207	5,322	5,344
2016 Mar	234	602	465	335	449	418	722	637	441	4,301	291	547	5,139	208	5,364	5,354
2016 War	234	602	400	335	449	410	122	637	441	4,301	291	547	5,139	208	5,364	5,354
Change on year to:																
2016 Mar	1	1	-3	-2	-2	3	-3	0	0	-5	-6	0	-11	-5	-22	-21
% change	0.3	0.1	-0.6	-0.6	-0.4	0.7	-0.4	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-2.2	0.0	-0.2	-2.3	-0.4	-0.4
% of total employment 6																
2015 Mar	20.3	18.1	18.8	16.0	17.5	15.4	14.9	15.3	16.5	16.5	22.3	20.9	17.2	26.6	17.3	17.3
2015 Dec	20.1	17.8	18.4	15.5	17.2	15.2	14.6	14.9	16.6	16.2	20.8	20.9	16.8	25.7	17.0	17.0
2016 Mar	20.3	18.0	18.6	15.4	17.2	15.3	14.3	15.0	16.4	16.2	20.8	21.3	16.9	25.2	17.0	16.9
ZUID MAI	20.3	10.0	10.0	13.4	17.2	13.3	14.3	13.0	10.4	10.2	20.0	21.0	10.5	23.2	17.0	10.5

- Source: Office for National Statistics

 Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates are based on where people are employed.

 Quarterly changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

 In recent years the public and private sector remployment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

 Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector for major reclassifications are as follows:

 Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector for earlier time periods.

 Royal Blat folls included in the public sector from December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bank of Sociating to its included in the public sector from December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

 Royal Bank of Sociating to its included in the public sector from December 2003 to the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

 Nothern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2002 conwards it is included in the public sector from Sociation and the private sector from Sociation and Interprivate Sector from Sociation Sociation and Interprivate Sector from Sociation Sociation Sociation (Interprivate Sector from Sociation (Interprivate Sector From Sociation Socia

Headcount (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

							Regio	n								
All employees			Yorkshire												United	United Kingdom (seasonally
	North East	North West	and The Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East of England	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland 89	Great Britain 10	Northern Ireland 11 12	Kingdom 13 14	adjusted)
2008	267	647	491	348	471	431	688	614	476	4,433	326	582	5,342	219	5,596	5,600
2009	268	653	499	357	471	444	701	618	490	4,501	327	580	5,408	221	5,661	5,666
2010 2011	268 252	648 623	500 481	359 353	471 458	429 420	722 693	640 632	488 468	4,524 4,380	325 313	574 551	5,423 5,244	218 213	5,667 5,481	5,674 5,488
2012	245	608	468	341	451	415	679	621	451	4,279	309	539	5,128	210	5,362	5,36
2013	240	605	468	336	444	400	687	618	443	4,241	309	534	5,084	211	5,316	5,322
2014	235	591	462	339	444	409	699	618	438	4,235	301	533	5,069	210	5,306	5,311
2015	229	587	457	331	441	406	700	620	434	4,206	293	532	5,030	209	5,259	5,263
2008 Mar	267	645	492	348	472	432	688	611	477	4,432	326	582	5,340	221	5,597	5,586
Jun	267	647	491	348	471	431	688	614	476	4,433	326	582	5,342	219	5,596	5,600
Sep	266 268	643 655	497 502	350 357	472 471	428 431	691 696	627 632	478 490	4,452 4,503	326 328	583 584	5,361	214 219	5,610 5,661	5,630 5,649
Dec													5,415			
2009 Mar Jun	268 268	652 653	503 499	358 357	472 471	426 444	698 701	632 618	491 490	4,500 4,501	329 327	586 580	5,415 5,408	221 221	5,669 5,661	5,657 5,666
Sep	270	653	500	357	474	443	709	626	492	4,524	327	577	5,428	220	5,681	5,700
Dec	267	659	508	358	474	446	726	628	500	4,567	329	579	5,476	221	5,721	5,709
2010 Mar	270	652	502	363	472	428	723	646	494	4,551	326	578	5,455	221	5,704	5,690
Jun	268	648	500	359	471	429	722	640	488	4,524	325	574	5,423	218	5,667	5,674
Sep Dec	262 260	645 641	493 489	357 359	470 473	423 427	708 706	635 643	478 477	4,470 4,476	321 321	568 563	5,359 5,360	214 215	5,598 5,595	5,617 5,584
2011 Mar ⁶	259	638	489	358	470	428	703	643	477	4,465	318	567	5,350	215	5,582	5,567
Jun	259	623	489	353	470	428 420	693	632	468	4,465	313	551	5,350	213	5,481	5,488
Sep	250	617	473	351	456	418	690	628	467	4,350	309	544	5,203	210	5,436	5,454
Dec	249	615	476	351	458	417	689	627	464	4,346	311	541	5,198	210	5,430	5,420
2012 Mar	250	614	471	349	457	418	686	626	451	4,321	311	542	5,173	211	5,409	5,394
Jun Sep	245 243	608 609	468 466	341 339	451 448	415 405	679 682	621 621	451 444	4,279 4,257	309 306	539 536	5,128 5.099	210 208	5,362 5,329	5,369 5,347
Dec	245	609	468	340	447	401	683	624	447	4,264	307	533	5,104	210	5,336	5,327
2013 Mar	243	608	469	340	444	405	683	630	444	4,265	308	536	5,109	211	5,340	5,325
Jun	240	605	468	336	444	400	687	618	443	4,241	309	534	5,084	211	5,316	5,322
Sep	240	594	466	339	444	401	697	623	448	4,252	306	533	5,090	209	5,322	5,340
Dec	240	595	467	342	448	411	694	622	441	4,260	305	533	5,099	210	5,334	5,326
2014 Mar	237 235	595 591	466 462	342 339	446 444	411 409	700 699	623 618	440 438	4,259 4,235	303 301	534 533	5,097 5,069	210 210	5,334 5,306	5,318 5,311
Jun Sep	233	588	459	334	441	406	697	617	435	4,208	299	531	5,038	209	5,273	5,292
Dec	233	588	461	334	443	409	701	625	435	4,229	298	532	5,060	211	5,296	5,287
2015 Mar	231	588	461	333	442	409	702	624	435	4,225	296	533	5,053	210	5,287	5,271
Jun	229	587	457	331	441	406	700	620	434	4,206	293	532	5,030	209	5,259	5,263
Sep	230	583	451	330	437	404	695	617	432	4,178	289	531	4,998	205	5,220	5,239
Dec 2016 Mar	232 232	588 589	454 457	331 331	440 440	410 411	700 699	622 624	436 435	4,213 4,218	288 289	531 532	5,033 5.039	205 205	5,255 5,262	5,246 5,247
	202	303	457	551	440	411	033	024	400	4,210	203	302	3,000	200	3,202	5,247
Change on year to: 2016 Mar	1	0	-3	-2	-2	3	-3	0	0	-6	-7	-1	-14	-5	-25	-24
% change	0.4	0.0	-0.7	-0.6	-0.5	0.6	-0.4	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-2.2	-0.1	-0.3	-2.4	-0.5	-0.5
% of total employment 7																
2015 Mar	20.1	17.7	18.6	15.8	17.1	15.2	14.4	15.0	16.3	16.2	22.2	20.4	16.8	26.4	17.0	17.0
2015 Dec	19.8	17.4	18.1	15.3	16.9	14.9	14.1	14.6	16.4	15.9	20.6	20.3	16.5	25.4	16.7	16.8
2016 Mar	20.1	17.6	18.3	15.2	16.9	15.1	13.9	14.7	16.2	15.9	20.7	20.8	16.6	24.9	16.7	16.7

Source: Office for National Statistics

For analysis purposes, employment of bodies subject to major reclassifications over the series have been excluded from the estimates in this table to provide a trend on a consistent basis In recent years the public and private sector remployment series have been effected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland pic is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Northern Rook is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2014 to the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector between the public sector for December 2002. From September 2003 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Randord and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

English further education colleges and English sixth form college corporations classified to the public sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, and to the private sector threadler.

- Welsh further education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods Annual figures relate to June quarter.

- Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates are based on where people are employed.

 Outstrey changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

 Estimates of employment for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed to undertake the 2011 Census.

 Estimates of employment for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed to undertake the 2011 Census.

 Estimates of employment for March 2011 include 15,000 temporary staff employed to undertake the 2011 Census.

 Estimates of PSE for Scotland have been revised in-line with the March 2016 Public Sector in Scotland publication. Further details can be found at http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browsel_Labour-Market/Public-Sector/Employment

 There are small differences between historical Scotlish estimates shown in these tables and those included in the March (2) 2016 Scotlish see http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browsel_Labour-Market/Public-Sector/Employment

 The estimates for CNS and Scotlish Government in the September (3) 2016 release. For further details are beltp://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browsel_Labour-Market/Public-Sector/Employment

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 The estimates for Most and Scotlish Government in the September (3) 2016 release. For further details are beltp://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browsel_Labour-Market/Public-Sector/Employment

 The statistics of Creat British is the sum total of England, Wales and Scotland.

 Estimates of public sector employment for Northern Ireland.

 Estimates of public sector employment for Northern Ireland will differ to those published by the Northern Ireland.

 Includes approximately 30,000 public sector employment may overestimate the proportion of public sector employment for Northern Ireland.

 UK rates based on total employment that includes overseas employees, those who did not state their region of workplace when su

- not be assigned to a region.

							Region									
All employees														Northern		United Kingdom
	North		orkshire and	East	West	East of		South	South			Scotland 89	Great	Ireland	United	
2008	East 848	2,508	The Humber 1,893	Midlands 1.629	Midlands 1,977	England 2,104	London 3,522	3,410	West 2.054	England 19,947	Wales 1,017	1,941	Britain 10 22,905	547	Kingdom 13 23,653	adjusted) 13 23,661
2008	776	2,506	1,811	1,634	1,885	2,104	3,322	3,410	1,935	19,947	958	1,941	22,905	511	22,680	22,687
2010	831	2,444	1,798	1,578	1,964	2,034	3,429	3,271	1,935	19,173	967	1,825	22,218	538	23,001	23,008
2010	818	2,500	1,835	1,641	1,904	2,078	3,488	3,290	1,970	19,610	979	1,901	22,490	563	23,230	23,238
2012	849	2,581	1,839	1,691	1,987	2,103	3,400	3,361	2,060	20,198	986	1,891	23,076	551	23,230	23,230
2013	843	2,559	1,898	1,650	1,992	2,182	3,854	3,398	2,037	20,414	994	1,951	23,359	568	24,283	24,298
2014	871	2,625	2,001	1,727	2,094	2,271	4,063	3,517	2,172	21,342	1,021	2,050	24,412	576	25,266	25,288
2015	886	2,713	2,042	1,814	2,114	2,297	4,172	3,536	2,278	21,852	1,070	2,051	24,974	589	25,826	25,847
2008 Mar	838	2,488	1,887	1,646	2,000	2,102	3,542	3,339	2,043	19,885	1,004	1,961	22,850	552	23,596	23,68
Jun	848	2,508	1,893	1,629	1,977	2,104	3,522	3,410	2,054	19,947	1,017	1,941	22,905	547	23,653	23,66
Sep	847	2,484	1,886	1,662	1,956	2,119	3,485	3,395	2,047	19,881	1,010	1,957	22,849	548	23,575	23,46
Dec	823	2,477	1,835	1,642	1,930	2,103	3,510	3,321	2,008	19,649	967	1,891	22,506	523	23,215	23,20
2009 Mar	800	2,457	1,801	1,635	1,904	2,076	3,424	3,275	1,954	19,325	954	1,866	22,145	509	22,846	22,94
Jun	776	2,444	1,811	1,634	1,885	2,034	3,381	3,271	1,935	19,173	958	1,846	21,977	511	22,680	22,68
Sep	792	2,474	1,812	1,669	1,930	2,049	3,419	3,242	1,937	19,325	919	1,876	22,120	524	22,822	22,71
Dec	806	2,440	1,817	1,609	1,935	2,053	3,380	3,231	1,943	19,214	920	1,832	21,966	527	22,697	22,69
2010 Mar	816	2,440	1,796	1,571	1,907	2,037	3,405	3,230	1,932	19,132	938	1,779	21,849	533	22,612	22,70
Jun	831	2,492	1,798	1,578	1,964	2,078	3,429	3,260	1,995	19,427	967	1,825	22,218	538	23,001	23,00
Sep	822	2,487	1,774	1,608	1,946	2,110	3,519	3,264	2,022	19,553	971	1,864	22,388	535	23,149	23,03
Dec	809	2,484	1,807	1,603	1,907	2,154	3,516	3,282	1,997	19,559	967	1,870	22,396	532	23,164	23,16
2011 Mar	794	2,454	1,782	1,609	1,918	2,181	3,539	3,262	1,976	19,515	975	1,866	22,356	549	23,133	23,23
Jun	818	2,500	1,835	1,641	1,904	2,163	3,488	3,290	1,970	19,610	979	1,901	22,490	563	23,230	23,23
Sep	812	2,531	1,808	1,634	1,938	2,137	3,530	3,292	2,004	19,686	985	1,906	22,577	570	23,333	23,22
Dec	829	2,492	1,809	1,629	1,957	2,139	3,544	3,285	1,987	19,672	983	1,884	22,539	570	23,309	23,315
2012 Mar	839	2,490	1,793	1,651	1,945	2,134	3,598	3,287	1,970	19,708	959	1,874	22,542	554	23,398	23,493
Jun	849	2,581	1,839	1,691	1,987	2,133	3,697	3,361	2,060	20,198	986	1,891	23,076	551	23,971	23,97
Sep	866	2,561	1,890	1,709	2,010	2,128	3,755	3,330	2,062	20,311	969	1,904	23,185	560	24,108	23,99
Dec	854	2,568	1,874	1,692	2,070	2,160	3,833	3,305	2,048	20,405	963	1,901	23,268	548	24,150	24,159
2013 Mar	851	2,563	1,874	1,673	2,009	2,115	3,834	3,317	2,032	20,266	972	1,937	23,175	556	24,081	24,16
Jun	843	2,559	1,898	1,650	1,992	2,182	3,854	3,398	2,037	20,414	994	1,951	23,359	568	24,283	24,29
Sep	852	2,564	1,932	1,710	2,039	2,250	3,894	3,387	2,071	20,699	1,028	1,972	23,699	564	24,611	24,500
Dec	861	2,567	1,949	1,680	2,066	2,245	3,956	3,454	2,125	20,902	1,042	1,986	23,930	568	24,786	24,78
2014 Mar	884	2,614	1,989	1,709	2,075	2,269	4,043	3,476	2,184	21,242	1,024	2,008	24,273	581	25,121	25,19
Jun	871	2,625	2,001	1,727	2,094	2,271	4,063	3,517	2,172	21,342	1,021	2,050	24,412	576	25,266	25,28
Sep	904	2,681	2,030	1,779	2,119	2,277	4,124	3,501	2,210	21,626	1,014	2,046	24,686	589	25,541	25,43
Dec	908	2,710	2,032	1,763	2,148	2,279	4,162	3,522	2,197	21,722	1,028	2,047	24,796	578	25,607	25,60
2015 Mar	913	2,716	2,015	1,773	2,131	2,277	4,154	3,535	2,234	21,748	1,036	2,070	24,855	586	25,683	25,75
Jun	886	2,713	2,042	1,814	2,114	2,297	4,172	3,536	2,278	21,852	1,070	2,051	24,974	589	25,826	25,84
Sep	903	2,765	2,052	1,817	2,162	2,339	4,244	3,620	2,293	22,193	1,067	2,068	25,328	598	26,185	26,07
Dec	935	2,770	2,045	1,832	2,153	2,331	4,245	3,631	2,224	22,168	1,107	2,069	25,344	600	26,193	26,19
2016 Mar	918	2,738	2,030	1,844	2,159	2,313	4,317	3,619	2,239	22,177	1,106	2,017	25,300	615	26,168	26,24
Change on year to:																
2016 Mar	5	22	15	72	28	37	163	84	5	429	70	-53	446	30	485	48
% change	0.5	0.8	0.7	4.0	1.3	1.6	3.9	2.4	0.2	2.0	6.8	-2.6	1.8	5.1	1.9	1.9
% of total employment 7																
2015 Mar	79.7	81.9	81.2	84.0	82.5	84.6	85.1	84.7	83.5	83.5	77.7	79.1	82.8	73.4	82.7	82.
2015 Dec	79.9	82.2	81.6	84.5	82.8	84.8	85.4	85.1	83.4	83.8	79.2	79.1	83.2	74.3	83.0	83.0
	79.7	82.0	81.4	84.6	82.8	84.7	85.7	85.0	83.6	83.8	79.2	78.7	83.1		83.0	83.1
2016 Mar	19.7	82.0	81.4	84.6	82.8	84./	65.7	85.0	63.6	83.8	79.2	/8./	83.1	74.8 Source		ional Statistics

Source: Office for National Statistics

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

Estimates are based on where people are employed.

Outstrey changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

ONS has revised Labour Force Survey estimates as a result of taking on board population estimates and a review of the seasonal adjustment process.

Estimated as the difference between Labour Force Survey (LFS) - All in employment aged 16 and over by region of workplace and data from public sector organisations. LFS data refer March to February-April, June to May-July,
September to August-October and December to November-January.

In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sector. These major reclassifications are as follows:
Further Education corporations and Skth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Bark of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Network Rali is included in the public sector from December 2008 to Unit in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the public sector from December 2002 or wants it is included in the public sector from September 2002 or wants it is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Falford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 to untertain the public sector from September 2008 to untertain the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier i

- March 2012, and to the private sector threafter.

 Welsh further education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

 Figures use Labour Force Survey (LFS) All in employment aged 16 and over by region of workplace as a denominator. Data refer March to February-April, June to May-July, September to August-October and December to November-January.

 Estimates of public sector employment for Scotland have been revised in line with the March (O1) 2016 Public Sector in Scotland publication. Further details can be found at http://www.gov.scotl/Topics/Statistics/Browsel-Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

 There are small differences between historical Scotlash estimates shown in these tables and those included in the March (O1) 2016 Scotlash Osernment PSE publication. There will be complete correspondence between these estimates for Oxfor and Scotlash Government in the September (O3) 2016 release. For 'further details see http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browsel-Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

 The estimates of public sector employment used to detrive privates sector employment estimates for Northern Ireland will differ to those null-likely by the Northern Ireland Statistics and December Association.

- 10 11
- Estimates of public sector employment used to derive private sector employment estimates for Northern Ireland will differ to those published by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency which exclude HM Forces personnel.
- The use of workplace based LFS estimates of total employment may underestimate derived private sector employment for Northern Ireland. UK estimates include overseas employees and those who did not state their region of workplace when surveyed as part of the Labour Force Survey.

							Regio	n								
All employees			Yorkshire													United Kingdom
	North	North	and The	East	West	East of		South	South			Scotland	Great	Northern	United	
	East	West	Humber	Midlands	Midlands	England	London	East	West	England	Wales	9 10	Britain 11	Ireland 12 13	Kinadom ¹⁴	adjusted) 14
2008	873	2,562	1,934	1,659	2,020	2,132	3,579	3,483	2,096	20,338	1,037	1,959	23,334	551	24,090	24,096
2009	805	2,521	1,879	1,672	1,947	2,067	3,478	3,376	1,994	19,739	987	1,906	22,632	520	23,348	23,352
2010	857	2,569	1,864	1,614	2,024	2,127	3,525	3,341	2,055	19,976	995	1,883	22,854	546	23,649	23,651
2011	842	2,571	1,904	1,676	1,961	2,212	3,582	3,366	2,027	20,141	1,007	1,954	23,102	571	23,855	23,857
2012	861	2,620	1,880	1,710	2,018	2,161	3,764	3,404	2,095	20,513	1,013	1,940	23,466	559	24,373	24,377
2013	854	2,596	1,935	1,668	2,021	2,209	3,918	3,440	2,068	20,708	1,020	2,002	23,731	576	24,667	24,677
2014	873	2,639	2,008	1,732	2,102	2,277	4,088	3,529	2,177	21,425	1,035	2,064	24,524	579	25,381	25,397
2015	889	2,727	2,049	1,818	2,122	2,303	4,196	3,549	2,283	21,935	1,073	2,065	25,073	591	25,927	25,945
2008 Mar	863	2,541	1,928	1,676	2,042	2,129	3,598	3,412	2,085	20,274	1,023	1,978	23,275	557	24,030	24,120
Jun	873	2,562	1,934	1,659	2,020	2,132	3,579	3,483	2,096	20,338	1,037	1,959	23,334	551	24,090	24,096
Sep	871	2,537	1,928	1,691	1,998	2,146	3,542	3,467	2,088	20,269	1,029	1,975	23,273	552	24,007	23,905
Dec	852	2,557	1,906	1,681	1,994	2,137	3,611	3,429	2,069	20,235	997	1,954	23,186	532	23,909	23,890
2009 Mar	829	2.534	1,870	1,673	1,966	2.109	3.521	3.380	2.013	19.895	984	1,927	22,806	518	23.520	23,615
Jun	805	2,521	1,879	1,672	1,947	2,067	3,478	3,376	1,994	19,739	987	1,906	22,632	520	23,348	23,352
Sep	820	2,550	1,879	1,706	1,991	2.082	3,517	3,343	1,995	19,883	948	1,936	22,767	532	23,482	23,384
Dec	835	2,516	1,885	1,647	1,996	2,086	3,478	3,333	2,003	19,780	949	1,892	22,621	535	23,366	23,348
2010 Mar	842	2,515	1,862	1,607	1,966	2,086	3,500	3,311	1,991	19,680	966	1,837	22,483	542	23,258	23,358
Jun	857	2,569	1,864	1,614	2,024	2,127	3,525	3,341	2,055	19,976	995	1,883	22,854	546	23,649	23,651
Sep	847	2,561	1,841	1,644	2,006	2,160	3,614	3,344	2,081	20,098	999	1,922	23,018	543	23,792	23,691
Dec	834	2,558	1,870	1,640	1,966	2,206	3,615	3,362	2,057	20,107	996	1,931	23,034	540	23,817	23,807
2011 Mar	818	2,527	1,852	1,645	1,976	2,231	3,633	3,339	2,034	20,055	1,003	1,920	22,978	558	23,768	23,869
Jun	842	2,571	1,904	1,676	1,961	2,212	3,582	3,366	2,027	20,141	1,007	1,954	23,102	571	23,855	23,857
Sep	835	2,601	1,876	1,669	1,993	2,185	3,622	3,367	2,060	20,207	1,012	1,958	23,177	579	23,945	23,843
Dec	852	2,564	1,877	1,666	2,013	2,189	3,638	3,362	2,044	20,204	1,011	1,937	23,152	578	23,934	23,931
2012 Mar	860	2,560	1,858	1,686	1,999	2,181	3,690	3,361	2,027	20,223	988	1,925	23,135	562	24,003	24,101
Jun	861	2,620	1,880	1,710	2,018	2,161	3,764	3,404	2,095	20,513	1,013	1,940	23,466	559	24,373	24,377
Sep	877	2,599	1,930	1,727	2,041	2,155	3,819	3,372	2,096	20,616	996	1,952	23,564	568	24,499	24,396
Dec	866	2,608	1,916	1,711	2,102	2,189	3,899	3,351	2,084	20,728	991	1,950	23,668	556	24,562	24,560
2013 Mar	862	2,600	1,914	1,691	2,038	2,141	3,896	3,359	2,066	20,568	999	1,985	23,552	563	24,469	24,556
Jun	854	2,596	1,935	1,668	2,021	2,209	3,918	3,440	2,068	20,708	1,020	2,002	23,731	576	24,667	24,677
Sep	863	2,598	1,965	1,727	2,066	2,275	3,955	3,428	2,102	20,979	1,054	2,022	24,056	571	24,980	24,878
Dec	866	2,588	1,968	1,686	2,082	2,256	3,998	3,474	2,138	21,056	1,062	2,023	24,141	572	25,000	24,996
2014 Mar	887	2,627	1,996	1,714	2,083	2,275	4,068	3,488	2,189	21,326	1,038	2,022	24,386	583	25,236	25,318
Jun	873	2,639	2,008	1,732	2,102	2,277	4,088	3,529	2,177	21,425	1,035	2,064	24,524	579	25,381	25,397
Sep	907	2,694	2,037	1,783	2,127	2,283	4,148	3,512	2,215	21,708	1,028	2,059	24,796	591	25,653	25,546
Dec	911	2,723	2,039	1,767	2,156	2,285	4,186	3,534	2,202	21,803	1,042	2,060	24,905	580	25,718	25,716
2015 Mar	916	2,729	2,022	1,777	2,139	2,283	4,177	3,547	2,240	21,830	1,038	2,084	24,952	588	25,782	25,862
Jun	889	2,727	2,049	1,818	2,122	2,303	4,196	3,549	2,283	21,935	1,073	2,065	25,073	591	25,927	25,945
Sep	905	2,778	2,059	1,821	2,170	2,346	4,268	3,632	2,298	22,277	1,069	2,081	25,427	600	26,287	26,181
Dec	938	2,784	2,053	1,837	2,161	2,338	4,269	3,643	2,229	22,251	1,109	2,083	25,443	602	26,295	26,292
2016 Mar	920	2,751	2,038	1,848	2,167	2,320	4,341	3,631	2,244	22,261	1,108	2,031	25,400	618	26,270	26,347
Change on year to:																
2016 Mar	5	22	15	72	28	37	163	84	5	431	70	-53	448	30	488	485
% change	0.5	0.8	0.7	4.0	1.3	1.6	3.9	2.4	0.2	2.0	6.8	-2.5	1.8	5.1	1.9	1.9
% of total employment 8																
2015 Mar	79.9	82.3	81.4	84.2	82.9	84.8	85.6	85.0	83.7	83.8	77.8	79.6	83.2	73.6	83.0	83.0
2015 Dec	80.2	82.6	81.9	84.7	83.1	85.1	85.9	85.4	83.6	84.1	79.4	79.7	83.5	74.6	83.3	83.2
2016 Mar	79.9	82.4	81.7	84.8	83.1	84.9	86.1	85.3	83.8	84.1	79.3	79.2	83.4	75.1	83.3	83.3
EUTO IVIAI	***															

For analysis purposes, employment of bodies subject to major reclassifications over the series have been included in the estimates in this table to provide a trend on a consistent basis.

In recent years the public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail pic is included in the private sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Royal Bank of Sociating his included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2008 to the private sector for earlier and subsequent periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2008. From December 2009 conwards it is included not in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Nothern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2009 to mail December 2009 to into the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector from 1993 to 31 March 2012. They are therefore included in public sector estimates from 1993 to March 2012, and to the private sector thereafter.

Welsh further education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the private sector from earlier time periods.

Annual figures relate to June quarter.

- Annual figures relate to June quarter.

- Annual figures relate to June quarter.

 Estimates are based on where people are employed.

 Quarterly changes in employment may be due to seasonal effects.

 ONS has revised Labour Force Survey estimates as a result of taking on board population estimates and a review of the seasonal adjustment process.

 Estimated as the difference between Labour Force Survey total employment (all in employment aged 16 and over) and data from public sector organisations. LFS data refer March to February-April, June to May-July,

 September to August-October and December to November-January.

 Figures use Labour Force Survey (LFS) All in employment aged 16 and over by region of workplace as a denominator. Data refer March to February-April, June to May-July, September to August-October and December to November-January.

 Estimates of private sector employment for Scotland are supplied by Scotlish Government and match those produced by Scotlish Government for March (CI) 2016.

 There are small differences between historical Scotlish estimates shown in these tables and those included in the March (CI) 2016 Scotlish Government PSE publication. There will be complete

 correspondence between these estimates for ONS and Scotlish Government in the September (CQ) 2016 release. For further details see http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSector/Employment

 The estimate for Great Britain is the sum total of England, Wales and Scotland.

 Estimates of public sector employment used to derive private sector employment estimates for Northern Ireland will differ to those published by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency which exclude HM Forces personned.

 UK estimates include overseas employees and those who did not state their region of workplace when surveyed as part of the Labour Force Survey. 10
- 11 12

						н	eadcount, Great	Britain, not seaso	onally adjusted
				March 2016				December 2015	Change on Quarter
		Male			Female				Quarto
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total
Permanent Employees									
Attorney General's departments	2,770	190	2,960	3,270	1,810	5,080	8,040	8,090	-50
Business, Innovation and Skills	6,960	620	7,570	5,260	2,820	8,080	15,650	15,620	30
Cabinet Office	1,030	30	1,060	860	130	980	2,040	1,990	50
Other Cabinet Office agencies	370	30	400	340	60	400	800	850	-60
Central Government Security	3,590	180	3,760	1,320	700	2,020	5,780	5,780	0
Charity Commission	130	10	140	100	50	150	290	300	-20
Communities and Local Government	1.140	140	1,270	900	340	1,230	2,500	2,490	10
Culture, Media and Sport	570	30	610	500	110	610	1,210	1.190	20
Defence	32.310	1.310	33.620	15.610	3,870	19.470	53,100	53.010	90
Education	1,410	40	1.450	1.540	470	2.010	3,460	3,400	60
Energy and Climate Change	800	30	830	640	140	780	1,600	1,600	
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	2.960	200	3.160	2.500	1,180	3.680	6.840	7,100	-260
ESTYN	40	10	50	50	10	70	120	120	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department	150		160	70	20	90	240	250	
Food Standards Agency	690	40	720	280	60	340	1.070	1.080	-20
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	3.230	60	3.290	1.970	230	2.200	5.490	5.480	10
Health	2.830	180	3.010	3.970	1.150	5.120	8.120	8.090	30
HM Revenue and Customs	26,400	4.250	30.640	21.510	18.070	39.570	70.210	69.770	450
HM Treasury	650	20	670	520	80	600	1,270	1.280	-10
Chancellor's other departments	330	10	340	210	50	260	600	590	20
Home Office	12.080	1.040	13.120	9.420	4.740	14.160	27,280	27,170	110
International Development	830	30	870	920	170	1.090	1.960	1.930	20
Justice	29.040	2,600	31.640	26.430	9,990	36.420	68.050	68.010	40
National Crime Agency	2,530	40	2.570	1.320	320	1.640	4.210	4.120	90
Northern Ireland Office	2,330		50	50	10	60	100	100	0
Office for Standards in Education	530	40	570	740	140	880	1.440	1.450	
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	420	10	430	330	40	380	810	810	
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	70	0	70	90	10	100	170	170	0
Scotland Office	40		50	50 50	10	60	110	100	10
	6,970	720	7.690	3,880	2,340	6,220	13,910	13,860	50
Transport	1.070	570	1,640	1.060		2.080	3.720	3.710	10
UK Statistics Authority	1,070	0	1,640	1,060	1,020	2,080	3,720	3,710	0
UK Supreme Court									U
Wales Office	20	0	20	20		20	40	40	560
Work and Pensions	23,470	4,440	27,900	27,140	31,850	58,990	86,890	86,330	560
Central Government Departments Total	165,480	16,840	182,310	132,860	81,990	214,850	397,160	395,910	1,250
Scottish Government	7,880	590	8,470	5,850	2,060	7,900	16,370	16,320	60
Welsh Government	2,120	140	2,260	2,310	860	3,170	5,430	5,440	
TOTAL	175,470	17,570	193,040	141,020	84,910	225,930	418,970	417,660	1,310

				March 2016				December 2015	Change on Quarter	
		Male		maron 2010	Female				<u> </u>	
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total	
Temporary/Casual Employees										
Attorney General's departments	60		60	80		80	140	120	20	
Business, Innovation and Skills	110	10	120	80	10	90	200	220	-20	
Cabinet Office	30	0	30	40		40	70	70		
Other Cabinet Office agencies	20	0	20	20		20	40	60	-20	
Central Government Security	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Charity Commission	10		10	10		10	20	10	10	
Communities and Local Government		0		10		10	10	20		
Culture, Media and Sport	20		20	20	10	30	50	50		
Defence	100	10	100	50	20	70	170	160	10	
Education	30		30	60		60	90	90	-10	
Energy and Climate Change	10	0	10	10	0	10	20	20		
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	40	10	40	30	10	40	80	100	-20	
ESTYN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Export Credits Guarantee Department					0		10			
Food Standards Agency	10	0	10	20		20	30	30		
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	10	10	10	10		10	20	40	-20	
Health	180	30	200	280	70	340	550	560	-20	
HM Revenue and Customs	140	20	160	100	50	150	310	280	30	
HM Treasury	40	10	50	30	10	30	80	80		
Chancellor's other departments		0		10		10	10	10	0	
Home Office	430	150	580	540	230	770	1,340	1.240	110	
International Development	40	0	40	70		70	120	130	-20	
Justice	160	10	170	200	30	230	400	380	10	
National Crime Agency	100	0	10	10	0	10	20	20		
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Office for Standards in Education		0		10		10	10	20	-10	
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	20		20	20		20	40	40		
	10	0	10	10	0	10	10	10		
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation Scotland Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	130	20	140	110	30	140	290	250	40	
Transport			30				50			
UK Statistics Authority	30 10	0	10	20	0	20	10	50 10	0	
UK Supreme Court	10						10	10	U	
Wales Office		0		0	0	0				
Work and Pensions	360	20	370	340	90	430	800	870	-70	
Central Government Departments Total	2,010	280	2,280	2,150	550	2,710	4,990	4,950	50	
Scottish Government	230	20	250	230	40	270	520	500	20	
Welsh Government		0		10		10	10	20	-10	
TOTAL	2,240	300	2,540	2,390	590	2,980	5,520	5,470	50	

				March 2016				December 2015	Change on Quarter
		Male			Female				
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Total	Total	Total
All Employees	177,720	17,870	195,580	143,410	85,500	228,910	424,490	423,130	1,360

Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..". Data not available are represented by ".-".

Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

8 ...continued, Civil Service employment by department

Central Government Departments Total

Scottish Government

Welsh Government

All Employees

TOTAL

 Full-time equivalents, Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

 December
 Change on

 March 2016
 2015

 Quarter
 2015 Total Male Total Permanent Employees Attorney General's departments Business, Innovation and Skills Cabinet Office 2.910 4.550 7,460 14,680 7.510 -60 40 50 7,390 1,050 7,290 950 2,000 1,950 Other Cabinet Office agencies Central Government Security Charity Commission 380 3,710 140 1,230 -50 0 -10 380 770 820 1,820 1,30 1,140 570 18,320 5,530 5,530 270 280 10 20 40 Communities and Local Government 2.360 2.350 Culture, Media and Sport Defence 590 33,190 1,160 51,520 1,140 51,470 1,880 740 3,320 60 Education 1,440 3,320 3,260 Energy and Climate Change Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 820 3,100 1,560 6,420 1,560 6,660 40 150 710 3,260 ESTYN 60 80 110 110 240 0 EXPORT Credits Guarantee Department Food Standards Agency Foreign and Commonwealth Office 320 2,120 1,040 5,380 1,050 5,370 -20 10 Health 2,940 4.750 7.690 7.680 10 HM Revenue and Customs HM Treasury Chancellor's other departments 29,250 660 33,910 580 63,160 1,240 62,640 1,250 520 -10 20 10 20 330 250 570 12,810 860 30,580 Home Office International Development 12,720 1,040 25,530 1,890 25,520 1,880 33.000 63.590 63.590 Justice National Crime Agency Northern Ireland Office Office for Standards in Education 2,560 50 50 1,550 60 4,110 100 4,020 100 90 0 830 1.390 1.390 Office of Gas and Electricity Markets
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation
Scotland Office 430 70 50 370 100 60 790 170 90 800 170 10 10 100 Transport 7.450 5,410 12.860 12.820 40 10 UK Statistics Authority UK Supreme Court 1,720 20 3,130 40 1,420 3,140 20 Wales Office 20 20 40 40 Work and Pensions 26,730 49,740 76,470 75,910 560

176.910

8,240

2,220

187,360

189.780

7,280

2,930

199,990

366.690

5,140

387,350

365.570

5,150

386,190

1.130

-10

1,160

		larch 2016		December 2015	Change on Quarter
	Male	Female	Total	Total	Total
Temporary/Casual Employees					
Attorney General's departments	60	80	140	120	20
Business, Innovation and Skills	120	80	200	220	-20
Cabinet Office	30	40	70	70	
Other Cabinet Office agencies	20	20	40	60	-20
Central Government Security	0	0	0	0	0
Charity Commission	10	10	20	10	10
Communities and Local Government		10	10	10	
Culture, Media and Sport	20	30	50	50	
Defence	100	60	160	150	10
Education	30	60	90	90	-10
Energy and Climate Change	10	10	20	20	
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	40	40	80	90	-20
ESTYN	0	0	0	0	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department			10		
Food Standards Agency	10	20	30	30	
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	10	10	20	40	-20
Health	190	300	480	480	10
HM Revenue and Customs	150	140	290	260	30
HM Treasury	50	30	70	80	
Chancellor's other departments		10	10	10	0
Home Office	510	670	1,190	1,160	20
International Development	40	70	120	130	-20
Justice	170	220	390	370	20
National Crime Agency	10	10	20	20	
Northern Ireland Office	0	0	0	0	0
Office for Standards in Education		10	10	20	-10
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	20	20	40	40	
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	10	10	10	10	
Scotland Office	0	0	0	0	0
Transport	130	130	260	230	40
UK Statistics Authority	30	20	50	50	
UK Supreme Court	10		10	10	0
Wales Office		0			
Work and Pensions	370	400	770	840	-70
Central Government Departments Total	2,170	2,480	4,650	4,670	-20
Scottish Government	240	250	490	470	20
Welsh Government		10	10	20	-10
TOTAL	2,410	2,740	5,150	5,160	-10

Source: Office for National Statistics

Change on Quarter

1,140

December

391,360

Total

392,500

2015

March 2016

202,730

Male

189,780

Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..". Data not available are represented by "-".

² Department totals include Executive Agencies, Ministerial and Non-Ministerial Departments.

9 Civil Service employment by department and agency ¹

	March	Full Time	Decemb	er 2015 Full Time	Change or	Quarter Full Time
	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent
Attorney General's departments						
Attorney General's Office Crown Prosecution Service	40 5,920	40 5,460	40 5,920	40 5,480	 -10	-20
HM Crown Prosecution Service Inspectorate	3,920	3,460	30	30	-10	-20
Serious Fraud Office	400	390	410	400	-10	-10
Government Legal Department	1,790	1,680	1,810	1,690	-10	-10
Business, Innovation and Skills Business, Innovation and Skills (excluding agencies)	3,130	3,030	3,060	2,970	60	60
Advisory Conciliation and Arbitration Service	840	770	860	790	-20	-20
Companies House	900	830	880	800	20	20
Competition and Markets Authority Insolvency Service	620 1,480	590 1,400	620 1,500	590 1,410	 -20	-20
Land Registry	4,490	4,040	4,500	4,050	-10	-20
Met Office	2,160	2,080	2,150	2,070	10	10
National Measurement and Regulation Office Skills Funding Agency	90 910	90 890	90 930	80 910	10 -20	10 -20
UK Intellectual Property Office	1,170	1,100	1,180	1,120	-20	-20
UK Space Agency	80	80	80	80	0	(
Cabinet Office Cabinet Office (excluding agencies)	2,110	2,060	2,060	2,020	50	50
Other Cabinet Office agencies						
Crown Commercial Service	750	720	820	780	-70	-70
Government in Parliament	100	90	100	100	-10	-10
Central Government Security	5 700	5 500	5 700	5.500		
Central Government Security	5,780	5,530	5,780	5,530	0	0
Charity Commission Charity Commission	300	290	310	290		
•	000	200	0.0	200		
Communities and Local Government Department for Communities and Local Government (excluding agencies)	1,700	1,650	1,680	1,630	20	20
Planning Inspectorate	770	680	780	690	-10	-10
Queen Elizabeth II Centre	50	50	50	50		
Culture, Media and Sport						
Department for Culture Media and Sport (excluding agencies) National Archives	530 620	520 580	500 630	490 590	20 -10	20 -10
Royal Parks	120	110	110	110	10	10
Defence						
Ministry of Defence (excluding trading funds) Defence Equipment and Support	38,680 9,950	37,540 9,710	38,760 9,760	37,610 9,540	-80 190	-70 170
Defence Science and Technology Laboratory	3,710	3,540	3,730	3,580	-10	-50
UK Hydrographic Office	920	890	920	890	10	10
Department for Education						
Department for Education (excluding agencies)	2,250 890	2,160 860	2,230 860	2,140 830	20 30	20 30
Education Funding Agency National College for Teaching and Leadership	290	270	290	280		٠.
Standards and Testing Agency	120	120	120	110	10	10
Energy and Climate Change						
Department of Energy and Climate Change Oil and Gas Authority	1,490 130	1,450 130	1,510 110	1,470 110	-20 20	-20 20
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs						
Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs (excluding agencies)	1,700	1,630	1,910	1,830	-210	-200
Animal and Plant Health Agency	2,310	2,150	2,320	2,160	-10	-10
Centre for Environment Fisheries and Aquaculture Science OFWAT	540 170	510 160	540 160	510 160		
Rural Payments Agency	2,060	1,890	2,120	1,950	-60	-50
Veterinary Medicines Directorate	150	140	150	150		**
ESTYN ESTYN	400	440	400	440		
	120	110	120	110	0	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department Export Credits Guarantee Department	250	240	250	250		
Food Standards Agency						
Food Standards Agency	1,090	1,060	1,110	1,080	-20	-20
Foreign and Commonwealth Office						
Foreign and Commonwealth Office (excluding agencies) FCO Services	4,510 920	4,430 900	4,510 930	4,430 910	 -10	-10
Wilton Park Executive Agency	80	70	80	70	-10	-10
Health						
Department of Health (excluding agencies)	2,000	1,920	2,020	1,930	-20	-20
Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency Public Health England	1,260 5,410	1,210 5,050	1,240 5,390	1,190 5,030	10 20	10 20
HM Revenue and Customs HM Revenue and Customs (excluding agencies)	66,650	59,860	66,190	59,330	460	520
Valuation Office Agency	3,870	3,590	3,850	3,560	20	30
HM Treasury						
HM Treasury (excluding agencies) Office for Budget Responsibility	1,330 20	1,300 20	1,350 20	1,310 20	-10	-10
	20	20	20	20		
Chancellor's other departments Debt Management Office	110	110	110	110		
Government Actuary's Department	160	150	150	140	10	10
Government Internal Audit Agency National Savings and Investments	180 170	180 170	180 170	170 160	0	
	170	170	170	100	U	
Home Office	00.000	06.700	00 440	00.000	040	40
Home Office	28,620	26,720	28,410	26,680	210	40

9 Civil Service employment by department and agency ¹

	March		Decembe		Change or	
	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalent	Headcount	Full Time Equivalen
nternational Development						
Department for International Development	2,070	2,010	2,070	2,010		
lat						
lustice Ministry of Justice (excluding agencies)	2,900	2,820	2,940	2,860	-40	-40
Criminal Injuries Compensation Authority	270	250	280	260	-10	-10
HM Courts and Tribunals Service	16,700	14,840	16,910	15,050	-210	-20
Legal Aid Agency	1,600	1,520	1,570	1,480	30	34 24
National Offender Management Service The Office of the Public Guardian	45,910 1,080	43,530 1,010	45,620 1,090	43,290 1,020	290 -10	-1
National Crime Agency						
National Crime Agency	4,230	4,130	4,140	4,040	90	9
Northern Ireland Office	100	400	400	400		
Northern Ireland Office	100	100	100	100	0	
Office for Standards in Education Office for Standards in Education	1,460	1,400	1,470	1,410	-10	-1
	1,400	1,400	1,470	1,410	10	
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets Office of Gas and Electricity Markets	850	830	840	830		1
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation						
Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation	180	180	180	180		
Scotland Office						
Scotland Office (incl. Office of the Advocate General for Scotland)	110	100	100	90	10	1
ransport Department for Transport (excluding agencies)	2,070	2,000	2,020	1,960	40	4
Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency	6,150	5,470	6,140	5,460	10	-
Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency	4,500	4,250	4,470	4,220	30	:
Maritime and Coastguard Agency	1,010	960	1,030	970	-20	-2
Office of Rail and Road	310	300	300	290	10	1
Vehicle Certification Agency	160	150	160	150		
JK Statistics Authority UK Statistics Authority	3,770	3,190	3,760	3,180	20	1
JK Supreme Court						
UK Supreme Court	50	40	50	50	0	
Wales Office Wales Office	50	40	50	40	0	
	30	40	30	40	· ·	
Vork and Pensions Department for Work and Pensions	84,920	74,660	84,430	74,180	490	49
The Health and Safety Executive	2,780	2,580	2,770	2,570		
cottish Government	5,390	5,150	5,350	5,120	40	
Scottish Government (excluding agencies) Accountant in Bankruptcy	5,390	130	150	130	40	-
Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal	1,740	1,600	1,730	1,600		
Disclosure Scotland	330	310	340	320	-10	-
Education Scotland	280	280	280	270		
Food Standards Scotland	160	160	150	150	10	
National Records of Scotland Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator	380 50	350 50	380 50	350 50		
Registers of Scotland	1,060	1,000	1,030	980	30	
Revenue Scotland	50	50	50	40		
Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service	1,680	1,530	1,670	1,520	10	
Scottish Housing Regulator	50	50	50	50		
Scottish Prison Service	4,640	4,460	4,670	4,500	-30	-
Scottish Public Pensions Agency Student Awards Agency for Scotland	300 260	280 250	300 240	270 240	10	
Transport Scotland	400	380	380	370	10	
Velsh Government						
Welsh Government	5,450	5,160	5,460	5,180	-20	-2
Total employment	424,490	392,500	423,130	391,360	1,360	1,14

¹ Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten, and numbers less than five are represented by "..".

10 Employment in Executive NDPBs ^{1 2 3}

_	March 2	016	December	2015	Change on (Quarter
Permanent Employees		Full Time		Full Time		Full Time
	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent
Business, Innovation and Skills	12,320	11,770	12,350	11,820	-30	-60
Communities and Local Government	1,050	1,020	1,070	1,040	-20	-20
Culture, Media and Sport	11,600	10,560	11,590	10,550	20	10
Defence	290	250	300	260		
Education	20	20	20	20		0
Energy and Climate Change	1,990	1,950	1,980	1,940	10	10
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 4	13,870	13,070	13,890	13,110	-20	-30
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	1,450	1,420	1,410	1,370	50	50
Health	11,160	10,660	10,990	10,510	170	150
Home Office	2,120	2,020	2,100	1,990	20	40
Justice	2,120	1,990	2,150	2,030	-40	-40
Transport	970	930	970	930		
Work and Pensions	810	790	820	790	••	0
Central Government Departments Total	59,770	56,450	59,610	56,340	150	110
Scottish Government	10,920	10,020	10,830	9,850	90	170
Welsh Assembly	3,130	2,910	3,130	2,920	••	-10
TOTAL	73,810	69,370	73,570	69,100	240	270

	March 2	016	December	2015	Change on Quarter		
Temporary Employees		Full Time		Full Time		Full Time	
	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	Headcount	Equivalent	
Business, Innovation and Skills	700	680	660	650	30	30	
Communities and Local Government	20	20	20	20			
Culture, Media and Sport	1,470	730	1,490	730	-10		
Defence	80	50	80	50			
Education							
Energy and Climate Change	70	60	60	60	10	10	
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs ⁴	450	420	430	410	10	10	
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Health	1,930	730	1,280	700	650	30	
Home Office	100	100	100	100	-10		
Justice	120	110	120	110			
Transport	260	250	260	260			
Work and Pensions	20	20	20	20			
Central Government Departments Total	5,200	3,170	4,520	3,090	680	70	
Scottish Government	740	640	800	710	-60	-80	
Welsh Assembly	210	100	200	100			
TOTAL	6,150	3,910	5,530	3,910	620		
All NDPB Employees	79,960	73,280	79,100	73,010	860	270	

¹ Includes Executive NDPBs with an employment of greater than 20.

² Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten.

These figures do not include employees of ACAS, Health and Safety Executive, Criminal Injuries Compensation Authority, Office for Budget Responsibility and Civil Service Commission. These are Crown NDPBs the employees of which are included as part of Civil Service headcounts.

⁴ Environment Agency includes all regional divisions.

1R Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Ge	eneral government				
	C govern	entral nment	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
	(G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
1999		-	-	-	-	-	-
2000		-	Ē	÷	Ē	Ē	-
2001 2002		-	= =	-	=	= =	=
2003		=	-	-	-	-	-
2004		-	-	-	-	-	-
2005 2006		-	-	-	-	-	-
2007		-	-	-	-	-	-
2008		-	-	-	-	-	-
2009 2010		-	-	-	-	-	-
2011		-	-	-	-	-	-
2012 2013		-	=	-	=	= =	-
2014		-	_	=	=	=	=
2015		-	-	-	-	-	-
1999	Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001	Mar	=	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun	-	-	-	=	=	-
	Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002		-	-	_	=	_	-
	Jun	-	-	-	=	=	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	=	-	-	-	-	-
2004	Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun Sep	-	=	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	Mar	_	-	-	-	_	-
	Jun	-	=	-	=	-	-
	Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000	Mar						
_000	Jun	-	-	= =	= =	= =	-
	Sep	-	=	Ξ	=	Ē	-
2009	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u> 009	Mar Jun	-	-	= =	=	-	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	Mar Jun	-	=	-	-	=	-
	Sep	=	-	-	-	=	=
	Dec	=	-	-	-	-	=
2011	Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Dec	-	=	=	-	=	-
2012		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun Sep	-	- -	- -	= -	= -	-
	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2013	Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun	-	-	Ξ	=	Ē	-
	Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Jun	-	=	Ē	-	=	-
	Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
2015	Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-
2015	Mar Jun	-	1 -	1 -	-4 -	-3 -	-
	Sep	-	÷	÷	-	=	-
	Dec	-	-1	-1	2	1	-
2016	Mar						

1R Public sector employment by sector classification; Headcount - Revisions 12

		General government			Total public sector G7AU -3 3 -1 1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.03 -3	
	Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations		Of which: Civil Service
	G6NQ	G6NT	G6NW	G7AR	G7AU	G7D6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Mai	-	1	1	-4	-3	-
Jun	-	-1	-1	4	3	-
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	÷ -	-1	-1	2	1	-
2016 Mai	r					
% change on quarter t	0:					
2015 Mai	0.0	0.1	0.0	-2.3	0.0	0.0
Jun		-0.1	0.0	2.2		0.0
Sep		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Dec		0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0
2016 Mai	r					
Change on year to:						
2015 Mai	r -	1	1	-4	-3	_
Jun			_	-		_
Sep	-	-	-	_	-	-
Dec		-1	-1	2	1	-
2016 Mai	r					
% change on year to:						
2015 Mai	r 0.0	0.1	0.0	-2.1	0.0	0.0
Jun		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ser		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dec		-0.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0
2016 Mai	r					

¹ Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.
2 Annual figures relate to June quarter.

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Other public sector Construction HM Forces Education G7F2 G7FG G7FM G7ER G7EU G7EX G7F5 G7FJ 1999 2002 2005 2008 2009 2010 2011 2014 2015 1999 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2000 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2001 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2002 Mar Sep 2003 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2004 Mar Jun Sep 2005 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2006 Mar Sep Dec 2007 Mar Sep Dec 2008 Mar Jun 2009 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2010 Mar Jun Sep Dec Jun 2012 Mar Jun Dec 2013 Mar Sep Dec 2014 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2015 Mar Dec 2016 Mar

2R Public sector employment by industry; Headcount - Revisions ¹

		Public admir	nistration, defence, c social security	ompulsory		Health and	social work	
	Construction	HM Forces	Police (including civilians)	Public administration	Education	National Health Service	Other health and social work	Other publi
	G7ER	G7EU	G7EX	G7F2	G7F5	G7FG	G7FJ	G7FN
nge on quarter to:								
2015 Mar	-	-	=	-	-1	-	-	=
Jun	=	=	=	-	1	=	=	
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1	
2016 Mar								
nange on quarter to:								
2015 Mar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0
Jun	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0
Sep	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Dec	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.4	C
2016 Mar								
nge on year to:								
2015 Mar	-	=	-	-	-1	-	-	
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1	
2016 Mar								
nange on year to:								
2015 Mar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0
Jun	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	C
Sep	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
Dec	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.3	(
2016 Mar								

¹ Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods.

3R Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 12

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

		neral government	T-4 : :	T	T	<u></u>
	Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which Civil Servi
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G70
)	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
!	-	-	-	=	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
i	=	-	-	=	=	
,	-	-	-	-	=	
•	-	-	-	=	-	
3	-	-	-	÷	-	
)	-	-	-	-	-	
,	-	-	-	-	-	
2	-	-	-	=	-	
3	-	-	-	=	-	
i	=	-	-	=	-	
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec Mar	=	=	=	- -	=	
Jun	=	= =	= =	=	=	
Sep	=	Ē	Ē	=	Ē	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar	-	-	-	=	-	
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar	-	-	-	=	-	
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep Dec	-	-	-	=	-	
	-	-	-	=	-	
Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	=	-	
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun Sep	-	-	-	=	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar	_	_	_	-	_	
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	=	-	-	=	
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun	-	-	-	-	=	
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
) Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	=	-	=	=	=	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
) Mar	-	-	-	=	-	
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun	-	-	-	=	-	
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
Mar						
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	-	-	-	=	-	
Dec	-	-	-	=	-	
Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep	=	= =	= =	= =	= =	
Dec	≘	€	-	Ξ	€	
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	
i Mar	-	-	-	-3	-	
	-	-	-	-3 -	-3 -	
Jun						
Jun Sep	=	-	-	-	-	
	-1	- -1	- -2	2	- -	

3R Public sector employment by sector classification; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 12

	Ge	neral government				
	Central government	Local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	Of which: Civil Service
	G7FP	G7FS	G7FV	G7FY	G7G3	G7G6
Change on quarter to:						
2015 Mar	=	=	=	-3	-3	-
Jun	-	-	-	3	3	-
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	-1	-1	-2	2	-	=
2016 Mar						
% change on quarter to:						
2015 Mar	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.8	-0.1	0.0
Jun	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.1	0.0
Sep	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dec	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0
2016 Mar						
Change on year to:						
2015 Mar	_	_	_	-3	-3	_
Jun	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sep	-	-	-		_	-
Dec	-1	-1	-2	2	-	-
2016 Mar						**
% change on year to:						
2015 Mar	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.7	-0.1	0.0
Jun	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sep	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dec	0.0	-0.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0
2016 Mar						

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods. Annual figures relate to June quarter.

4R Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions 1

m (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Construction HM Forces Education G7GF G7GL G9BC G7G9 G7GC G7GI G7GR G7K2 1999 2002 2005 2008 2009 2010 2011 2014 2015 1999 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2000 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2001 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2002 Mar Sep 2003 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2004 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2005 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2006 Mar Sep Dec 2007 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2008 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2009 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2010 Mar Jun Sep Dec Jun 2012 Mar Jun Dec 2013 Mar Sep Dec 2014 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2015 Mar Dec 2016 Mar

4R Public sector employment by industry; Full-time equivalent - Revisions ¹

m (thousands), seasonally adjusted Public administration, defence, compulsory social security Health and social work Police (including civilians) Public administration National Health Service Other health and social work Other public sector Construction HM Forces Education G7GI G9BC G7G9 G7GC G7GF G7GL G7GR G7K2 Change on quarter to: 2015 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2016 Mar -0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2015 Mar 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 -0.9 Jun Sep Dec 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.6 0.0 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0 2016 Mar Change on year to: 2015 Mar Jun Sep Dec 2016 Mar % change on year to: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 -0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.8 0.0 2015 Mar Jun Sep Dec 0.0 2016 Mar

¹ Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods

	Public Se	ector	Private S	ector		Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications		United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications	
	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Total employment (thousands)	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	-	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
2004 2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005 2006 2007 2008	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
2009 2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011 2012	=	=	=	-	=		=	Ē	:
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014 2015	-	- -	26 113	-	26 113		-	26 113	-
1999 Mar Jun	= =	= =	= =	- -	= =	= =	- -	÷	=
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 Mar	=	=	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun Sep	=	=	=	=	-	=		-	-
Dec	=	=	=	-	-	=	-	=	=
2001 Mar Jun	=	=	=	-	-	-	-	-	=
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	=	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	=
2002 Mar Jun	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-
2003 Mar	Ē	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	=
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	-	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	-
2004 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun Sep	-	-	= =	-	-	- -	-	-	-
Dec	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
2005 Mar Jun	-	-	-	-	= =	- -	-	-	-
Sep Dec	÷	=	=	=	=	=	-	=	=
2006 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun	E	=	=	=	-	=	-	=	=
Sep Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008 Mar Jun Sep Dec	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
2009 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Jun Sep	=	=	=	-	=	-	-	-	-
Dec	=	=	=	=	-	=	-	=	-
2010 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jun Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec	-	-	=	=	-	-	-	=	-
2011 Mar Jun Sep	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- - -	- -
Dec 2012 Mar	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Jun	-	-	- 3	-	- 3	-	-	- 3	-
Sep Dec	=	=	-8	-	-8	-	-	-8	-
2013 Mar	-	-	-8	-	-8 -	-	-	-8	=
Jun Sep	=	-	10	-	10	-	-	10	-
Dec	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
2014 Mar Jun	-	-0.1 -	7 26	0.1	7 26	=	-	7 26	
Sep Dec	=	-0.1	42 64	0.1	42 64	=	-	42 64	-
2015 Mar	-3	=	83	-	80	-4	-0.1	84	0.
Jun	-	=	113	-	113	-	-	113	-
Sep Dec	1	-0.1 -	118 119	0.1	118 120	-1	-0.1	118 121	0.1
2016 Mar									

5R Public and private sector employment; Headcount - Revisions $^{\rm 12}$

								United Kingdom, sea	sonally adjusted
	Public Sector		Private Sector			Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications		Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications	
	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Total employment (thousands)	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage	Headcount (thousands)	Percentage
	G7AU	G9BZ	G7K5	G9C2	G7GO	MFY7	MFY9	MFZ2	MFY5
Change on quarter to:									
2015 Mar	-3	-	19	-	16	-4	-0.1	20	0.1
Jun	3	_	30	-	33	4	0.1	29	-0.1
Sep	-	-0.1	5	0.1	5	-	-	5	-
Dec	1	0.1	1	-0.1	2	-1	-0.1	3	0.1
2016 Mar									
% change on quarter to:									
2015 Mar	0.0	=	0.1	=	0.0	-0.1		0.1	
Jun	0.0	-	0.1	-	0.1	0.0		0.1	
Sep	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	0.0		0.0	
Dec	0.0	=	0.0	-	0.0	-0.1		0.0	
2016 Mar								**	
Change on year to:									
2015 Mar	-3	0.1	76.0	-0.1	73.0	-4.0	-0.1	77.0	0.1
Jun	-	-	87.0	-	87.0	-	-	87.0	-
Sep	-	-	76.0	-	76.0	-	-	76.0	-
Dec	1	-	55.0	-	56.0	-1.0	-0.1	57.0	0.1
2016 Mar									
% change on year to:									
2015 Mar	0.0	=	0.3	-	0.2	-0.1		0.3	
Jun	0.0	=	0.3	-	0.3	0.0		0.4	
Sep	0.0	-	0.3	=	0.3	0.0		0.3	
Dec	0.0	-	0.2	-	0.2	0.0		0.2	

2016 Mar

Rounded estimates have been used in this table to calculate the comparisons between periods. Annual figures relate to June quarter.