

Statistical bulletin

Producer price inflation, UK: October 2020

Changes in the prices of goods bought and sold by UK manufacturers including price indices of materials and fuels purchased (input prices) and factory gate prices (output prices).



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Table of contents

- 1. Main points
- 2. Producer price inflation summary
- 3. Producer price inflation output analysis
- 4. Producer price inflation input analysis
- 5. Producer price inflation data
- 6. Glossary
- 7. Measuring the data
- 8. Strengths and limitations
- 9. Related links

1. Main points

- This is the first publication of producer price inflation using an annual chain linked methodology; the headline indices are now published on a gross sector basis, and more details on the impact of these improvements can be found in <u>Impact of methodological improvements on Producer Price Inflation</u>, released 11 November 2020.
- The headline rate of output inflation for goods leaving the factory gate was negative 1.4% on the year to October 2020, up from negative growth of 1.7% in September 2020.
- The price for materials and fuels used in the manufacturing process showed negative growth of 1.3% on the year to October 2020, up from negative growth of 2.2% in September 2020.
- Petroleum products and crude oil were the largest downward contributors to the annual rate of output inflation and input inflation respectively.
- The Office for National Statistics (ONS) has released a <u>public statement</u> on the coronavirus (COVID-19) and production of statistics; <u>Section 7: Measuring the data</u> describes the situation in relation to producer price inflation.

2. Producer price inflation summary

Figure 1 shows input and output Producer Price Indices (PPIs) over the past 10 years. Input producer price inflation is driven mostly by commodity prices, which tend to be more volatile over time, compared with prices for finished goods (output producer price inflation). Input producer price inflation is made up of roughly 78% domestic inputs and 22% imported inputs, which are sensitive to exchange rate movements.

Figure 1: Input producer price inflation has been more volatile over time than output inflation

Input and output producer price inflation, UK, October 2010 to October 2020

Figure 1: Input producer price inflation has been more volatile over time than output inflation

Input and output producer price inflation, UK, October 2010 to October 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer Price Index

Notes:

1. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

3. Producer price inflation – output analysis

The annual rate of inflation for goods leaving the factory gate (output prices) displayed negative growth of 1.4% in October 2020, up from negative 1.7% in September (Table 1). This is the eighth consecutive month that the rate has been negative, following 43 consecutive months of positive annual inflation between August 2016 and February 2020.

On the month, the rate of output inflation was flat in October 2020; this follows two consecutive months of small negative growth.

Table 1: Output prices, index values, growth rates and percentage point change to the 12-month rate, UK, October 2019 to October 2020

All manufactured products (GB7S)

		PPI Index	1-month	12- month	Change in the 12-month rate
		(2015=100)	rate	rate	(percentage points)
	Oct	109.4	-0.3	0.2	-0.6
2019	Nov	109.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
	Dec	109.0	0.0	0.5	0.5
	Jan	109.2	0.2	0.8	0.3
	Feb	109.0	-0.2	0.5	-0.3
	Mar	108.6	-0.4	-0.2	-0.7
	Apr	107.4	-1.1	-1.7	-1.5
2020	May	107.2	-0.1	-2.2	-0.5
2020	June	107.7	0.5	-1.6	0.6
2020	July	108.1	0.3	-1.7	-0.1
	Aug	107.9	-0.1	-1.7	0.0
	Sept	107.9	-0.1	-1.7	0.0
	Oct	107.9	0.0	-1.4	0.3

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

- 1. Series are not seasonally adjusted.
- 2. Rates many not correspond to index value changes because of rounding.
- 3. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

Figure 2 shows contributions by product group to the monthly and annual rate of output inflation, and Table 2 shows monthly and annual growth rates by product group.

Of the 10 product groups, five provided negative contributions to the output annual rate.

Petroleum provided the largest downward contribution of 2.19 percentage points to the annual rate (Figure 2) and had negative annual price growth of 35.7% on the year to October 2020 (Table 2). This is the ninth consecutive month that the annual rate for petroleum has been negative since February 2020. The negative rate in October 2020 was driven by petroleum products for the domestic market.

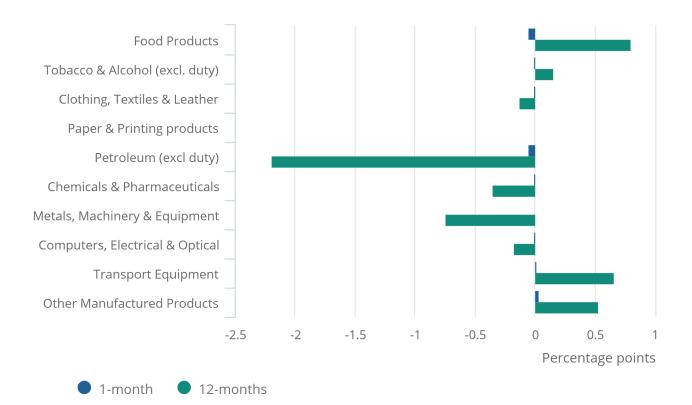
Metals, machinery and equipment provided the second largest downward contribution of 0.74 percentage points, and chemicals and pharmaceuticals provided the third largest downward contribution of 0.35 percentage points to the annual rate.

Figure 2: Five of the 10 product groups provided downward contributions to the annual rate, the largest coming from petroleum

Output prices contribution to one-month and 12-month growth rate, UK, October 2020

Figure 2: Five of the 10 product groups provided downward contributions to the annual rate, the largest coming from petroleum

Output prices contribution to one-month and 12-month growth rate, UK, October 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer Price Index

Notes:

- 1. Contributions to the rate may not add up to the rate exactly because of rounding.
- 2. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

Table	2: Output price	es, growth rates, UK, October 2020
Product group	Percentage of	change
Product group	1-month rate	12-month rate
Food products	-0.2	0.8
Tobacco and alcohol (excl. duty)	0.0	2.8
Clothing, textile and leather	0.0	0.9
Paper and printing	0.1	-0.4
Petroleum products (excl. duty)	-1.2	-35.7
Chemical and pharmaceutical	0.0	-0.5
Metal, machinery and equipment	0.1	0.1
Computer, electrical and optical	0.0	1.2
Transport equipment	0.2	0.0
Other manufactured products	0.2	1.5
All manufacturing	0.0	-1.4

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

1. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

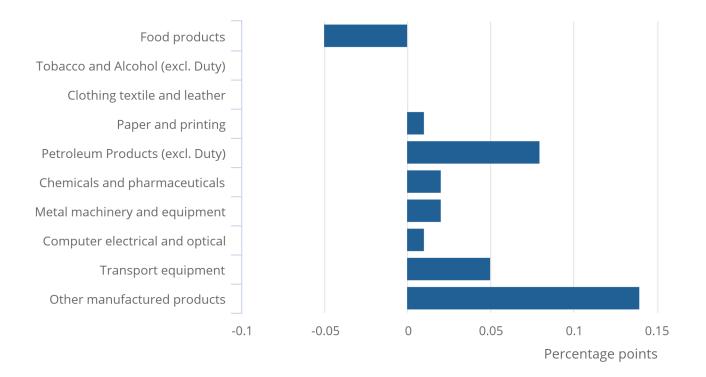
Figure 3 shows contributions to the change in the annual rate for factory gate prices (output prices) in October. Of the 10 product groups, nine displayed upward contributions to the change in the annual rate, with other manufactured products providing the largest upward contribution to the change in the rate at 0.14 percentage points. Within this product group, the contribution was mainly driven by non-metallic mineral products. Only outputs of food displayed a downward contribution to the change in the annual rate at 0.05 percentage points.

Figure 3: Other manufactured products made the largest upward contribution to the change in the annual rate in October 2020

Output producer price inflation, contribution to change in the annual rate, UK, October 2020

Figure 3: Other manufactured products made the largest upward contribution to the change in the annual rate in October 2020

Output producer price inflation, contribution to change in the annual rate, UK, October 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer Price Index

Notes:

- 1. Contributions to the rate may not add up to the rate exactly because of rounding.
- 2. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

4. Producer price inflation – input analysis

The annual rate of inflation for materials and fuels purchased by manufacturers (input prices) rose to negative 1.3% in October 2020, from negative 2.2% in September 2020 (Table 3). This is the ninth consecutive month the annual rate has been negative.

The monthly rate for materials and fuels purchased by manufacturers slowed to 0.2% in October 2020, down from 0.3% in September 2020.

Table 3: Input prices, index values, growth rates and percentage point change to the 12-month rate, UK, October 2019 to October 2020

		All material	All materials and fuels purchased (GHIP)						
		PPI Index	1-month	12-month	Change in the 12-month rate				
		(2015=100)	rate	rate	(percentage points)				
2019	Oct	114.2	-0.6	-1.7	-1.0				
	Nov	113.6	-0.5	-1.2	0.5				
	Dec	113.9	0.2	-0.3	0.9				
2020	Jan	114.0	0.1	0.0	0.3				
	Feb	113.5	-0.4	-0.7	-0.7				
	Mar	112.2	-1.2	-1.8	-1.1				
	Apr	109.9	-2.0	-4.6	-2.8				
	May	110.4	0.5	-4.2	0.4				
	June	111.7	1.2	-2.9	1.3				
	July	112.3	0.5	-2.8	0.1				
	Aug	112.1	-0.2	-3.0	-0.2				
	Sept	112.4	0.3	-2.2	0.8				
	Oct	112.6	0.2	-1.3	0.9				

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

- 1. Series are not seasonally adjusted.
- 2. Rates many not correspond to index value changes because of rounding.
- 3. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

The annual rate of inflation for imported materials and fuels was negative 0.8% in October 2020 (Table 4), which is up by 1.5 percentage points from September 2020 when it was negative 2.3%. The monthly rate was 0.1% in October 2020, down by 0.8 percentage points from 0.9% in September 2020.

The sterling effective exchange rate index (ERI) displayed a positive growth of 0.3% on the month in October 2020. On the year, the ERI showed negative growth of 0.9% in October 2020, which is down by 1.8 percentage points from 0.9% in September 2020.

All else being equal, a fall in the value of sterling would be expected to increase the cost of imports.

Table 4: Imported materials and fuels purchased and sterling effective exchange rate, index values, growth ratesand percentage point change to the 12-month rate, UK, October 2019 to October 2020

Imported materials and fuels purchased
(GD74)

Sterling effective exchange rate - month average (BK67)

		PPI Index	1- month	12- month	Change in the 12-month rate	Sterling Index	1-month	12-month
		(2015=100)	rate	rate	(percentage points)	(Jan 2005=100)	rate	rate
	Oct	116.4	-1.3	0.0	-1.4	78.2	2.1	-0.5
2019	Nov	115.5	-0.8	-0.5	-0.5	79.6	1.8	1.8
	Dec	114.7	-0.6	-1.2	-0.7	80.6	1.3	5.1
	Jan	115.2	0.4	0.3	1.5	80.3	-0.4	3.3
	Feb	115.5	0.2	0.6	0.3	80.7	0.5	2.4
	Mar	116.1	0.6	1.9	1.3	76.9	-4.7	-3.8
	Apr	112.3	-3.3	-2.5	-4.4	78.2	1.7	-1.5
2020		113.1	0.8	-2.3	0.2	77.3	-1.2	-1.8
2020		113.7	0.5	-2.5	-0.2	77.0	-0.4	-0.1
	July	114.6	0.8	-2.8	-0.3	77.0	0.0	1.3
	Aug	114.3	-0.2	-4.3	-1.5	78.2	1.6	4.5
	Sept	115.3	0.9	-2.3	2.0	77.3	-1.2	0.9
	Oct	115.5	0.1	-0.8	1.5	77.5	0.3	-0.9

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

- 1. Series are not seasonally adjusted.
- 2. Rates many not correspond to index value changes because of rounding.
- 3. The sterling effective exchange rate measures changes in the strength of sterling relative to a basket of other currencies.
- 4. The sterling effective exchange rate is only indicative of the rates applied to producer prices. This is because the sterling effective exchange rates is a trade weighted index that represents all UK trade, whereas producer prices reflect transactions in the manufacturing sector.
- 5. Total imports (GD74) represents roughly a fifth of overall materials and fuels (input prices) in terms of index weight.
- 6. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

Figure 4 shows contributions by product group to the monthly and annual rate of input inflation, and Table 5 shows monthly and annual growth rates by product group.

Of the nine product groups, four provided negative contributions to the input annual rate. The largest downward contribution to the annual rate came from crude oil, which contributed 1.89 percentage points (Figure 4) and negative annual price growth of 33.4% (Table 5). This is the ninth month of negative growth and was driven by domestic inputs into the extraction of crude petroleum, natural gas and the mining of metals ores.

Recent price movements in crude oil are likely to reflect both demand and supply side factors during the ongoing coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The continued negative growth in crude oil price was likely driven by a combination of reduced demand as COVID-19 cases increased in many countries, prompting further lockdowns and travel restrictions, as well as <u>increased supply as Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)</u> <u>output increased</u>.

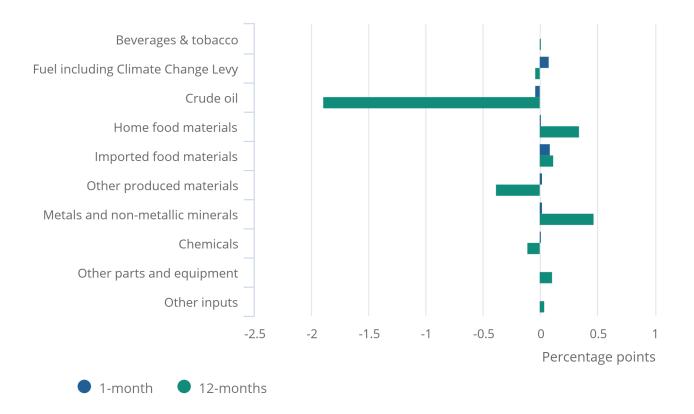
The second largest downward contribution to the annual rate came from other produced materials, with a contribution of 0.38 percentage points and annual price growth of negative 3.8%. This is the 13th consecutive month of negative growth for this product group and has been driven by domestic inputs of coke and refined petroleum products.

Figure 4: Crude oil provided the largest downward contribution to the annual rate in October 2020

Input producer price inflation, contribution to one-month and 12-month growth rate, UK, October 2020

Figure 4: Crude oil provided the largest downward contribution to the annual rate in October 2020

Input producer price inflation, contribution to one-month and 12-month growth rate, UK, October 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer Price Index

Notes:

- 1. Contributions to the rate may not add up to the rate exactly because of rounding.
- 2. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

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Product group	Percentage c	hange
Product group	1-month rate	12-month rate
Beverages & tobacco	0.0	2.8
Fuel excluding Climate Change Levy	2.9	-1.3
Crude oil	-0.9	-33.4
Home food materials	0.1	3.0
Imported food materials	3.5	4.4
Other produced materials	0.2	-3.8
Metals & non-metallic minerals	0.1	1.9
Chemicals	0.1	-0.5
Other parts and equipment	0.0	0.4
Other inputs	0.0	1.0
All manufacturing	0.2	-1.3

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

1. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

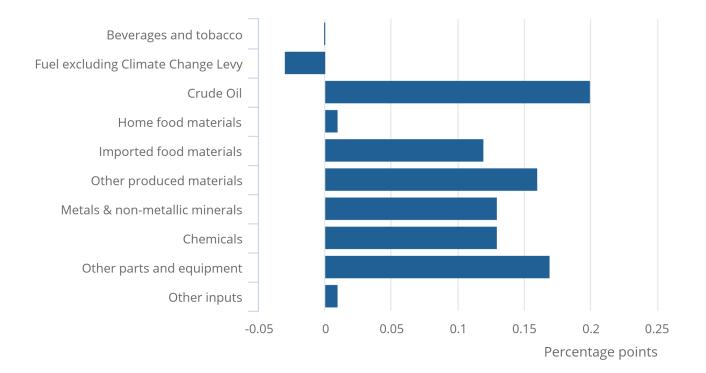
Figure 5 shows contributions to the change in the annual rate of inflation for materials and fuels purchased by manufacturers (input prices) in October. The annual rate increased by 0.9 percentage points from negative 2.2% last month to negative 1.3% this month. Of the 10 product groups, eight displayed upward contributions to the change in the annual rate, with crude oil providing the largest upward contribution to the change in the annual rate at 0.2 percentage points. Despite crude oil falling 0.9% between September and October, it fell by a greater amount at 4.0% between the same period last year resulting in an upward contribution to the change in the annual rate. Other parts and equipment made the second largest upward contribution to the change in the rate at 0.17 percentage points. The only negative contribution came from fuels at 0.03 percentage points, while inputs of beverages and tobacco did not contribute in either way.

Figure 5: Crude oil provided the largest upward contribution to the change in the annual rate in October 2020

Input producer price inflation, contribution to change in the annual rate, UK, October 2020

Figure 5: Crude oil provided the largest upward contribution to the change in the annual rate in October 2020

Input producer price inflation, contribution to change in the annual rate, UK, October 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer Price Index

Notes:

- 1. Contributions to the rate may not add up to the rate exactly because of rounding.
- 2. All data are now published using an annually chain linked methodology. Headline indices are published on a gross sector basis.

5. Producer price inflation data

Producer price inflation time series

Dataset | Released 18 November 2020

A comprehensive selection of data on input and output indices. Contains producer price indices of materials and fuels purchased and output of manufacturing industry by broad sector.

Output and input producer price inflation: contributions to the 12-month rates

Dataset | Released 18 November 2020

Contributions to the 12-month rates of input and output producer price inflation by component and overall rates.

Producer price inflation

Dataset MM22 | Released 18 November 2020 UK price movement data at all manufacturing, aggregated industry and product group level. Data supplied from individual manufacturers, importers and exporters. Monthly, quarterly and annual data.

6. Glossary

Producer price inflation

Producer price inflation refers to changes in the prices of goods bought and sold by UK manufacturers including price indices of materials and fuels purchased (input prices) and factory gate prices (output prices).

Output prices

The factory gate price (output price) is the amount received by UK producers for the goods that they sell to the domestic market. It includes the margin that businesses make on goods, in addition to costs such as labour, raw materials and energy as well as interest on loans, site or building maintenance, or rent.

Input prices

The input price measures the price of materials and fuels bought by UK manufacturers for processing. It includes materials and fuels that are both imported or sourced within the domestic market. It is not limited to materials used in the final product but includes what is required by businesses in their normal day-to-day running, such as fuels.

Services producer price inflation

Services producer price inflation refers to quarterly estimates monitoring the changes in prices charged for services provided to UK-based customers for a range of industries.

7. Measuring the data

Input prices

Currently, we do not have time series data pre-dating December 2008 for the headline input prices (gross sector input). To enable users' access to the back-data, we will investigate a viable option to rectify this. When possible, we will pre-announce when the data will be available to give users as much notice as possible.

Producer Price Indices (PPIs)

Index numbers shown in the main text of this bulletin are on a gross sector basis. The gross sector output series measure the prices of products sold by UK manufacturers, irrespective of the classification of the customer who buys the product. Gross sector output indices are calculated at the very detailed, six-digit level.

Indices relate to average prices for a month or quarter. The full effect of a price change occurring part way through any month or quarter will only be reflected in the following period's index.

All figures presented for producer price inflation are calculated on a gross sector basis unless otherwise stated, and all index numbers exclude Value Added Tax (VAT). The Soft Drinks Industry Levy, introduced in April 2018, is also excluded. Excise Duty (on cigarettes, manufactured tobacco, alcoholic liquor and petroleum products) is included, except where labelled otherwise.

The use of core input inflation removes the more volatile indices of food, tobacco, beverages and petrol from our statistics.

Each Producer Price Index (PPI) and Services Producer Price Index (SPPI) has two unique identifiers: a 10-digit index number, which relates to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 code appropriate to the index, and a four-character alpha-numeric code (series ID), which can be used to find series when using the time series dataset for producer price inflation and services producer price inflation.

Services Producer Price Indices (SPPIs)

The SPPI provides a measure of inflation for the UK services sector. It is constructed from a statutory quarterly survey that measures changes in the price of services provided to UK-based customers for a range of industries. Individual SPPIs are available, which provide information on price changes for a selection of services industries. These individual price indices are also aggregated together to create a services industry SPPI with limited coverage (it does not provide full coverage of the "services sector").

The services sector is estimated to account for around 80% of the UK economy based on its weight in gross domestic product (GDP). We do not produce an index for every industry in the services sector, and so the SPPI is a partial, best estimate of the overall inflation to UK businesses in the services sector. The SPPIs presented in this statistical bulletin are estimated to represent 59% of the total services sector at industry level.

For more information regarding how the output was created, please see the PPIs QMI and SPPI QMI.

Other useful documentation for the PPI and SPPI are:

- <u>PPIs methods changes</u> comprehensive article outlining the move from net to gross, removal of duty and the sources used to compile the weights required for chain-linking
- Chain-linking in business prices the methodology and practical implementation of chain-linking
- <u>Producer price weight changes</u> and <u>Services producer price weight changes</u> article explaining the impact of introducing chain-linking and the other new methods on weights used in the PPI and SPPI
- <u>Guidance on using indices in indexation clauses (PDF, 197KB)</u> covers producer prices, services producer prices and consumer prices
- <u>PPI methods and guidance (PDF, 1.18MB)</u> and <u>SPPIs user guidance and methodology</u> provides an outline of the methods used to produce the PPI and SPPI as well as information about recent developments
- <u>PPI standard errors: 2017</u> and <u>UK SPPI standard errors: 2016 to 2017</u> more information about the reliability of the data

After EU withdrawal

As the UK leaves the EU, it is important that our statistics continue to be of high quality and are internationally comparable. During the transition period, those UK statistics that align with EU practice and rules will continue to do so in the same way as before 31 January 2020.

After the transition period, we will continue to produce our inflation statistics in line with the UK Statistics Authority's <u>Code of Practice for Statistics</u> and in accordance with internationally agreed statistical guidance and standards.

Coronavirus (COVID-19)

Various articles have been published that help describe the Office for National Statistics (ONS) response to how the coronavirus (COVID-19) might be seen in our estimates:

- Coronavirus and the effects on UK prices (published 6 May 2020)
- <u>Coronavirus and the impact on output in the UK economy, UK: September 2020</u> (published 12 November 2020)
- Meeting the challenge of measuring the economy through the COVID-19 pandemic (published 6 May 2020)
- Coronavirus and the effects on UK GDP (published 6 May 2020)
- <u>Real-time turning point indicators: a UK focus</u> (published 27 April 2020)
- <u>Communicating GDP</u> (published 27 April 2020)

Our latest data and analysis on the impact of the coronavirus on the UK economy and population are also available.

The ONS has released a <u>public statement</u> on the coronavirus and the production of statistics, and any specific queries on this can be directed to the <u>Media Relations Office</u>.

8. Strengths and limitations

The strengths of the producer price inflation bulletin include:

- these data provide users with valuable insight into the changes in the process of goods and services bought and sold by UK manufacturers
- our data are very comprehensive, covering many products at a much greater level of detail than other surveys

The limitations of the producer price inflation bulletin include:

- some products are produced by only a small number of manufacturers, meaning that there may not be enough manufacturers for a detailed and robust analysis and the sector may be volatile, requiring some estimation
- the data can be revised for 12 months
- the data for the latest two months of producer price inflation and two quarters of services producer price inflation are provisional

Coronavirus in October 2020

On 23 March 2020, the UK and devolved governments announced official guidance on restrictions on movement for the UK as a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. Data collection for the Producer Price Index (PPI) surveys, including the surveys measuring domestic, import and export prices for October 2020, was via paper questionnaires that were sent to businesses on 24 September 2020, asking to return prices that were applicable on or around 1 October 2020; data collection for the Services Producer Price Index (SPPI) survey for Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2020 was via paper questionnaires that were sent to businesses on 14 July 2020, asking to return prices that were applicable for July 2020.

Although there has been a gradual reopening of workplaces and premises since May 2020 as a result of the lifting of the government restrictions, the response for the current period for the PPI and SPPI was lower in comparison with pre-lockdown months. For the PPI, the response for October 2020 was 77.2%, down from a pre-lockdown 87.4% in February 2020; for the SPPI, the response for Quarter 3 2020 was 75.3%, down from a pre-lockdown 85.8% in Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2019. We closely monitor response rates in each publication and use statistical methods to deal with non-response.

We have worked closely with our business respondents and data suppliers, and we have used additional data sources to quality assure the estimates in this publication. These include qualitative information sourced from manufacturing industry respondents to the Business Impact of Coronavirus (COVID-19) Survey (BICS) and anecdotal evidence from responders to both the BICS and/or PPI surveys.

Table 6 shows the response rates to the domestic (PPI), export (Export Price Index (EPI)) and import (Import Price Index (IPI)) price surveys at the time of publishing for each reference period. Response rates for the PPI, EPI and IPI show small decreasing between September and October 2020.

The low response rates in October 2020 are unlikely to have had a substantial impact on the headline PPI figures. However, the smaller sample sizes are likely to have increased volatility for some of the lower-level indices, particularly among IPIs and EPIs. Revisions are also likely to be larger than usual over the next few months.

Weighted response

	PPI (domestic)	IPI	EPI
October 2019	85.5	82.0	81.4
November 2019	85.6	84.1	80.2
December 2019	86.6	84.9	80.0
January 2020	85.3	84.8	80.8
February 2020	87.4	86.8	80.3
March 2020	83.9	82.2	80.3
April 2020	73.2	69.8	68.9
May 2020	74.6	57.7	54.4
June 2020	71.3	62.8	66.8
July 2020	74.2	69.8	65.4
August 2020	73.7	70.5	67.0
September 2020	77.6	74.0	68.7
October 2020	77.2	72.4	65.1

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Table 7 shows the response rates to the SPPI survey at the time of publishing for each reference period. The response rates for the SPPI show there was a fall of around 1.3 percentage points in Quarter 3 2020 compared with Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020.

Table 7: Overall effective response rates at time of first publishing Percentage, Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2019 to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2020

Weighted Response SPPI

2019 Q3 84.8

Q4 85.8

2020 Q1 83.6

Q2 76.6

Q3 75.3

Source: Office for National Statistics - Producer price index

Notes

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

Producer prices are normally imputed for non-response by using ratio imputation. The ratio imputation method calculates the growth within an index based on prices that have been returned and then applies it to the last known value for the missing price. This method ensures that if prices for a group of products increase (decrease) from one month to the next, the imputed values for non-respondents in that product group will also increase (decrease) when compared with the last known value.

In a small number of cases, prices may be manually imputed by directly using the latest available price from the latest available period. This method is applied when the nature of the product or previous information from respondents indicate that a price change is unlikely (that is, long-term contracts and fixed listing prices).

These are simple but effective methods, used as a <u>standard internationally (PDF, 5.87MB)</u> and recommended by international organisations specifically for <u>treatment of missing producer prices because of the coronavirus</u> pandemic (PDF, 52KB).

9. Related links

Consumer prices inflation, UK

Statistical bulletin | Released monthly Price indices, percentage changes and weights for the different measures of consumer price inflation.

UK House Price Index

Statistical bulletin | Released monthly Monthly house price inflation in the UK, calculated using data from HM Land Registry, Registers of Scotland, and Land and Property Services Northern Ireland.

Construction Output Price Indices (OPIs), UK

Statistical bulletin | Released quarterly A summary of the Construction Output Price Indices (OPIs) in the UK.

GDP monthly estimate, UK

Statistical bulletin | Released monthly Gross domestic product (GDP) measures the value of goods and services produced in the UK. It estimates the size of and growth in the economy.

			Gr	oss Sector					
		cts			s and	Coke & refined petroleum products, excl duty			
		0	laday					entage ige over	
(2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	(2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	(2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	
6150333333			6150888897			6140190000			
GB7S			GBA6			G6ST			
107.4	-1.1	-1.6	106.7	-0.2	0.9	82.9	-23.5	-40.0	
107.2	-0.2	-2.3	106.6	-0.1	0.3	77.9	-6.0	-45.8	
107.7	0.5	-1.7	106.7	0.1	0.2	89.2	14.5	-35.4	
108.1	0.4	-1.6	106.7	_	0.3	97.2	9.0	-31.5	
107.9	-0.2	-1.7	106.8	0.1	0.8	95.8	-1.4	-32.3	
107.9p	_	-1.6	107.1p	0.3	1.3	90.6p	-5.4	-36.2	
107.9p	-	-1.4	106.9p	-0.2	1.1	89.5p	-1.2	-35.7	
	Index (2015=100) 6150333333 GB7S 107.4 107.2 107.7 108.1 107.9 107.9p	Index (2015=100) percent 1 mth 6150333333 6B7S GB7S -1.1 107.2 -0.2 107.7 0.5 108.1 0.4 107.9 -0.2 107.9 -	Index percentage change over (2015=100) 1 mth 12 mths 6150333333 -1.1 -1.6 GB7S -0.2 -2.3 107.7 0.5 -1.7 108.1 0.4 -1.6 107.9 -0.2 -1.7	excl duty tobac percentage change over Index (2015=100) 1 mth 12 mths 6150333333 6150888897 GB7S GBA6 107.4 -1.1 107.2 -0.2 -1.7 106.6 107.7 0.5 108.1 0.4 107.9 -0.2 -1.7 106.8 107.9 -0.2 -1.7 106.8 107.9 -0.2	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c } \hline & excl duty & tobacco, excl duty & tobacco, excl duty & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	excl duty tobacco, excl duty produ index percentage change over percentage change over percentage change over index index (2015=100) 1 mth 12 mths (2015=100) 1 mth 12 mths index 6150333333 6150888897 6140190000 6140190000 GB7S GBA6 G6ST 106.7 -0.2 0.9 82.9 107.2 -0.2 -2.3 106.6 -0.1 0.3 77.9 107.7 0.5 -1.7 106.7 0.1 0.2 89.2 108.1 0.4 -1.6 106.7 - 0.3 97.2 107.9 -0.2 -1.7 106.8 0.1 0.8 95.8 107.9p - -1.6 107.1p 0.3 1.3 90.6p	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	

p = provisional r = revised

Source: Office for National Statistics

Source: Office for National Statistics

	Manufatured products including duty				ducts, bevera to including o		Coke & refined petroleum products, including duty			
			entage ge over	ladav		entage ge over			entage ge over	
	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	
	6158333333			6158888897			6148190000			
	GD73			GBA7			G6SU			
2020 Apr	107.4	-0.9	-1.5	106.8	-0.2	0.6	93.1	-10.3	-19.6	
May	107.3	-0.1	-2.0	106.8	-	0.1	90.8	-2.5	-23.2	
Jun	107.7	0.4	-1.5	107.0	0.2	0.2	95.4	5.1	-17.7	
Jul	108.0	0.3	-1.5	107.0	_	0.3	98.7	3.5	-16.0	
Aug	107.9	-0.1	-1.6	107.1	0.1	0.8	98.2	-0.5	-16.3	
Sep	107.8p	-0.1	-1.6	107.3p	0.2	1.1	96.1p	-2.1	-18.2	
Oct	107.8p	-	-1.3	107.1p	-0.2	1.0	95.6p	-0.5	-17.8	

p = provisional r = revised

2 Gross Sector Input Prices: summary CPA 2.1

		nanufacturing	ased)		als purchase acturing indu			2015=1 Jels for all nufacturing	100 CPA 2.1
		perce	entage ge over		perc	entage ge over		perc	entage ige over
	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths	Index (2015=100)	1 mth	12 mths
	7390333333			7390333397			7390333394		
	GHIP			GHIK			GHIM		
2020 Apr	109.9	-2.0	-4.6	109.9	-2.0	-4.7	111.3	-2.9	-2.2
May	110.4	0.5	-4.2	110.6	0.6	-4.2	105.7	-5.0	-3.4
Jun	111.7	1.2	-2.9	111.8	1.1	-2.9	107.1	1.3	-3.3
Jul	112.3	0.5	-2.8	112.4	0.5	-2.9	109.1	1.9	-1.1
Aug	112.1	-0.2	-2.9	112.2	-0.2	-3.0	107.4	-1.6	-2.5
Sep	112.4p	0.3	-2.2	112.5p	0.3	-2.3	109.0p	1.5	0.6
Oct	112.6p	0.2	-1.4	112.6p	0.1	-1.4	112.1p	2.8	-0.7

1

p = provisional r = revised

Source: Office for National Statistics

3 Output Prices: Detailed by product - CPA 2.1

										2015=100 CPA 2.1		
								Percentage change 1 month		Percentage 12 mon	0	
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	
Gross sector												
Output of manufactured products	GB7S	6158333333	107.7	108.1	107.9	107.9p	107.9p	-0.1	_	-1.6	-1.3	
All manufacturing, excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum	GBBV	6150333390	110.2	110.1	110.0	110.1p	110.3p	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	
Gross Sector												
Food products, beverages and tobacco, excluding duty	GBA6	6150888897	106.7	106.7	106.8	107.1p	106.9p	0.2	-0.2	1.1	1.0	
Food products	G6SI	6140100000	106.6	106.5	106.5	106.8p	106.5p	0.3	-0.3	1.0	0.8	
Alcoholic beverages, excluding duty	G6SJ	6140110000	105.0	105.0	105.6	106.1p	106.1p	0.2	_			
Soft drinks, mineral waters and other bottled waters	EVPU	6120110700	104.4	104.1	104.4	104.6p	104.5p	0.2	-0.1	3.2	2.7	
Textiles	G6SN	6140130000	106.0	106.0	106.3	106.4p	106.4p	0.1	_	1.2	1.2	
Wearing apparel	G6SO	6140140000	106.8	106.4	106.4	106.6p	106.7p	0.2	0.1	-	0.2	
Leather and related products	G6SP	6140150000				103.0p	103.0p		-			
Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture	G6SQ	6140160000	113.1	113.3	113.8	113.8p	114.8p	_	0.9	_	2.5	
Paper and paper products	G6SR	6140170000	106.4	106.2	106.0	106.4p	106.5p	0.4	0.1	-1.4	-1.1	
Printing and recording services	G6SS	6140180000	102.6	102.1	102.1	102.1p	102.3p	-	0.2	0.4	0.5	
Coke and refined petroleum products, excluding duty	G6ST	6140190000	89.2	97.2	95.8	90.6p	89.5p	-2.1	-0.5	-18.2	-17.8	
Chemicals and chemical products	G6SV	6140200000	110.6	110.5	109.9	110.1p	110.1p	0.2	-	-0.4	-	
Basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations	G6SW	6140210000	106.0	106.1	105.4	105.4p	105.4p	_	_	-2.3	-2.3	
Rubber and plastic products	G6SX	6140220000	108.3	108.5	108.8	108.7p	108.7p	-0.1	-	1.0	1.2	
Other non-metallic mineral products	G6SY	6140230000	110.8	110.6	110.9	111.4p	111.4p	0.5	_	1.5	1.8	
Basic metals	G6SZ	6140240000	125.7	125.5	125.9	126.7p	126.9p	0.6	0.2	-2.7	-2.4	
Fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	G6T3	6140250000	112.4	112.3	112.3	112.3p	112.4p	_	0.1	0.4	0.5	
Computer, electronic and optical products	G6T5	6140260000	106.1	106.0	106.0	106.0p	105.9p	-	-0.1	0.2	0.2	
Electrical equipment	G6VF	6140270000	108.5	108.8	109.1	109.4p	109.5p	0.3	0.1	1.7	2.1	
Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	G6VG	6140280000	107.5	107.6	107.4	107.5p	107.6p	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	
Motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	G6WH	6140290000	108.2	108.2	108.1	108.0p	108.3p	-0.1	0.3	-0.3	0.2	
Other transport equipment	G72N	6140300000	114.3	114.1	113.2	113.4p	113.6p	0.2	0.2	-0.8	-0.2	
Furniture	G75I	6140310000	107.5	107.6	107.7	107.7p	107.8p	-	0.1	0.4	0.6	
Other manufactured goods	G776	6140320000	104.6	104.4	104.6	104.7p	104.6p	0.1	-0.1	-1.2	-0.9	
Repair and installation services of machinery and equipment	G777	6140330000	113.4	112.9	112.3	112.5p	112.6p	0.2	0.1	1.0	1.4	

p = provisional r = revised

Source: Office for National Statistics

4 Input Prices, excluding Climate Change Levy¹: Materials and Fuels purchased by selected industries - CPA 2.1

									2015=100 C		PA 2.1
									ange onth		nange Ionths
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct
Gross sector											
Other mining & quarrying products ²	GHEA	7390080000	109.3	110.0	109.7	109.6p	109.9p	-0.1	0.3	-3.0	-2.2
Manufacture of food products, beverages, tobacco	GHHV	7390888897	111.2	111.5	110.9	111.7p	112.4p	0.7	0.6	1.8	2.5
Preserved meat & meat products	GHEF	7390101000	112.0	112.7	111.8	112.8p	113.9p	0.9	1.0	3.7	4.9
Fish, crustaceans, molluscs, fruit & vegetables	GHEH	7390333387	114.1	112.7	110.3	112.6p	112.2p	2.1	-0.4	-1.3	-2.0
Vegetable & animal oils and fats	GHEJ	7390104000	114.8	115.6	116.0	118.7p	120.5p	2.3	1.5	5.0	5.3
Dairy products	GHEL	7390105000	115.2	116.1	115.0	116.1p	117.5p	1.0	1.2	3.8	5.0
Grain mill products, starches & starch products	GHEN	7390106000	111.4	112.1	111.9	112.7p	113.6p	0.7	0.8	2.7	3.6
Bakery & farinaceous products	GHEP	7390107000	108.1	108.4	108.5	108.8p	109.1p	0.3	0.3	-	0.3
Other food products	GHER	7390108000	107.9	108.0	108.0	108.4p	108.7p	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.9
Animal feeds	GHET	7390109000	112.2	112.9	112.5	113.1p	113.6p	0.5	0.4	2.0	2.7
Alcoholic Beverages	GHEV	7390333384	108.0	108.3	108.6	109.1p	109.5p	0.5	0.4	0.7	1.5
Soft drinks; mineral waters & other bottled waters	GHEX	7390110700	107.7	107.8	107.7	107.8p	107.9p	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.6
Tobacco products	GHEZ	7390120000	112.3	113.2	112.3	113.1p	114.0p	0.7	0.8	1.6	2.6
Manufacture of textiles & textile products; clothing	GHHW	7390888895	109.6	109.6	109.2	109.6p	109.7p	0.4	0.1	0.9	1.4
Textiles	GHFB	7390130000	109.4	109.5	109.2	109.5p	109.7p	0.3	0.2	0.6	1.2
Wearing apparel	GHFD	7390140000	110.0	109.9	109.4	109.8p	109.8p	0.4	_	1.4	1.9
Manufacture of leather & related products	GHFF	7390150000	108.5	108.7	108.4	108.6p	108.7p	0.2	0.1	0.5	1.0
Manufacture of wood & wood products	GHFH	7390160000	116.9	117.2	117.3	117.6p	118.2p	0.3	0.5	-1.5	1.1
Manufacture of pulp, paper & paper products, recording media & printing services	GHHZ	7390888892	108.4	108.5	108.2	108.5p	108.8p	0.3	0.3	-0.8	-0.3
Pulp, paper & paper products	GHFJ	7390170000	109.7	109.9	109.6	110.0p	110.3p	0.4	0.3	-1.2	-0.4
Printing & recording services	GHFL	7390180000	106.6	106.6	106.3	106.6p	106.8p	0.3	0.2	-0.4	-0.3
Manufacture of coke & refined petroleum products	GHFN	7390190000	95.1	102.1	101.6	96.0p	95.4p	-5.5	-0.6	-33.3	-31.3
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products & man-made fibres	GHIB	7390888890	109.0	109.2	109.0	109.3p	109.6p	0.3	0.3	-3.1	-2.4
Paints, varnishes & similar coatings, printing ink & mastics	GHFP	7390203000	111.5	111.5	111.4	111.7p	111.7p	0.3	-	-1.4	-0.8
Soaps, detergents, cleaning & polishing preparations perfumes & toilet preparations	GHFR	7390204000	110.0	110.1	109.9	110.1p	110.1p	0.2	-	0.7	0.9
Other chemical products	GHFT	7390205000	108.6	108.6	108.4	108.6p	108.7p	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.8
Industrial gases; other basic inorganic chemicals; fertilisers & nitrogen compounds	GHFV	7390333378	109.1	109.4	108.3	108.8p	109.2p	0.5	0.4	-1.7	-1.7
Petrochemicals & man made fibres	GHFX	7390333377	108.2	108.5	108.6	108.9p	109.3p	0.3	0.4	-5.9	-4.6
Dyes & pigments: pesticides & other agrochemical products	GHFZ	7390333376	110.7	110.8	110.7	110.9p	110.5p	0.2	-0.4	-2.6	-2.6
Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products & pharmaceutical preparations	GHGB	7390210000	108.3	108.5	108.0	108.2p	108.4p	0.2	0.2	-0.6	-0.4
Manufacture of rubber & plastic products	GHGD	7390220000	109.9	110.0	109.9	110.3p	110.7p	0.4	0.4	-1.3	-0.4
Manufacture of cement, lime & plaster	GHGF	7390333375	110.2	110.3	110.3	110.4p	110.7p	0.1	0.3	-1.4	-0.9
Manufacture of glass, refractory, clay, other porcelain, ceramic stone products	GHGH	7390333374	109.5	109.9	109.7	109.9p	110.2p	0.2	0.3	-2.1	-1.3

1 Climate Change Levy is excluded from the detailed industry input index, (see background notes of this Statistical Bulletin for more detail). Source: Office for National Statistics

2 Indices includes the Aggregate Levy which was introduced in April 2002.

4 Input Prices, excluding Climate Change Levy¹: Materials and Fuels purchased by selected industries - CPA 2.1

continued

									ange onth	% change 12 months	
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug		2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct
Manufacture of basic metals & fabricated products	GHIF	7390888884	118.4	118.8	119.6	120.8p	121.1p	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.7
Basic iron, steel & alloys: tubes, pipes, hollow profiles	GHGJ	7390333369	121.2	120.5	121.3	122.3p	122.6p	0.8	0.2	-2.8	-1.4
Other basic metals & casting	GHGL	7390333368	120.2	122.3	125.1	128.1p	128.5p	2.4	0.3	4.0	4.1
Weapons & ammunition	GHGN	7390254000	113.7	113.9	113.9	114.3p	114.4p	0.4	0.1	1.2	1.4
Fabricated metal products, excluding machinery & equipment & weapons & ammunition	GHGP	7390333365	117.1	117.3	117.5	118.2p	118.5p	0.6	0.3	-0.4	0.1
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment	GHIG	7390888883	112.4	112.9	112.7	113.4p	113.5p	0.6	0.1	0.6	1.2
Computer, electronic & optical products	GHGR	7390260000	111.5	111.8	111.6	112.2p	112.3p	0.5	0.1	0.4	1.0
Electrical equipment	GHGT	7390270000	113.4	114.0	114.0	114.7p	114.8p	0.6	0.1	0.9	1.5
Manufacture of machinery & equipment n.e.c	GHGV	7390280000	114.7	115.0	114.9	115.6p	115.6p	0.6	-	0.3	0.8
Manufacturing of motor vehicles & other transport equipment	GHII	7390888881	113.9	113.9	113.7	114.4p	114.5p	0.6	0.1	-0.1	0.7
Motor vehicles, trailers & semi trailers	GHGX	7390290000	112.4	112.3	112.3	112.9p	112.9p	0.5	-	-	0.6
Ships & boats	GHGZ	7390301000	113.8	113.9	113.6	114.1p	114.3p	0.4	0.2	-0.6	0.1
Aircraft & spacecraft & related machinery	GHHB	7390303000	117.7	118.1	117.5	118.5p	118.6p	0.9	0.1	-0.2	0.7
Other transport equipment	GHHD	7390333358	109.0	108.9	108.5	108.8p	108.8p	0.3	-	1.4	1.9
Manufacture of other manufactured goods n.e.c	GHIJ	7390888880	113.3	113.7	114.0	114.8p	115.1p	0.7	0.3	0.6	1.4
Furniture	GHHF	7390310000	113.4	113.6	113.9	114.2p	114.8p	0.3	0.5	-0.1	1.4
Other manufacturing	GHHH	7390320000	113.1	113.6	114.1	115.2p	115.4p	1.0	0.2	1.1	1.4
Repair of maintenance of ships & boats	GHHJ	7390331500	112.9	113.3	113.2	113.3p	113.5p	0.1	0.2	-1.5	-1.0
Repair & maintenance services of aircraft & spacecraft	GHHL	7390331600	119.5	119.0	117.5	117.9p	118.0p	0.3	0.1	-2.1	-1.3
Other repair; installation	GHHN	7390333355	108.4	108.9	108.6	108.5p	108.7p	-0.1	0.2	-2.2	-1.8

1 Climate Change Levy is excluded from the detailed industry input index, (see background notes of this Statistical Bulletin for more detail).

Source: Office for National Statistics

2 Indices includes the Aggregate Levy which was introduced in April 2002.

p = provisional r = revised

5 Input Prices: detailed by commodity (not seasonally adjusted) - CPA 2.1

2015=100 CPA 2.1

										2015=100 0	
									ange onth		ange onths
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct
Fuel excl. CCL	FSQ3	7490222295		108.1	106.5	108.1p	111.3p	1.5	3.0		
Mining of coal & lignite excl. CCL	GHDW	7390050000	105.4	103.3	105.0	104.6p	105.0p	-	-		
Electricity, Transmission & distribution excl CCL services excl CCL	GHHP	7390351000	109.1	111.5	109.3	110.4p	113.2p	_	_	-1.9	-2.7
Gas for distribution excl. CCL	GHHR	7390444499	92.5	91.7	93.8	95.3p	97.9p	1.1	2.8		
Crude Oil	FSQ4	7490444498	94.2	101.8	101.2	94.9p	94.0p	-6.2	-0.9	-35.4	-33.4
Domestic crude oil & metal ores	GGT3	7190222295			100.9	93.8p	94.6p	-	-		
Imported crude oil & metal ores	GHBV	7290222295			101.8	96.9p	93.1p	-	-		
Home produced food:	FSP7	7190351000	111.4	111.6	110.9	111.7p	111.8p	1.0	2.9		
Products of agriculture, hunting & related services.	GGO7	7190010000		121.2	119.5	120.7p	121.9p	3.8	3.7		
Fish & other fish products; Aquaculture products; support services for fishing	GGS8	7190030000	118.9	110.7	103.3	110.6p	105.8p	-7.0	0.9		
Preserved meat & meat products	GH2M	7190101000	103.3	103.1	103.2	103.4p	102.8p	-4.8	-3.9		
Processed & preserved fish, crustaceans, molluscs, fruit & vegetables	GH7R	7190333387	107.9	108.0	107.2	107.3p	107.2p	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.2
Vegetable & animal oils & fats	GH7S	7190104000	115.1	115.7	115.2	116.5p	116.7p	1.1	0.2	4.1	1.7
Dairy products	GH8A	7190105000	114.3	114.0	113.4	114.5p	114.2p	1.0	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
Grain mill products, starches & starch products	GH8B	7190106000	107.6	107.8	108.9	109.1p	109.3p	0.7	0.1	2.9	2.9
Bakery & Farinaceous products	GH8C	7190107000	106.2	106.5	106.5	106.7p	106.7p	1.0	1.0		
Other food products	GH8L	7190108000	101.7	101.6	101.7	101.5p	101.5p	7.1	-4.3		
Prepared animal feeds	GH98	7190109000	113.9	114.3	114.4	114.5p	114.4p	0.1	-0.1	0.6	1.0
Imported food inputs	FSP9	7490333354	116.2	116.4	116.0	118.3p	122.4p	2.0	3.5	0.1	4.4
Agriculture, hunting & related services	GHBQ	7290010000	106.6	106.6	105.0	108.8p	117.6p	3.6	8.1	0.6	9.0
Fish & fish products; aquaculture products; support services to fishing	GHBS	7290030000	126.9	130.4	128.5	130.2p	130.1p	1.3	-0.1	-1.4	0.6
Meat & meat products	GHBX	7290101000	118.8	118.6	117.7	119.3p	120.4p	1.4	0.9	-1.4	-0.3
Processed & preserved fish & fish, crustaceans, molluscs, fruit & vegatables	GHBY	7290333387	118.8	117.6	115.5	115.9p	116.2p	0.3	0.3	-4.1	-3.2
Vegetable & animal oils & fats	GHBZ	7290104000	124.9	127.5	130.3	138.2p	145.2p	6.1	5.1	11.8	19.8
Dairy products	GHCA	7290105000	96.4	91.8	92.4	91.0p	91.2p	-1.5	0.2	-8.1	-8.2
Grain mill products, starches & starch products	GHCB	7290106000	127.4	127.5	127.9	128.0p	129.0p	0.1	0.8	-0.2	2.1
Bakery & farinaceous products	GHCC	7290107000	124.4	125.5	125.1	126.1p	126.2p	0.8	0.1	7.9	13.1
Other food products	GHCD	7290108000	127.0	129.1	132.9	134.1p	137.5p	0.9	2.5	1.1	5.1
Prepared animal feeds	GHCE	7290109000	126.7	127.3	127.1	127.6p	128.1p	0.4	0.4	2.2	3.6
Other home produced materials	FSQ2	7490333353	108.5	109.2	109.3	109.1p	109.3p	-0.2	0.2	-5.2	-3.9
Forestry, logging & related services	GGP2	7190020000				157.3p	157.3p		-		
Other mining & quarrying products	GH2L	7190080000	109.8	110.0	110.0	109.8p	109.9p	-0.2	0.1	-0.5	0.7
Textiles	GHAE	7190130000	106.0	106.0	106.3	106.4p	106.4p	0.1	-	1.2	1.2
Wearing apparel	GHAF	7190140000	106.8	106.4	106.4	106.6p	106.7p	0.2	0.1	_	0.2
Leather & related products	GHAG	7190150000	102.9	103.3	103.3	103.0p	103.0p	-0.3	_	-0.7	-0.7

1 The Climate Change Levy was introduced in April 2001.

Source: Office for National Statistics

5 Input Prices: detailed by commodity (not seasonally adjusted) - CPA 2.1

continued										2015=100 0	CPA 2.1
									ange onth		ange onths
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct
Wood & products of wood & cork excl furniture	GHAH	7190160000	113.1	113.3	113.8	113.8p	114.8p	_	0.9	_	2.5
Paper & paper products	GHAI	7190170000	106.4	106.2	106.0	106.4p	106.5p	0.4	0.1	-1.4	-1.1
Coke & refined petroleum products	GHAK	7190190000	89.2	97.2	95.8	90.6p	89.5p	-5.4	-1.2	-36.2	-35.7
Water collection, treatment & supply	GHBP	7190360000				104.5p	104.5p		-		
Inputs of Metals & Non-Metallic Mineral products	FSQ8	7490333351	121.1	121.5	122.4	123.8p	124.0p	0.4	-0.1	0.7	2.2
Cement, lime, plaster & articles of concrete, cement & plaster	GHGF	7390333375	110.2	110.3	110.3	110.4p	110.7p	1.0	-0.2	-4.4	-3.5
Glass, refractory clay, porcelain, ceramic & stone products	GHGH	7390333374	109.5	109.9	109.7	109.9p	110.2p	0.6	-	-7.4	-5.8
Basic iron, steel & alloys, tubes, pipes hollow profiles & fittings	GHGJ	7390333369	121.2	120.5	121.3	122.3p	122.6p	0.6	-0.3	1.0	1.1
Other basic metals & casting	GHGL	7390333368	120.2	122.3	125.1	128.1p	128.5p	-0.1	-0.2	0.5	-0.6
Weapons & ammunition	GHGN	7390254000	113.7	113.9	113.9	114.3p	114.4p	0.4	-0.2	-2.6	-1.5
Fabricated metal products excl weapons & ammunition	GHGP	7390333365	117.1	117.3	117.5	118.2p	118.5p	0.6	0.3	-0.4	0.1
Inputs of Chemicals	FSQ7	7490333352	109.5	109.5	109.3	109.6p	109.6p	0.4	-0.1	-0.2	0.4
Paints, varnishes & coating, printing ink & other mastics	GHFP	7390203000	111.5	111.5	111.4	111.7p	111.7p	1.3	0.2	-1.5	-0.1
Soap & detergents, cleaning & polishing preparation, perfumes & toilet preparations	GHFR	7390204000	110.0	110.1	109.9	110.1p	110.1p	0.7	-0.2	4.2	5.1
Other chemical products	GHFT	7390205000	108.6	108.6	108.4	108.6p	108.7p	0.8	-0.2	0.4	1.9
Industrial gases, inorganic chemicals, fertilisers & nitrogen compounds	GHFV	7390333378	109.1	109.4	108.3	108.8p	109.2p	0.6	-0.9	0.1	1.1
Petrochemicals	GHFX	7390333377	108.2	108.5	108.6	108.9p	109.3p				
Dyes & pigments; pesticides & other agro-chemical products	GHFZ	7390333376	110.7	110.8	110.7	110.9p	110.5p	1.0	-0.2	-0.7	0.9
Basic pharmaceutical products & pharmaceutical preparations	GHGB	7390210000	108.3	108.5	108.0	108.2p	108.4p	1.8	0.1		
Rubber & plastic products	GHGD	7390220000	109.9	110.0	109.9	110.3p	110.7p				
Other parts & equipment	FSQ9	7490333349	110.9	110.9	110.4	110.8p	110.7p	0.1	0.1	0.6	1.0
Computer, electronic & optical products	GHGR	7390260000	111.5	111.8	111.6	112.2p	112.3p	0.3	-0.1	-8.9	-7.1
Electrical equipment	GHGT	7390270000	113.4	114.0	114.0	114.7p	114.8p	1.2	-0.3	-2.8	-1.2
Machinery & equipment n.e.c	GHGV	7390280000	114.7	115.0	114.9	115.6p	115.6p				
Motor vehicles, trailers & semi-trailers	GHGX	7390290000	112.4	112.3	112.3	112.9p	112.9p	1.0	-0.2	4.1	5.9
Ships & boats	GHGZ	7390301000	113.8	113.9	113.6	114.1p	114.3p	1.2	-0.1	-2.3	-0.3
Aircraft, spacecraft & related machinery	GHHB	7390303000	117.7	118.1	117.5	118.5p	118.6p	0.5	-0.2	-0.1	1.6
Other transport equipment	GHHD	7390333358	109.0	108.9	108.5	108.8p	108.8p	1.5	-0.3	0.3	1.4

1 The Climate Change Levy was introduced in April 2001.

Source: Office for National Statistics

p = provisional r = revised

5 Input Prices: detailed by commodity (not seasonally adjusted) - CPA 2.1

continued										2015=100 C	PA 2.1
									ange onth	% ch 12 m	ange onths
			2020 Jun	2020 Jul	2020 Aug	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct	2020 Sep	2020 Oct
Other Inputs	FSQ6	7490111196	109.6	109.3	109.1	109.2p	109.3p	0.1	0.1	0.6	1.0
Printing & reproduction services of recorded media	GHFL	7390180000	106.6	106.6	106.3	106.6p	106.8p	0.3	0.2	-0.4	-0.3
Furniture	GHHF	7390310000	113.4	113.6	113.9	114.2p	114.8p	0.3	0.5	-0.1	1.4
Other manufactured goods n.e.c	GHHH	7390320000	113.1	113.6	114.1	115.2p	115.4p	1.0	0.2	1.1	1.4
Repair & maintenance services of ships & boats	GHHJ	7390331500	112.9	113.3	113.2	113.3p	113.5p	0.1	0.2	-1.5	-1.0
Repair & maintenance of Aircraft & spaceccraft	GHHL	7390331600	119.5	119.0	117.5	117.9p	118.0p	0.3	0.1	-2.1	-1.3
Rest of repair & installation	GHHN	7390333355	108.4	108.9	108.6	108.5p	108.7p	-0.1	0.2	-2.2	-1.8
Imported materials											
Total imports	GD74	8170111199	113.7	114.6	114.3	115.3p	115.5p	0.9	0.2	-2.3	-0.8

1 The Climate Change Levy was introduced in April 2001.

Source: Office for National Statistics

p = provisional r = revised

6R Output Prices: revisions - CPA 2.1

	Output of r	manufactured prod	ucts	All manufacturing excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum						
		percentage	change over		percentage cha	ange over				
	Index (2015=100)	1 month	12 months	Index (2015=100)	1 month	12 months				
	6150333333			6150333390						
	GB7S			GBBV						
2017 Apr	-	_	-	—	-	-				
May Jun	-	_	_		_	_				
Jul Aug	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sep		_	_		_	_				
Oct	-	-	_	_	-	-				
Nov	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2018 Jan	-	_	_	-	_	_				
Feb	-	-	-	_	-	-				
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Apr May	_	-	_		-	_				
Jun	-	_	-	_	-	-				
Jul	-	-	-	-	-	_				
Aug Sep		_	_		_	_				
Oct	-	_	_	_	_	_				
Nov	_	-	-	_	-	-				
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2019 Jan	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Feb	-	-	_	_	-	-				
Mar	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Apr	-	-	-	-	-	-				
May Jun	_	_	_	-	_					
	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Jul	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Aug	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sep Oct		_	_		_					
Nov		_	_		_	_				
Dec	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2020 Jan										
Feb		_	_		_	_				
Mar	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Apr	-	-	-	_	-	-				
May	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Jun	-	_	-	-	-	-				
Jul	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Aug	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sep	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Oct	-	-	-	-	-	_				

Please see Statistical Bulletin section entitled 'Revisions' for further information.

Source: Office for National Statistics