

Statistical bulletin

Mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies: April to June 2020

Transactions that result in a change of ultimate control of the target company and have a value of £1 million or more.



Release date: 8 September 2020

Next release: 8 December 2020

Correction

18 September 2020 09:15

An error has been identified whereby an incorrect date has been used in the main points and section 4 of this statistical bulletin when referring to the previous lowest value in the time series. The incorrect date read Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2014, but this has now been corrected to read Quarter 2 (Apr to Jun) 2014. The error does not affect any data values in the text. This was caused by a processing error and has now been corrected, we apologise for the inconvenience.

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1. Main points

- During Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020, the estimates for the value of outward mergers and acquisitions (M&A) involving UK companies increased slightly while both inward and domestic M&A saw notable decreases, when compared with Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020.
- Domestic and cross-border M&A involving UK companies in Quarter 2 2020 saw 152 completed transactions, a sizeable decrease of 311 when compared with the previous quarter (463) and 292 fewer than Quarter 2 2019 (444).
- Outward M&A (UK companies acquiring foreign companies abroad) was valued at £4.4 billion in Quarter 2 2020, a slight increase of £0.3 billion when compared with Quarter 1 2020 (£4.1 billion) and £2.7 billion higher than in Quarter 2 2019 (£1.7 billion).
- The value of inward M&A (foreign companies abroad acquiring UK companies) in Quarter 2 2020 (£2.1 billion) was the lowest value recorded since Quarter 2 (Apr to Jun) 2014 (£1.9 billion), while also down £3.0 billion when compared with Quarter 1 2020 (£5.1 billion) and £16.6 billion lower than Quarter 2 2019 (£18.7 billion).
- Domestic M&A (UK companies acquiring other UK companies) during Quarter 2 2020 was valued at £0.3 billion, the joint-lowest value since Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 1975 (also £0.3 billion) and a sizeable decrease when compared with Quarter 1 2020 (£3.2 billion) and Quarter 2 2019 (£2.7 billion).

2. Fall in number of mergers and acquisitions (M&A) transactions

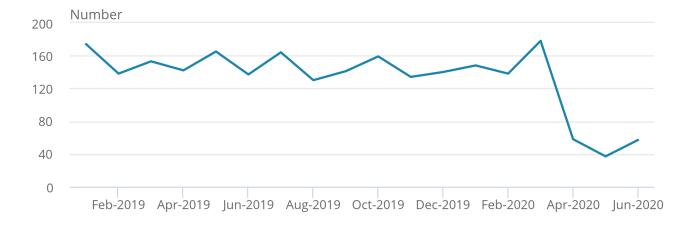
Domestic and cross-border M&A involving UK companies in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 saw 152 completed transactions, a sizeable decrease of 311 when compared with the previous quarter (463) and 292 fewer than in Quarter 2 2019 (444). The monthly breakdown of these deals shows that this decrease was spread across the three months of Quarter 2 2020.

Figure 1: The number of monthly domestic and cross-border mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies from January 2019 to June 2020 ranged from 37 to 178

The monthly profile of completed domestic and cross-border mergers and acquisitions shows a considerable reduction in the number of transactions from April 2020

Figure 1: The number of monthly domestic and cross-border mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies from January 2019 to June 2020 ranged from 37 to 178

The monthly profile of completed domestic and cross-border mergers and acquisitions shows a considerable reduction in the number of transactions from April 2020



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

The estimates for the number of domestic and cross-border mergers and acquisitions each month between January 2019 and March 2020 ranged from 130 to 178. However, this fell to 58 completed acquisitions in April 2020, followed by 37 in May 2020, and 57 in June 2020.

As these statistics only measure completed transactions, they cannot provide evidence to explain a reduction in the number of transactions. However, the timing does follow the introduction of the restriction of movement in the UK, which began on 23 March 2020, in response to the coronavirus pandemic.

The Bank of England <u>Agents' Summary of Business Conditions report Quarter 2 2020</u> stated that "contacts reported a sharp fall in transactional business, such as mergers and acquisitions and property-related services". It also reports that "companies have mostly cancelled or postponed non-essential investment to preserve cash buffers, and many are uncertain when or whether investment plans will be reinstated."

The Forbes article, The Impact Of The Coronavirus Crisis On Mergers And Acquisitions, expected that there will be a number of delays to deals due to pandemic-related factors. Bureau van Dijk reported a reduction in the worldwide number of announced M&A deals in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020, continuing into April 2020, and noted that "while some have pressed the pause button on planned transactions, others have opted to call off intended combinations altogether."

3. Outward mergers and acquisitions (M&A)

The latest estimates for the value of mergers and acquisitions (M&A) of foreign companies made by UK companies during Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 saw a slight increase when compared with the previous quarter. Similarly, comparing Quarter 2 2020 with Quarter 2 2019 also shows that the value of completed outward M&A was higher.

The value of outward M&A in Quarter 2 2020 was £4.4 billion. This was a £0.3 billion increase on the previous quarter (£4.1 billion) and £2.7 billion higher than in Quarter 2 2019 (£1.7 billion).

Two notable outward acquisitions which completed during Quarter 2 2020 were:

- Synthomer Plc of the UK which acquired Omnova Solutions Inc of USA
- Bodycote Plc of the UK acquired Ellison Surface Technologies of the USA.

Value of outward M&A transactions involving UK companies by quarter

Figure 2: Estimates for the value of outward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £1.7 billion to £51.8 billion

Value of outward M&A transactions involving UK companies by quarter

Figure 2: Estimates for the value of outward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £1.7 billion to £51.8 billion

Value of outward M& A transactions involving UK companies by quarter



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; and Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI).
- 3. Value of deals are in current prices and consequently do not account for the effects of inflation over time.

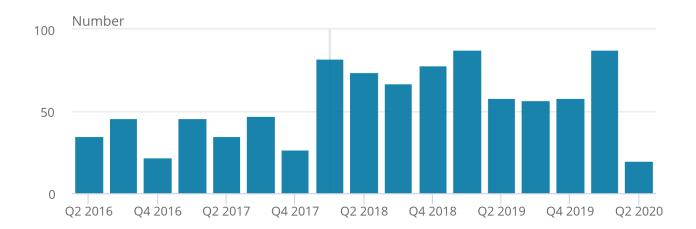
Number of quarterly outward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 3: Estimates for the number of outward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 20 to 88 transactions

Number of quarterly outward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 3: Estimates for the number of outward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 20 to 88 transactions

Number of quarterly outward M& A transactions involving UK companies



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; and Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI).

There were 20 completed outward M&A deals during April to June 2020, 68 fewer acquisitions than in the previous guarter (88) and 38 fewer than Quarter 2 2019 (58).

During Quarter 2 2020 there were three outward disposals deals involving a change of majority share ownership worth £3.3 billion, the lowest number since Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 2018 (5) and notably lower than the numbers previously recorded during both Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 (18) and Quarter 2 2019 (14).

One notable outward disposal which completed during Quarter 2 2020 was <u>Glaxosmithkline Plc</u> of the UK, which sold Glaxosmithkline Consumer Healthcare Ltd of India.

4. Inward mergers and acquisitions (M&A)

In Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 the value of inward mergers and acquisitions (M&A) (£2.1 billion) was the lowest value recorded since Quarter 2 (Apr to Jun) 2014 (£1.9 billion), and £3.0 billion lower than the value recorded in Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 (£5.1 billion).

The value of inward M&A involving a change of majority share ownership in Quarter 2 2020 was down £16.6 billion when compared with Quarter 2 2019 (£18.7 billion). This can be explained by fewer acquisitions of UK companies made by foreign companies abroad with values in excess of £100 million.

Notable inward acquisitions which took place in Quarter 2 2020 included:

- Keysight Technologies Netherlands BV of the Netherlands acquired Eggplant Topco Ltd of the UK
- Infopro Digital Group BV of the Netherlands acquired Haynes Publishing Group Plc of the UK

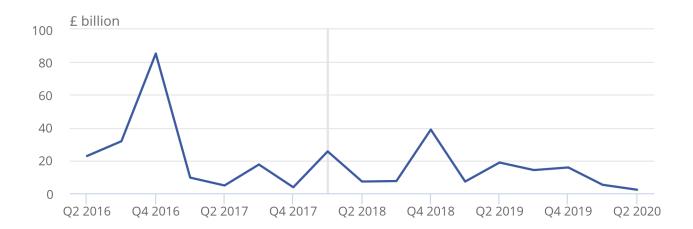
Value of quarterly inward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 4: Estimates for the value of inward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £2.1 billion to £85.2 billion

Value of quarterly inward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 4: Estimates for the value of inward mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £2.1 billion to £85.2 billion

Value of quarterly inward M& A transactions involving UK companies



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI).
- 3. Value of deals are in current prices and consequently do not account for the effects of inflation over time.

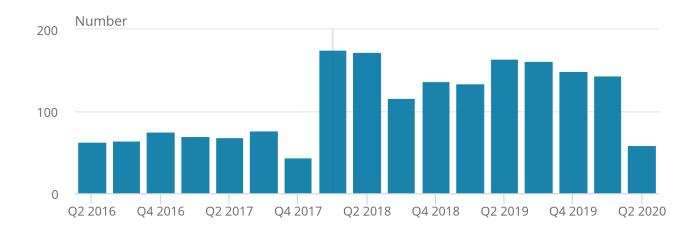
Number of quarterly inward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 5: The estimates for the number of inward M&A between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 44 to 176 transactions.

Number of quarterly inward M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 5: The estimates for the number of inward M& A between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 44 to 176 transactions.

Number of quarterly inward M& A transactions involving UK companies



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI).

There were 59 completed inward acquisitions in Quarter 2 2020, a decline of 85 transactions on the number reported in the previous guarter (144) and 106 fewer when compared with Quarter 2 2019 (165).

During Quarter 2 2020 there were 15 inward disposals of UK companies worth £1.0 billion,12 fewer transactions than those during Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 (27) and 22 fewer than Quarter 2 2019 (37).

5. Domestic mergers and acquisitions (M&A)

The value of domestic mergers and acquisitions (M&A) involving a change of majority share ownership was £0.3 billion in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 – the joint-lowest value recorded since Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec) 1975 (when it was also £0.3 billion).

Between Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 (£3.2 billion) and Quarter 2 2020 (£0.3 billion) the value of domestic M&A saw a notable decline, of £2.9 billion. This decline can be explained by the absence of domestic acquisitions worth in excess of £100m. The value recorded in Quarter 2 2020 (£0.3 billion) was also £2.4 billion lower than Quarter 2 2019 (£2.7 billion).

Value of quarterly domestic M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 6: Estimates for the value of domestic mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £0.3 billion to £11.9 billion

Value of quarterly domestic M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 6: Estimates for the value of domestic mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from £0.3 billion to £11.9 billion

Value of quarterly domestic M& A transactions involving UK companies



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; and Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Methodology Information (QMI).
- 3. Value of deals are in current prices and consequently do not account for the effects of inflation over time.

Number of quarterly domestic M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 7: The estimates for the number of completed domestic mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 54 to 303 transactions

Number of quarterly domestic M&A transactions involving UK companies

Figure 7: The estimates for the number of completed domestic mergers and acquisitions between Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 ranged from 54 to 303 transactions

Number of quarterly domestic M& A transactions involving UK companies



Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions Survey

Notes:

- 1. Quarter 1 covers January to March; Quarter 2 covers April to June; Quarter 3 covers July to September; and Quarter 4 covers October to December.
- 2. A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Quarter 1 2018 (shown as a solid line), which may lead to a structural break in the M&A statistical time series. Consequently, the estimates from 2018 onwards are not directly comparable with those for previous years. More information regarding these changes can be found in the Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI).

There were 73 completed domestic acquisitions involving a change of majority share ownership in Quarter 2 2020, a decrease of 158 on the number recorded in the previous quarter (231) and 148 fewer than Quarter 2 2019 (221).

6. Mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies data

Mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies

Dataset | Released 8 September 2020

Quarterly estimates of the value and number of mergers and acquisitions and disposals involving UK companies worth £1 million or more.

Mergers and acquisitions involving UK companies time series

Dataset | Released 8 September 2020

Quarterly data on the value and number of mergers, acquisitions and disposals involving UK companies with values of £1 million or more.

7. Glossary

Domestic mergers and acquisitions

Mergers and acquisitions of UK companies acquiring other UK companies.

Inward mergers and acquisitions

Mergers, acquisitions and disposals of UK companies by foreign companies.

Outward mergers and acquisitions

Mergers, acquisitions and disposals of foreign companies abroad by UK companies.

Mergers and acquisitions transactions

Mergers and acquisitions (M&A) occur when one company takes control of another company. The internationally agreed definition of a M&A deal is when one company gains more than 50% of the ordinary shares (or voting rights) of the acquired company.

Disinvestments (Disposal transactions)

Disinvestment or disposal transaction refer to the sell-off of certain assets such as a manufacturing plant; division or product line; or a disposal of the ordinary share ownership of a subsidiary company.

Transaction aggregates

The following are definitions of reasons why revisions to the aggregates for M&A transactions valued at £100 million and greater principally occur.

Completion of transactions

On announcement of a proposed transaction, an expected completion date is usually given. The publicly-reported values will be allocated to the quarter of expected completion. If the transaction is ultimately completed in an earlier or later quarter, the recorded values will be reallocated to the new quarter.

Publicly-reported values

Publicly-reported values are initially used to compile the aggregates. These can vary considerably from the values ultimately supplied by the respondents, frequently because the assumption of debt has been included in the publicly-reported value. A nominal value is applied if no publicly-reported value is available. The final values used to create the aggregates are those supplied by the respondent.

Non-completion of transactions

On announcement of a proposed transaction the publicly-reported value of the transaction is recorded. If the transaction does not subsequently take place the recorded value will be deleted.

Non-share transactions

On announcement of a proposed transaction it may appear that there will be transactions in the share capital of the companies involved and the publicly-reported values will be recorded. If subsequent information contradicts this, the recorded values will be amended or deleted.

Control

On announcement of a proposed transaction it may appear that the transaction will give the purchasing company control of the purchased company, that is, a share ownership of greater than 50%. If subsequent information contradicts this, the recorded values will be amended or deleted.

Revisions from M&A data source

The current source provider of M&A deal information continually updates its database. Therefore, any new and additional reported transactions which completed in previous quarterly periods will be included as revisions to deal data and information.

Revisions from respondents

Very occasionally companies will restate the values that they have previously supplied to us.

8. Measuring the data

Mergers and acquisitions (M&A) statistics from Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2018 fully incorporate the Bureau van Dijk (BVD) Zephyr data source and methods. This new data source has improved the coverage of smaller M&A transactions and therefore results in a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported; users are therefore advised to take care when comparing the latest estimates with the number of transactions reported for quarters prior to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2018. See Methodology Information for more details.

The previous M&A estimates for Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 have been revised to reflect new information received after our last publication in <u>June 2020</u>. The detailed revisions analysis is given in Table R1 which is attached to this publication.

No further revisions to estimates prior to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 have been made. Therefore, time series statistics for all quarters of 2019 and any previous historic quarterly and annual periods remain unchanged.

Table 1: Survey response rates for Mergers and Acquisitions survey Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2020 and Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020

Cross-Border Mergers and Acquisitions (CBAM) Outwards

Reference Period	Quarter 1 2020	Quarter 2 2020
Response Rate (%)	89%	90%
Cross-Border Mergers and Acquisitions (CBAM) Inwards		
Reference Period	Quarter 1 2020	Quarter 2 2020
Response Rate (%)	100%	100%
Domestic Mergers and Acquisitions (DAM)		
Reference Period	Quarter 1 2020	Quarter 2 2020
Response Rate (%)	100%	100%

Source: Office for National Statistics - Mergers and Acquisitions survey

Notes

- 1. Previous guarter responses have been revised latest guarter responses are provisional.
- 2. Quarter 1 is January to March 2020; Quarter 2 is April to June 2020.

After EU withdrawal

As the UK leaves the EU, it is important that our statistics continue to be of high quality and are internationally comparable. During the transition period, those UK statistics that align with EU practice and rules will continue to do so in the same way as before 31 January 2020. We will continue to produce statistics broken down to EU and non-EU aggregates.

After the transition period, we will continue to produce our mergers and acquisitions statistics in line with the UK Statistics Authority's <u>Code of Practice for Statistics</u> and in accordance with internationally-agreed statistical guidance and standards. This is based on the International Monetary Fund's (IMF's) <u>Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual sixth edition (BPM6)</u>, until those standards are updated.

Data published in Mergers and Acquisitions involving UK companies statistical releases also form part of the broader system of UK National Accounts, which will be produced in line with international standards as laid down in the <u>European System of Accounts (ESA) 2010</u> until the EU budgets are finalised for the years in which we were a member, as specified in the Withdrawal Agreement.

9. Strengths and limitations

We produce statistics on the number and value of M&A transactions. This information is presented in the following way:

- transactions are only recorded in Office for National Statistics (ONS) statistics once the deal has been legally completed
- each transaction has a value of at least £1 million
- the transactions results in a change of ultimate control of the target company
- all values are in current prices, and therefore have not been adjusted for the effects of inflation

These are among the main reasons our M&A statistics can differ from those reported in other sources. There can be a substantial time gap between the point at which a deal is announced and when it is legally completed. In addition, in some cases, announced M&A deals do not take place. ONS statistics on disposals (or de-mergers) are also included in tables alongside this bulletin. These are typically fewer in number per quarter, which can lead to greater suppression of statistics to mitigate disclosure. The focus of this bulletin is on acquisitions, although some of the more complex deals can include the disposal of some part of the newly-created corporate structure.

It is sometimes necessary to suppress figures for certain items in order to avoid disclosing information about an individual business. Further information on why data are suppressed is available in the ONS <u>Disclosure Control Policy</u>.

It is not uncommon for the value of M&A transactions to vary considerably from one quarter to the next. This mainly reflects the nature of M&A activity in that these capture one-off deals. Therefore, if a particularly high-value M&A deal completes in a given quarter, it can make that quarter seem out of line with those that precede and follow it.

The volatility of M&A transactions also makes it difficult to link M&A statistics with other economic indicators – such as gross domestic product – or global events because of the time it can take between announcing and completing a M&A deal. It can therefore be more informative to look at longer-term trends within M&A statistics rather than focusing on quarterly movements. Details of any notable M&A deals that completed in Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2020 can be found in the respective sections of this bulletin.

Contextual external evidence

Global merger, acquisitions and disposals activity can be driven by the availability of credit. Therefore, when credit conditions deteriorate, as happened in the 2008 to 2009 economic downturn, M&A activity may decline. M&A activity can also be affected by the economic outlook and company profits, in addition to a range of other economic factors. The process of completing a M&A transaction takes time and sometimes there may be a lag between improving economic conditions and any change in M&A activity. Therefore, it is important to consider the M&A data within the wider economic context.

The following commentary summarises some external evidence from the Bank of England's Credit Conditions Survey and Agents' Summary of Business Conditions report.

The Credit Conditions Survey for Quarter 2 2020 stated that "the availability of credit to the corporate sector increased for all business sizes in Quarter 2 2020. Total corporate credit availability was expected to increase only slightly in Quarter 3 2020. Several lenders noted that the schemes recently launched by the Government to support lending to businesses underpinned the reported increase in availability in Quarter 2 2020". The same report also stated "Lenders reported that spreads on corporate lending to small firms narrowed in Qurter 2 2020, but had widened slightly for medium businesses and widened for large businesses. Spreads on lending to small and medium businesses were expected to narrow in Quarter 3 2020, while for large firms they were expected to widen slightly".

The Agents' Summary of Business Conditions report Quarter 2 2020 stated that "contacts reported a sharp fall in transactional business, such as mergers and acquisitions and property-related services. Demand for marketing, advertising and recruitment services also weakened markedly as companies cut discretionary spending and put hiring on hold. Demand for credit is high and expected to increase as companies start to reopen over the coming months. Many companies across different sectors continued to report high demand for credit – either in the form of existing facilities or new loans – to address cash flow issues or finance working capital. Government schemes have helped to increase the supply of credit, but availability remained tight for some larger companies in vulnerable sectors. Many small companies are reluctant to increase their borrowing, often because they already have high levels of debt, are concerned they will struggle to repay loans or are reluctant to encumber their assets". The report also stated that "companies have mostly cancelled or postponed non-essential investment to preserve cash buffers, and many are uncertain when or whether investment plans will be reinstated. So far there have been relatively few reports of insolvencies, which contacts attributed to government support measures and recent legal changes. However, insolvency practitioners and lawyers expect business failures to increase in the coming months as the Government's Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) is phased out".

More quality and methodology information on strengths, limitations, appropriate uses, and how the data were created is available in the <u>Mergers and Acquisitions Quality and Methodology Information (QMI)</u>.

10. Related links

Foreign direct investment involving UK companies: 2018

Bulletin | Released 3 November 2019

Direct investment of UK companies abroad (outward) and foreign companies into the UK (inward), including investment flows, positions and earnings, by country, component and industry

Mergers and acquisitions activity in context: 2018

Article | Released 5 March 2019

Commentary outlining provisional statistics on mergers and acquisitions (M&A) involving UK companies for 2018.

UK mergers and acquisitions in context, activity by industry: 2015 to 2017

Article | Released 30 October 2018

Transactions that result in a change of ultimate control of the target company, analysed at an industry group level.

	Tran	sactions abroad l	by UK companies ^t	5	Transa	ctions in the UK by	foreign companies	5
	Acquisit	tions	Dispos	sals	Acquisit	ions	Dispos	als
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAQ	CBBI	CBAS	CBBT	CBAU	CBCQ	CBAW	CBDB
2010	199	12 414	73	11 411	212	36 643	58	9 891
2011	286	50 234	80	14 111	237	32 967	69	11 748
2012	122	17 933	40		161	17 414	27	
2013	58				141	31 839	26	1 913
2014	113	20 647	36	5 288	110	15 041	23	
2015	170	25 561	42	16 852	145	33 335	35	7 451
2016	141	17 292	42	15 420	262	189 968	35	-
2017	155	77 525	56	10 480	259	35 227	55	13 216
2018	301	23 808	48	12 101	603	78 787	71	16 932
2019	261	21 888	68	12 631	609	55 556	146	12 542
2016 Q3	46	3 094			65	31 655		
Q4	22	3 449	••		76	85 184	13	3 927
2017 Q1	46	2 587	15	1 412	70	9 461	11	1 878
Q2	35	18 548	16	2 050	68	4 727	20	3 809
Q3	47	51 773	17	6 507	77	17 480	17	6 463
Q4	27	4 617	8	511	44	3 559	7	1 066
2018 Q1	82	6 159	17	2 573	176	25 502	16	7 340
Q2	74	2 710	14	2 907	173	7 067	23	3 078
Q3	67	4 457	12	5 032	117	7 374	18	4 650
Q4	78	10 482	5	1 589	137	38 844	14	1 864
2019 Q1	88	7 927	14	1 238	134	7 103	36	1 894
Q2	58	1 658	14	700	165	18 683	37	886
Q3	57	9 270	27	10 088	161	14 065	38	5 781
Q4	58	3 033	13	605	149	15 705	35	3 981
2020 Q1	88 [†]	4 063 [†]	18 [†]	6 236 [†]	144 [†]	5 142 [†]	27 [†]	1 174 ¹
	00	1 000		0 200		0 1 10	7.	1 007

Mergers and acquisitions abroad by UK companies: source of funding

£million

1 027

	Tota	N 3	Direct trans	actions ⁴		Indirect transac	tions of which:	£IIIIIIOII
		al -		actions		munect transac	tions of which.	
			Funds paid by UK p		Funded by from UK		Funds locally a	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
-	CBAQ	CBBI	CBBU	CBBV	CBBW	CBBX	CBBY	CBBZ
2010	199	12 414	149	10 507	38	1 166	26	741
2011	286	50 234	223	36 912	47	4 999	35	8 323
2012	122	17 933	83	9 523	29	8 094	19	316
2013	58		44	2 935	11		4	
2014	113	20 647	79	6 888	35	7 641	77	6 118
2015	170	25 561	155	21 604	30	1 323	83	2 641
2016	141	17 292	142	9 838	23	3 978	58	3 859
2017	155	77 525	148	74 230	37	2 191	74	1 104
2018	301	23 808	244	18 553				
2019	261	21 888	68	21 440				

3 289

Disclosive data indicated by .

Q2

20

4 360

2 149

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any.

¹ Includes acquisitions by foreign companies routed through their UK subsidiary companies

² The deal identification threshold has been increased at Q1 2010 from £0.1m to £1.0m and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

³ Where a transaction is funded in more than one way, it is included in 'Number' in each method but only once in 'Total'. Therefore numbers may not sum exactly across the columns.

⁴ Transactions for which details about financing have not been confirmed are included amongst direct transactions. The figures are subsequently revised when details become available.

⁵ A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q1 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

⁶ Improved methodology to identify the number and value of disposal transactions was introduced from Q1 2019.

	Tota	al ¹	Direct trans	Indirect transactio	ns of which:			
			Funds paid to UK pa		Repayment of lo		Funds retained	d abroad
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAS	CBBT	CBCA	CBCB	CBCC	CBCD	CBCE	CBCF
2010	73	11 411	59	8 423	4	71	15	2 917
2011	80	14 111	66	12 533	6	598	13	980
2012	40		30	5 817	3		11	
2013			28	5 682	2			
2014	36	5 288	28	4 610	7	323	11	355
2015	42	16 852	44	16 617	_	_	8	1 222
2016	42	15 420	43	15 297				
2017	56	10 480	60	10 078	4	85	11	315
2018	48	12 101	40	11 829				
2019	68	12 631	35	12 481				

Mergers and acquisitions in the UK by foreign companies: source of funding

	ions of which:	Indirect transacti		ctions ²	Direct transa	al ¹	Tota	
the UK	Funds raised in		Funded by from foreign of		Funds paid dire			
Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	
CBIC	CBIB	CBIA	CBHZ	CBDD	CBDC	CBCQ	CBAU	
1 416	34	1 687	36	33 540	161	36 643	212	2010
3 257	49	12 598	50	17 112	158	32 967	237	2011
1 538	35	4 217	48	11 659	103	17 414	161	2012
	25		39	8 391	94	31 839	141	2013
1 934	61	2 702	27	10 404	78	15 041	110	2014
3 620	39	707	14	29 009	150	33 335	145	2015
2 817	97	2 495	29	184 656	274	189 968	262	2016
2 078	94	1 582	26	31 567	257	35 227	259	2017
7 354	17	111	5	71 323	123	78 787	603	2018
				48 475	100	55 556	609	2019

5 Disposals in the UK by foreign companies: funds realised

C	:11		
£m	Ш	llor	l

,	Tota	al ¹	Direct trans	actions ²	I	ndirect transaction	ns of which:	
			Funds paid to foreign		Repayment o foreign pa		Funds re in the	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAW	CBDB	CBID	CBIE	CBIF	CBIG	CBIH	CBII
2010	58	9 891	43	4 961	5	928	15	4 002
2011	69	11 748	49	8 589	9	1 190	22	1 969
2012	27		23	5 821			6	96
2013	26	1 913	19	1 541	3		9	
2014	23		17	2 415				
2015	35	7 451	38	7 006				
2016	35		40	6 095				
2017	55	13 216	58	13 015				
2018	71	16 932	56	10 542				
2019	146	12 542	51	10 648				

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any. Disclosive data indicated by ..

¹ Where a transaction is funded in more than one way, it is included in 'Number' in each method but only once in 'Total'. Therefore numbers may not sum exactly across the columns.

² Transactions for which details about financing have not been confirmed are included amongst direct transactions. The figures are subsequently revised when details become available.

⁻indicates data is zero or less than £0.5m

³ The deal identification threshold has been increased at Q1 2010 from £0.1m to £1.0m and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

⁴ A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q1 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

⁵ Improved methodology to identify the number and value of disposal transactions was introduced from Q1 2019.

+m		

	World	Total	EU		Other E	Other Europe		e Total	USA	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAQ	CBBI	CBAY	CBAZ	HCK3	HCK4	HCJ3	HCJ4	CBBA	CBBB
2010	199	12 414	66	2 979	18	471	84	3 450	53	6 223
2011	286	50 234	75	20 666	29	2 760	104	23 426	83	9 342
2012	122	17 933	34	7 932	12	842	46	8 774	41	5 384
2013	58		16	6 216	7	376	23	6 592	8	600
2014	113	20 647	33	11 404	15	2 279	48	13 683	27	4 987
2015	170	25 561	55	7 712	16	7 715	71	15 427	61	6 136
2016	141	17 292	49	2 112	13	1 494	62	3 606	36	12 542
2017	155	77 525	62	2 394	10	484	72	2 878	55	71 678
2018	301	23 808	149	4 348	14	2 036	163	6 385	73	15 663
2019	261	21 888	99	9 412	13	1 724	112	11 136	86	8 902

	Other Am	nericas	America	as Total	As	ia	Australasia &	Oceania	Afri	ca
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	HCL3	HCL4	НСМ3	HCM4	HCN3	HCN4	HCO3	HCO4	HCP3	HCP4
2010	20	918	73	7 141	16	630	19	667	7	526
2011	30	2 410	113	11 752	33	6 807	16	7 666	19	583
2012	18	2 640	59	8 024	7	458	5		5	
2013	13	323	21	923						
2014	17	1 135	44	6 122	12	637				
2015	18	2 381	79	8 517			9	859		
2016	18	745	54	13 287	10	293				
2017	10	392	65	72 068						
2018	25	812	98	16 476	19	636	18	234	3	77
2019	20	775	106	9 677	14	390	23	599	6	86

Area analysis of disposals abroad by UK companies

£million

	World	Total	EU		Other E	Other Europe		Total	USA	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAS	CBBT	CBBJ	CBBK	HCK5	HCK6	HCJ5	HCJ6	CBBL	CBBM
2010	73	11 411	27	1 529	5	263	32	1 792	15	7 465
2011	80	14 111	32	4 857	4	57	36	4 914	18	4 715
2012	40						17	2 764	7	1 038
2013			12	1 589	3	128	15	1 717	9	3 691
2014	36	5 288					18	2 887		
2015	42	16 852	18	6 270	4	541	22	6 811		
2016	42	15 420					19	916	10	8 859
2017	56	10 480					23	2 486		
2018	48	12 101					24	6 254		
2019	68	12 631					32	9 708		

	Other Am	nericas	America	s Total	Asia		Australasia &	Oceania	Africa	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	HCL5	HCL6	HCM5	HCM6	HCN5	HCN6	HCO5	HCO6	HCP5	HCP6
2010	4	897	19	8 362	11	117	5	609	6	531
2011	9	1 559	27	6 274	10		5		2	
2012	6	2 189	13	3 227	2	1 220	3		6	46
2013	_	_	9	3 691			4			
2014			14	2 228						
2015			10	2 828					4	73
2016	11	5 621	21	14 478			_	_		
2017			21	5 170	8	295		_		
2018			9	2 043			5	400		
2019			11	407	19	510				

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any.

Disclosive data indicated by ..

⁻indicates data is zero or less than £0.5m

¹ The deal identification threshold has been increased at Q1 2010 from $\mathfrak{L}0.1m$ to $\mathfrak{L}1.0m$ and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

² A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q1 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions

³ Improved methodology to identify the number and value of disposal transactions was introduced from Q1 2019.

£million

	World Total		EU		Other Europe		Europe Total		USA	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAU	CBCQ	CBCG	CBCH	HCJ7	HCJ8	HCI7	HCI8	CBCI	CBCJ
2010	212	36 643	47	3 856	29	4 079	76	7 935	85	19 124
2011	237	32 967	69	6 238	23	1 395	92	7 633	87	21 489
2012	161	17 414	53	3 533	21	1 094	74	4 627	50	6 217
2013	141	31 839	35		18		53	24 172	54	3 408
2014	110	15 041	31	4 681	14	700	45	5 381	42	6 318
2015	145	33 335	34	5 816	14	2 004	48	7 820	48	11 083
2016	262	189 968	84	125 172	23	1 370	107	126 541	89	30 313
2017	259	35 227	80	9 224	21	5 894	101	15 120	84	8 232
2018	603	78 787	190	5 649	64	12 168	254	17 817	231	52 678
2019	609	55 556	172	11 320	81	1 773	253	13 092	222	30 223

	Other Americas		Americas Total		Asia		Australasia & Oceania		Africa	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	HCK7	HCK8	HCL7	HCL8	HCM7	HCM8	HCN7	HCN8	HCO7	HCO8
2010	30	5 156	115	24 280	16	4 210	3	14	2	204
2011	22	1 690	109	23 179	18	1 367	14	762	4	26
2012	21	4 256	71	10 473	12	2 277	1		3	
2013	16	1 529	70	4 937	13		2		3	
2014	8	1 317	50	7 635	12	1 932				
2015	25	9 052	73	20 137	17	4 680				
2016	21	2 471	110	32 784	35	29 946				
2017	34	6 653	118	14 885	26	2 856	9	2 260	5	105
2018	36	4 351	267	57 028	55	1 698	17	925	10	1 319
2019	61	4 716	283	34 938	46	6 139	15	664	12	722

Area analysis of disposals in the UK by foreign companies

£million

	World Total		EU		Other Europe		Europe Total		USA	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	CBAW	CBDB	CBCR	CBCS	HCJ9	HCK2	HCI9	HCJ2	CBCT	CBCU
2010	58	9 891	19	6 722	10	271	29	6 993	15	1 216
2011	69	11 748	26	6 539	9	394	35	6 933	18	2 993
2012	27		11	1 054	7		18		4	
2013	26	1 913	9	862	3	36	12	898	8	
2014	23						13	1 949		
2015	35	7 451	10	1 117	10	3 399	20	4 516		
2016	35		13	3 322	8	1 336	21	4 658		
2017	55	13 216	18	3 698	11	1 151	29	4 846	10	5 123
2018	71	16 932	20	3 195	8	3 464	28	6 659	20	1 766
2019	146	12 542	50	1 178	22	487	72	1 664	42	7 635

	Other Americas		Americas Total		Asia		Australasia & Oceania		Africa	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	HCK9	HCL2	HCL9	HCM2	HCM9	HCN2	HCN9	HCO2	HCO9	HCP2
2010	8	642	23	1 858	3	1 033	3	7	_	_
2011	6	687	24	3 680	8		2		_	_
2012	3		7	3 601			_	_		
2013	2		10	611	3	328	1		_	_
2014			8	809			_	-		
2015			13	2 911			_	_	_	_
2016			12	1 245			_	_	_	_
2017	7	1 108	17	6 230	6	1 562			_	_
2018	10	1 748	30	3 514						
2019	20	1 256	62	8 890						

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any

Disclosive data indicated by .

-indicates data is zero or less than £0.5m

¹ The deal identification threshold has been increased at Q1 2010 from £0.1m to £1.0m and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

² A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q1 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions

³ Improved methodology to identify the number and value of disposal transactions was introduced from Q1 2019.

£million

	Total all mergers and acquisitions ²		Mergers and acquired independent con		Sales of subsidiaries between company groups ²	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
	AIHA	DUCM	DWVH	HIKB	DWVL	HIKC
2010	325	12 605	243	7 775	82	4 830
2011	373	8 089	276	5 265	97	2 824
2012	266	3 413	216	2 536	50	877
2013	238	7 665	175	4 135	63	3 530
2014	189	8 032	150	5 968	39	2 063
2015	245	6 920	194	4 640	51	2 280
2016	428	24 688	383	11 038	45	13 650
2017	364	18 783	323	15 451	41	3 332
2018	960	27 732	541	19 046	419	8 685
2019	911	9 040	480	5 705	431	3 336
2016 Q3	115	3 575	96	2 615	19	960
	90	2 462	96		19	
Q4	90	2 462	••	**	••	••
2017 Q1	97	3 295	83	2 658	14	636
Q2	114	4 855				
Q3	99	5 379	92	5 308	7	70
Q4	54	5 254	••			
2018 Q1	225	7 176	111	5 119	114	2 057
Q2	212	11 941	126	9 436	86	2 505
Q3	220	2 991	136	1 720	84	1 271
Q4	303	5 624	168	2 771	135	2 852
2019 Q1	244	2 054	134	1 013	110	1 041
Q2	221	2 689	115	2 130	106	559
Q3	217	1 701	105	813	112	888
Q4	229	2 596	126	1 749	103	848
2020 Q1	231 [†]	3 229 [†]	120 [†]	987 [†]	111 [†]	2 237 [†]
Q2	73	336	29	88	44	248

Mergers and acquisitions in the UK by UK companies: category of expenditure

£million

			Expenditure ²		Percentage of expend	diture ²		
		Ca	sh	Issues of	Issues of fixed			Issues of fixed
	Total	Independent companies	Subsidiaries	ordinary shares	interest securities	Cash	Issues of ordinary shares	interest securities
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	DUCM 12 605 8 089 3 413 7 665 8 032	DWVW 6 175 4 432 1 937 3 690 3 249	DWVX 4 520 2 667 789 3 475 1 947	AIHD 1 560 719 419 353 2 782	AIHE 350 271 268 147 51	DWVY 85 87 82 92 65	DWVZ 12 10 10 6 35	DWWA 3 4 8 2
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	6 920 24 688 18 783 27 732 9 040	3 365 5 493 8 036 7 633 3 605	1 871 5 308 3 097 8 487 3 104	1 418 13 471 7 286 11 551 2 331	265 418 364 63	74 43 59 58 74	22 55 39 42 26	4 2 2 - -
2016 Q3 Q4	3 575 2 462	1 610 1 270	943 374	875 742	148 76	71 67	24 30	5 3
2017 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	3 295 4 855 5 379 5 254	2 615 1 922	419 390	138 136 	122 92 	92 44	4 3 	4 2
2018 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	7 176 11 941 2 991 5 624	1 936 2 809 1 687 1 201	1 957 2 424 1 259 2 847	 45 	:: - -	54 44 98 72	 2 	:- - - -
2019 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	2 054 2 689 1 701 2 596	1 009 772 812 1 012	991 543 808 762	54 81 	- - - -	97 49 95 68	3 5	- :- -
2020 Q1 Q2	3 229 [†] 336	655 [†] 88	2 109 [†] 236		 	85 97	 	

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any Disclosive data are indicated with ...

¹ The deal identification threshold has been increased from q1 2010 from £0.1m to £1.0m and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

² A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q1 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions reported.

		Net transactions abroad by UK companies ³		in the UK panies ³	Net cross-border transactions involving UK companies ³	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
2010	126	1 003	154	26 752	-28	-25 749
2011	206	36 123	168	21 219	38	14 904
2012	82		134		-52	
2013			115	29 926		
2014	77	15 359	87		-10	
2015	128	8 709	110	25 884	18	-17 175
2016	99	1 872	227		-128	
2017	99	67 045	204	22 011	-105	45 034
2018	253	11 707	532	61 855	-279	-50 148
2019	193	9 257	463	43 014	-270	-33 757
2016 02						
2016 Q3 Q4		 	 63	81 257		
2017 Q1	31	1 175	59	7 583	-28	-6 408
Q2	19	16 498	48	918	-28 -29	15 580
Q2 Q3	30	45 266	60	11 017	-29 -30	34 249
Q4	19	4 106	37	2 493	_30 _18	1 613
2018 Q1	65	3 586	160	18 162	-95	-14 576
Q2	60	-197	150	3 989	-90	-4 186
Q3	55	-575	99	2 724	-44	-3 299
Q4	73	8 893	123	36 980	-50	-28 087
2019 Q1	74	6 689	98	5 209	-24	1 480
Q2	44	958	128	17 797	-84	-16 839
Q3	30	-818	123	8 284	-93	-9 102
Q4	45	2 428	114	11 724	-69	-9 296
2020 Q1	70 [†]	−2 173 [†]	117 [†]	3 968 [†]	-47^{\dagger}	-6 141 [†]
Q2	17	1 071	44	1 122	-27	-51

[†] Indicates earliest revision, if any.

Disclosive data indicated by ..

1 Includes acquisitions by foreign companies routed through their UK subsidiary companies.

² The deal identification threshold has been increased at Q1 2010 from £0.1m to £1.0m and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transac-

tions reported.

3 A new method for compiling M&A statistics was introduced from Q2 2018, and as a consequence there is a discontinuity in the number of transactions report-

REVISIONS ANALYSIS Revisions since last mergers and acquisitions publication

		£ million
	2019	2020 Q1
СВВІ	_	696
CBBT	-	5 296
CBCQ	_	559
CBDB	_	893
DUCM	_	22
HIKB	_	11 5
HIKC	_	5
DWVW	_	11
DWVX	_	39

•	CBET CBCQ CBDB DUCM HIKB HIKC	CBBI — CBBT — CBCQ — CBDB — DUCM — HIKB — HIKC — DWVW — DWVX — AIHD —