

Statistical bulletin

UK labour market: May 2018

Estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity and other employment-related statistics for the UK.



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1 . Main points for January to March 2018

- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey show that, between October to December 2017 and January to March 2018, the number of people in work increased, the number of unemployed people decreased and the number of people aged from 16 to 64 years not working and not seeking or available to work (economically inactive) also decreased.
- There were 32.34 million people in work, 197,000 more than for October to December 2017 and 396,000 more than for a year earlier.
- The employment rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were in work) was 75.6%, higher than for a year earlier (74.8%) and the highest since comparable records began in 1971.
- There were 1.42 million unemployed people (people not in work but seeking and available to work), 46,000 fewer than for October to December 2017 and 116,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The unemployment rate (the proportion of people in work plus unemployed people, who were unemployed) was 4.2%, down from 4.6% for a year earlier and the joint lowest since 1975.
- There were 8.66 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive (not working and not seeking or available to work), 115,000 fewer than for October to December 2017 and 171,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The inactivity rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive) was 21.0%, lower than for a year earlier (21.5%) and the lowest since comparable records began in 1971.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation) increased by 2.9% excluding bonuses, and by 2.6% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in real terms (that is, adjusted for price inflation) increased by 0.4% excluding bonuses, but were unchanged including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.

2 . Summary of latest labour market statistics

Table 1, Figure 1a and Figure 1b show the latest estimates, for January to March 2018, for employment, unemployment and economic inactivity and show how these estimates compare with the previous quarter (October to December 2017) and the previous year (January to March 2017). Comparing the estimates for January to March 2018 with those for October to December 2017 provides the most robust short-term comparison. See [Section 3](#) of this statistical bulletin for more information.

Table 1: Summary of labour market statistics for January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted

| | Number (thousands) | Change on Oct to Dec 2017 | Change on Jan to Mar 2017 | Headline Rate (%) | Change on Oct to Dec 2017 | Change on Jan to Mar 2017 |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Employed | 32,344 | 197 | 396 | | | |
| Aged 16 to 64 | 31,148 | 185 | 401 | 75.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Aged 65 and over | 1,196 | 13 | -5 | | | |
| Unemployed | 1,425 | -46 | -116 | 4.2 | -0.2 | -0.4 |
| Aged 16 to 64 | 1,402 | -46 | -125 | | | |
| Aged 65 and over | 22 | 1 | 9 | | | |
| Inactive | 19,199 | -76 | 29 | | | |
| Aged 16 to 64 | 8,658 | -115 | -171 | 21.0 | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| Aged 65 and over | 10,541 | 39 | 200 | | | |

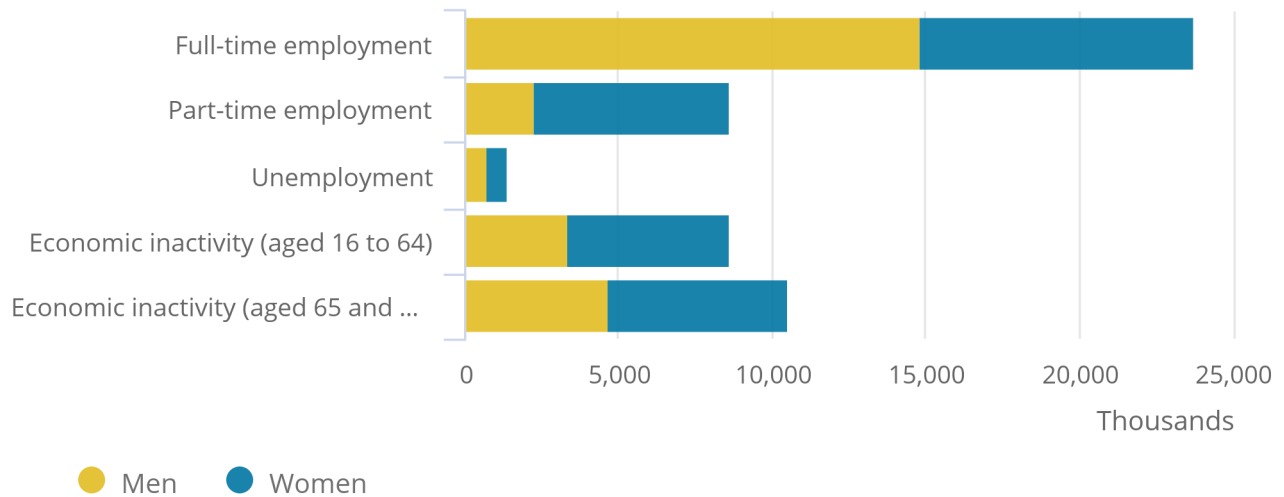
Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Calculation of headline employment rate: Number of employed people aged from 16 to 64 years divided by the population aged from 16 to 64 years. Population is the sum of employed plus unemployed plus inactive.
2. Calculation of headline unemployment rate: Number of unemployed people aged 16 years and over divided by the sum of employed people aged 16 years and over plus unemployed people aged 16 years and over.
3. Calculation of headline economic inactivity rate: Number of economically inactive people aged from 16 to 64 years divided by the population aged from 16 to 64 years. Population is the sum of employed plus unemployed plus inactive.
4. Components may not sum exactly to totals due to rounding.

Figure 1a: Summary of UK labour market statistics for January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted

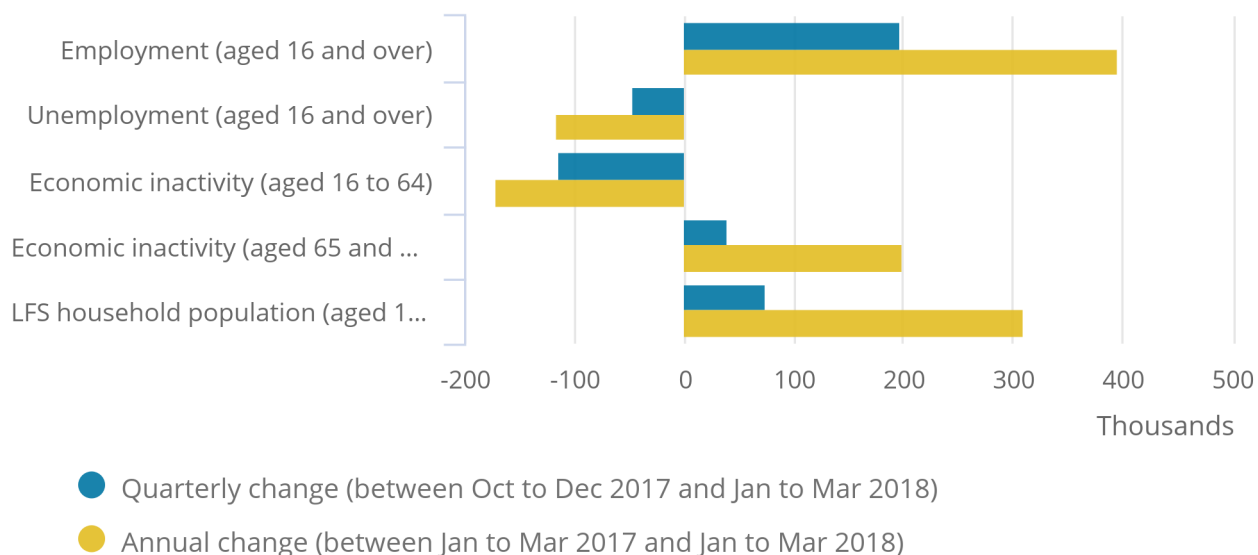
Figure 1a: Summary of UK labour market statistics for January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Figure 1b: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of people in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted

Figure 1b: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of people in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

3 . Things you need to know about this release

About labour market statuses

Everybody aged 16 or over is either [employed](#), [unemployed](#) or [economically inactive](#). The employment estimates include all people in paid work including those working part-time. People not working are classed as unemployed if they have been looking for work within the last four weeks and are able to start work within the next two weeks. A common misconception is that the unemployment statistics are a count of people on benefits; this is not the case as they include unemployed people not claiming benefits.

Jobless people who have not been looking for work within the last four weeks or who are unable to start work within the next two weeks are classed as economically inactive. Examples of economically inactive people include people not looking for work because they are students, looking after the family or home, because of illness or disability or because they have retired.

[Explaining the concepts of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity](#) is available from the National Archives website as a short video.

Making comparisons with earlier data derived from the Labour Force Survey

Estimates of employment, unemployment, economic inactivity, hours worked and redundancies are derived from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a survey of households. The most robust estimates of short-term movements in these estimates are obtained by comparing the estimates for January to March 2018 with the [estimates for October to December 2017](#), which were first published on 21 February 2018. This provides a more robust estimate than comparing with the estimates for December 2017 to February 2018. This is because the January and February 2018 data are included within both estimates, so effectively observed differences are those between the individual months of December 2017 and March 2018. The LFS is sampled such that it is representative of the UK population over a three- month period, not for single month periods.

Accuracy and reliability of survey estimates

Most of the figures in this statistical bulletin come from surveys of households or businesses and are therefore estimates rather than precise figures. Further information is available in the [Quality and Methodology](#) section of this statistical bulletin.

Where to find explanatory information

A [Guide to labour market statistics](#), which includes a [Glossary](#), is available.

4 . Employment

[Employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. Further information is available at Notes for Employment at the end of this section.

A [comparison between estimates of employment and jobs](#) is available.

Commentary

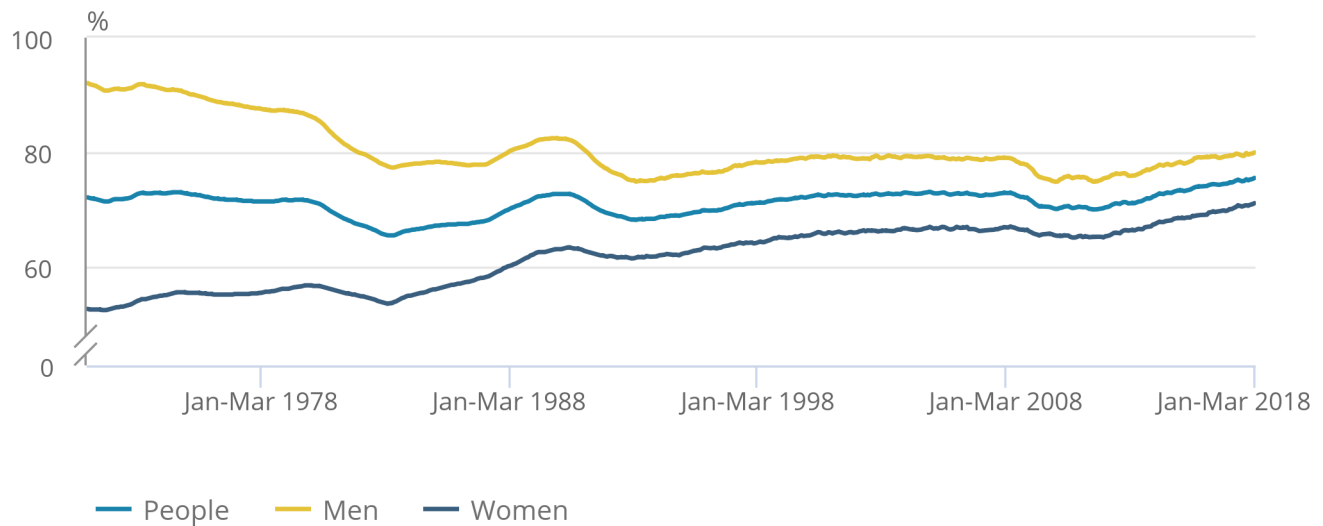
The proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years in work is known as the employment rate. Figure 2 shows the employment rates for people, men and women aged from 16 to 64 years since comparable records began in 1971. The lowest employment rate for people was 65.6% in 1983, during the economic downturn of the early 1980s. The employment rates for people, men and women have been generally increasing since early 2012. For the latest time period, January to March 2018, the employment rate for people was 75.6%, up from 74.8% for a year earlier and the highest since comparable records began in 1971.

Figure 2: UK employment rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018

Figure 2: UK employment rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

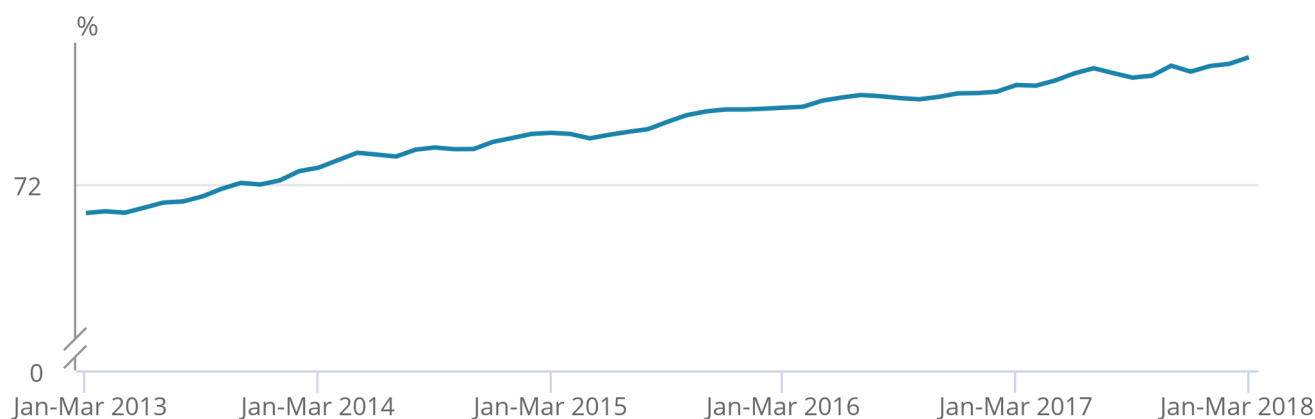
Figure 3 looks in more detail at the employment rate for people for the last five years.

Figure 3: UK employment rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018

Figure 3: UK employment rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For January to March 2018:

- 75.6% of people aged from 16 to 64 years were in work, the highest employment rate for people since comparable records began in 1971
- 80.0% of men aged from 16 to 64 years were in work, the highest employment rate for men since February to April 1991
- 71.2% of women aged from 16 to 64 years were in work, the highest employment rate for women since comparable records began in 1971

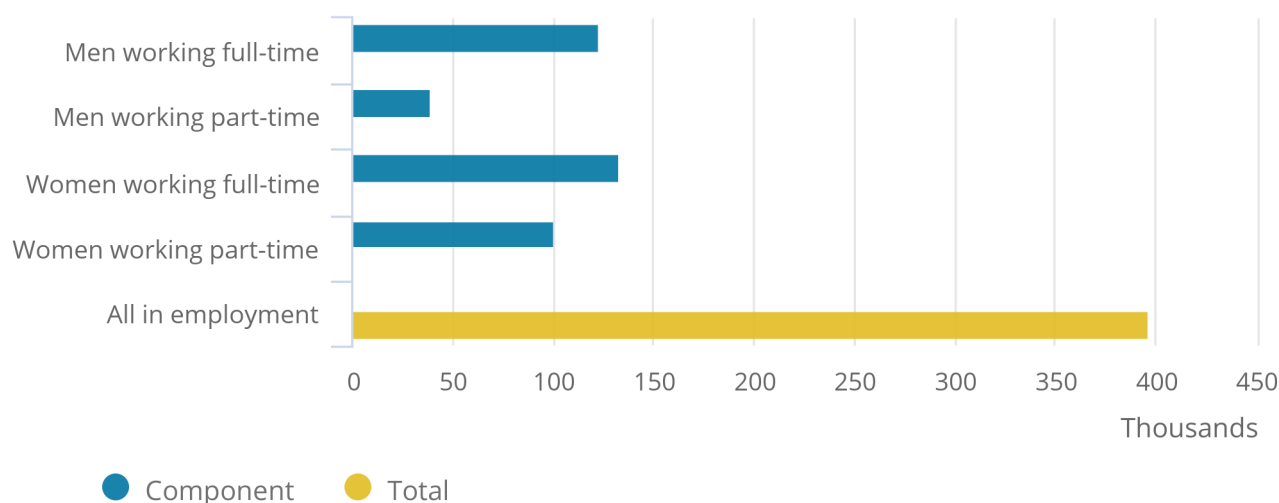
The increase in the employment rate for women over the last few years has been partly due to ongoing changes to the State Pension age for women, resulting in fewer women retiring between the ages of 60 and 65.

For January to March 2018, there were 32.34 million people in work, 197,000 more than for October to December 2017 and 396,000 more than for a year earlier.

Figure 4 shows how the estimates for full-time and part-time employment by sex for January to March 2018 compare with those for a year earlier. The annual increase in the number of people in employment (396,000) was mainly due to more people in full-time employment (256,000).

Figure 4: Changes in people in employment in the UK between January to March 2017 and January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted

Figure 4: Changes in people in employment in the UK between January to March 2017 and January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Comparing the estimates for employees and self-employed people for January to March 2018 with those for a year earlier:

- employees increased by 480,000 to 27.43 million (84.8% of all people in work)
- self-employed people decreased by 38,000 to 4.75 million (14.7% of all people in work)

Employees and self-employed people do not account for all people in employment as there are two minor additional categories; unpaid family workers and people on government-supported training and employment programmes.

Where to find data about employment

Employment estimates are available at Tables 1 and 3 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets A02 SA](#) and [EMP01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

International comparisons of employment rates are available at Table 17 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A10](#).

Historic estimates of employment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A49 and A50).

Notes for: Employment

1. Employment consists of employees, self-employed people, unpaid family workers and people on government-supported training and employment programmes.
2. Unpaid family workers are people who work in a family business who do not receive a formal wage or salary but benefit from the profits of that business.
3. The government-supported training and employment programmes series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes people engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training who are not included in the employees or self-employed series. People on these programmes not engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training are not included in the employment estimates; they are classified as unemployed or economically inactive.

5 . Public and private sector employment (first published on 21 March 2018)

Things you need to know about public and private sector employment

[Public sector employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work in the public sector. The public sector comprises central government, local government and public corporations. Estimates of public sector employment are obtained from information provided by public sector organisations.

[Private sector employment](#) is estimated as the difference between total employment, sourced from the Labour Force Survey, and public sector employment.

Comparisons of public and private sector employment over time are impacted by changes to the composition of these sectors. For example, if a publicly owned body is privatised, public sector employment will fall and private sector employment will increase by an equivalent amount. This is known as a reclassification effect. At Table 4 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset EMP02](#) we therefore publish estimates of public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major, but not all, reclassifications alongside estimates of total public and private sector employment.

Commentary

The estimates of public and private sector employment for December 2017 have been impacted by the reclassification of English housing associations, which are included in the private sector for December 2017 but are included in the public sector between September 2008 and September 2017.

There were 5.35 million people employed in the public sector for December 2017. This was 132,000 fewer than for September 2017. This large fall in public sector employment was entirely due to the reclassification of English housing associations. Excluding the effects of this reclassification, public sector employment increased by 9,000 between September and December 2017.

There were 26.90 million people employed in the private sector for December 2017, 300,000 more than for September 2017. This large increase in private sector employment was partly due to the reclassification of English housing associations. Excluding the effects of this reclassification, private sector employment increased by 159,000 between September and December 2017.

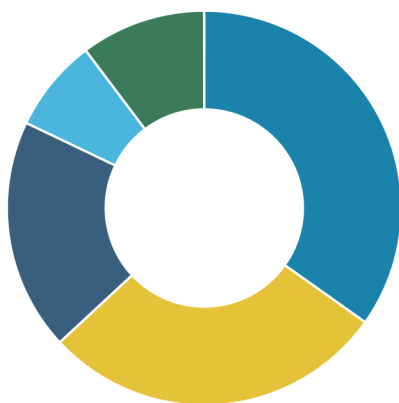
Figure 5 shows a breakdown of the 5.35 million people employed in the public sector for December 2017.

Figure 5: Public sector employment in the UK, millions of people (seasonally adjusted)

December 2017

Figure 5: Public sector employment in the UK, millions of people (seasonally adjusted)

December 2017



Source: Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey, Office for National Statistics

For December 2017, 16.6% of all people in work were employed in the public sector and the remaining 83.4% worked in the private sector.

Where to find data about public and private sector employment

Public and private sector employment estimates are available at Tables 4 and 4(1) of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets EMP02](#) and [EMP03](#).

Further information on public sector employment is available in the [Public sector employment release](#).

Historic estimates of public sector employment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A51).

6 . Actual hours worked

Things you need to know about actual hours worked

[Actual hours worked](#) measures the number of hours worked in the economy. Changes in actual hours worked reflect changes in the number of people in employment and the average hours worked by those people.

Commentary

Between October to December 2017 and January to March 2018, total hours worked per week increased by 6.6 million to 1.03 billion. This increase in hours worked per week reflected an increase of 197,000 in the number of people in employment (as explained in [Section 4 of this statistical bulletin](#)).

For January to March 2018:

- people worked, on average, 31.9 hours per week, unchanged compared with October to December 2017 but 0.3 hours fewer than for a year earlier
- people working full-time worked, on average, 37.1 hours per week in their main job, little changed compared with October to December 2017 but 0.4 hours fewer than for a year earlier
- people working part-time worked, on average, 16.3 hours per week in their main job, 0.2 hours more than for October to December 2017 and slightly more than for a year earlier

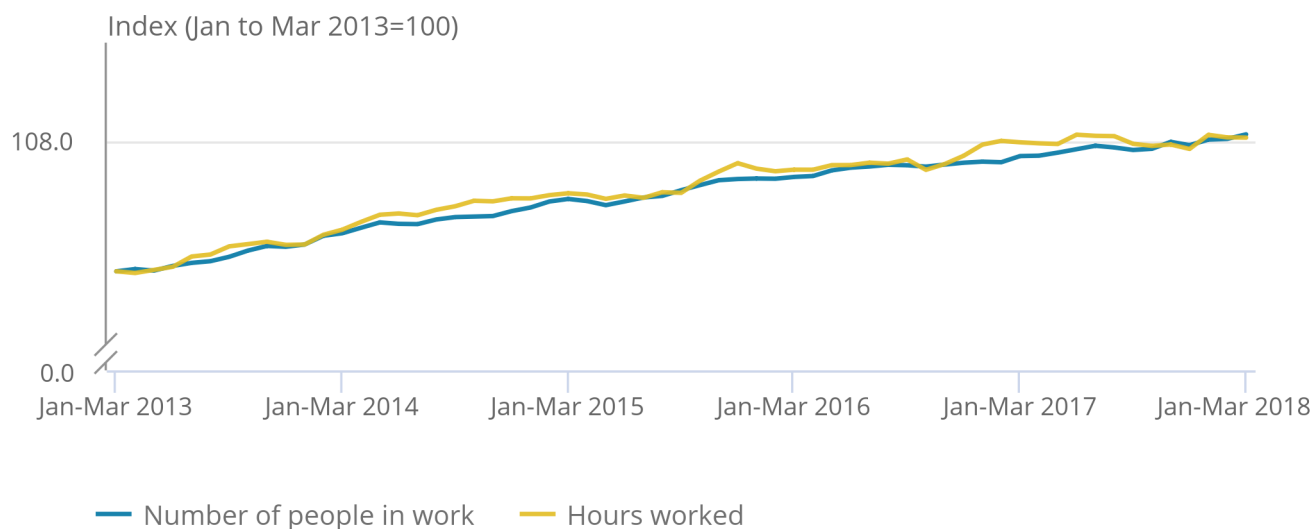
Figure 6 shows total hours worked and the number of people in work, as indices, for the last five years.

Figure 6: Total hours worked and number of people in work in the UK, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018

Figure 6: Total hours worked and number of people in work in the UK, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey: Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about hours worked

Hours worked estimates are available at Tables 7 and 7(1) of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets HOUR01 SA](#) and [HOUR02 SA](#).

Historic estimates of hours worked (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A54).

7 . Workforce jobs (first published on 21 March 2018)

Things you need to know about workforce jobs

[Workforce jobs](#) measures the number of filled jobs in the economy. The estimates are mainly sourced from employer surveys. Workforce jobs is a different concept from employment, which is sourced from the Labour Force Survey, as employment is an estimate of people in work and some people have more than one job.

A [comparison between estimates of employment and jobs](#) is available.

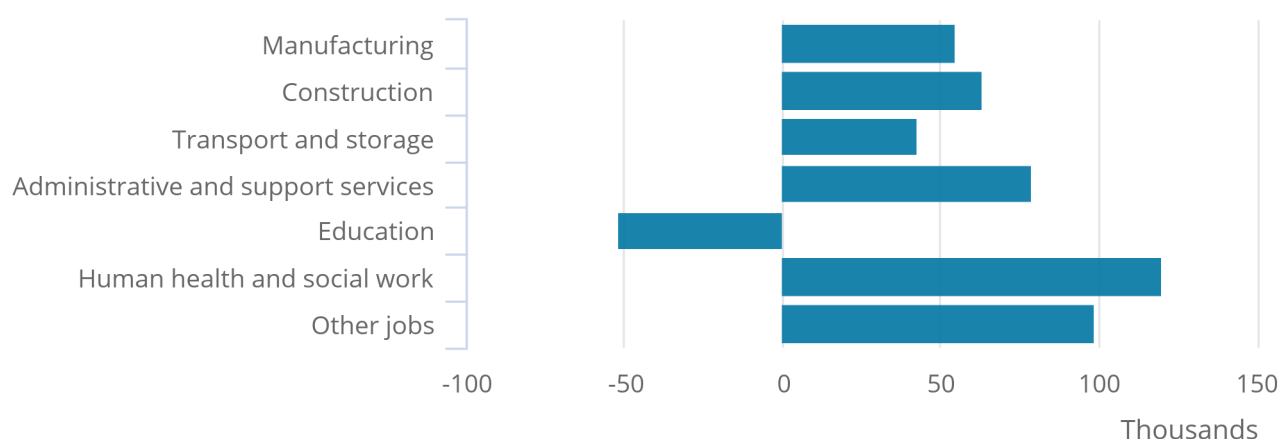
Commentary

For December 2017, there were 35.11 million workforce jobs, 64,000 fewer than for September 2017 but 407,000 more than for a year earlier.

Figure 7 shows changes in the number of jobs by industrial sector between December 2016 and December 2017.

Figure 7: Changes in the number of jobs in the UK between December 2016 and December 2017, seasonally adjusted

Figure 7: Changes in the number of jobs in the UK between December 2016 and December 2017, seasonally adjusted



Source: Office for National Statistics

Looking at a longer-term comparison, between June 1978 (when comparable records began) and December 2017:

- the proportion of jobs accounted for by the manufacturing and mining and quarrying sectors fell from 26.4% to 7.8%
- the proportion of jobs accounted for by the services sector increased from 63.2% to 83.3%

Where to find data about workforce jobs

Jobs estimates are available at Tables 5 and 6 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets JOBS01](#) and [JOBS02](#).

While comparable estimates for workforce jobs by industry begin in 1978, some historical information back to 1841, not comparable with the latest estimates, are available from [2011 Census Analysis, 170 years of industry](#).

Historic estimates of jobs by industry (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheet A53).

8 . Average weekly earnings

Things you need to know about average weekly earnings

[Average weekly earnings](#) measures money paid per week, per job to employees in Great Britain in return for work done, before tax and other deductions from pay. The estimates are not just a measure of pay rises as they do not, for example, adjust for changes in the proportion of the workforce who work full-time or part-time, or other compositional changes within the workforce. The estimates do not include earnings of self-employed people.

Estimates are available for both total pay (which includes bonuses) and for regular pay (which excludes bonus payments). Estimates are available in both nominal terms (not adjusted for consumer price inflation) and real terms (adjusted for consumer price inflation). The estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH).

Further information is available at Notes for Average weekly earnings at the end of this section.

Commentary

For March 2018 in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation):

- average regular pay (excluding bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £484 per week before tax and other deductions from pay, up from £470 per week for a year earlier
- average total pay (including bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £515 per week before tax and other deductions from pay, up from £503 per week for a year earlier

Between January to March 2017 and January to March 2018, in nominal terms, regular pay increased by 2.9%, slightly higher than the growth rate between December 2016 to February 2017 and December 2017 to February 2018 (2.8%).

Between January to March 2017 and January to March 2018, in nominal terms, total pay increased by 2.6%, lower than the growth rate between December 2016 to February 2017 and December 2017 to February 2018 (2.8%).

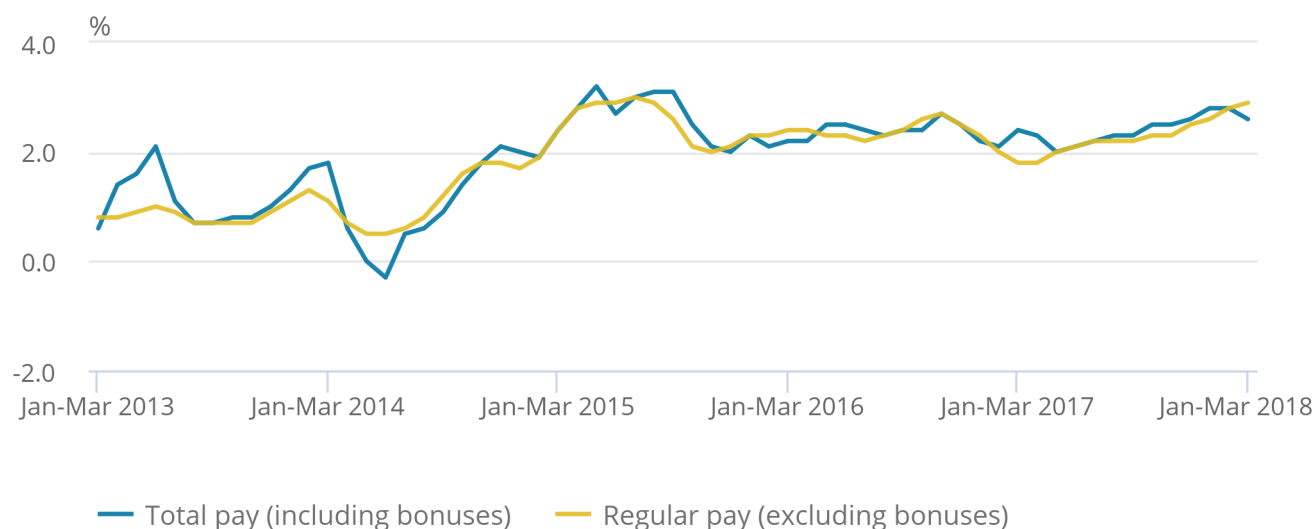
Figure 8 compares the annual growth rates for both regular and total pay, in nominal terms, for the last five years.

Figure 8: Great Britain nominal average earnings annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018

Figure 8: Great Britain nominal average earnings annual growth rates, seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

Looking at longer-term movements, average total pay for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms increased from £376 per week in January 2005 to £515 per week in March 2018; an increase of 36.8%. Over the same period, the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH) increased by 34.2%.

For March 2018 in real terms (constant 2015 prices):

- average regular pay (excluding bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £460 per week before tax and other deductions from pay, £13 lower than the pre-downturn peak of £473 per week recorded for March 2008
- average total pay (including bonuses) for employees in Great Britain was £489 per week before tax and other deductions from pay, £33 lower than the pre-downturn peak of £522 per week recorded for February 2008

Figure 9 shows average weekly earnings for total pay and regular pay in real terms (constant 2015 prices) since comparable records began in 2005.

Figure 9: Great Britain average weekly earnings at constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to March 2018

Figure 9: Great Britain average weekly earnings at constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

January 2005 to March 2018



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey, Office for National Statistics

Between January to March 2017 and January to March 2018, in real terms (that is, adjusted for consumer price inflation), regular pay for employees in Great Britain increased by 0.4% but total pay for employees in Great Britain was unchanged.

These estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the [Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs \(CPIH\)](#), our preferred measure of consumer price inflation. A more detailed analysis of earnings growth in real terms is available in [Analysis of real earnings and contributions to nominal earnings growth, Great Britain](#).

Where to find data about average weekly earnings

Estimates of average weekly earnings in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for consumer price inflation) are available at Tables 13, 14 and 15 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets EARN01](#), [EARN02](#) and [EARN03](#).

Estimates of average weekly earnings in real terms (that is, adjusted for consumer price inflation) are available at Table 16 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset EARN01](#).

While comparable records for average weekly earnings start in 2000, modelled estimates of average weekly earnings in nominal terms back to 1963 (which do not have National Statistics status) are available at [dataset EARN02](#).

Historic estimates (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A47 and A48).

Where to find more information about earnings

[Analysis of real earnings and contributions to nominal earnings growth, Great Britain](#) provides more detailed analysis.

An article looking at [bonus payments](#) is published annually. The most recent edition of this article was published on 19 September 2017.

The [Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings \(ASHE\)](#), published on 26 October 2017, provides more detailed data for 2017.

Notes for: Average Weekly Earnings

1. The estimates relate to Great Britain and include salaries but not unearned income, benefits in kind or arrears of pay.
2. As well as pay settlements, the estimates reflect bonuses, changes in the number of paid hours worked and the impact of employees paid at different rates joining and leaving individual businesses. The estimates also reflect changes in the overall structure of the workforce; for example, more low paid jobs in the economy would have a downward effect on the earnings growth rate.

9 . Labour disputes (not seasonally adjusted)

Things you need to know about labour disputes

[Labour disputes](#) estimates measures strikes connected with terms and conditions of employment.

Commentary

For February and March 2018 there were a relatively high number of working days lost compared with previous months.

For February 2018:

- there were 73,000 working days lost from 14 stoppages
- 20,000 people took strike action

For March 2018:

- there were 113,000 working days lost from 15 stoppages
- 18,000 people took strike action

Most of the working days lost in both February and March 2018 were due to strike action involving employees of universities across the UK.

While the number of working days lost in March 2018 (113,000) was the highest figure since July 2014, these are historically low figures when looking at the long-run monthly time series back to the 1930s.

Since monthly records began in December 1931:

- the highest cumulative 12-month estimate for working days lost was 32.2 million for the 12 months to April 1980
- the lowest cumulative 12-month estimate for working days lost was 143,000 for the 12 months to March 2011

For the 12 months ending March 2018:

- there were 416,000 working days lost from 76 stoppages and 46,000 people took strike action
- there were 384,000 working days lost in the private sector, the highest figure since records for public and private sector strikes began in 1996
- there were 32,000 working days lost in the public sector, the lowest figure since records for public and private sector strikes began in 1996

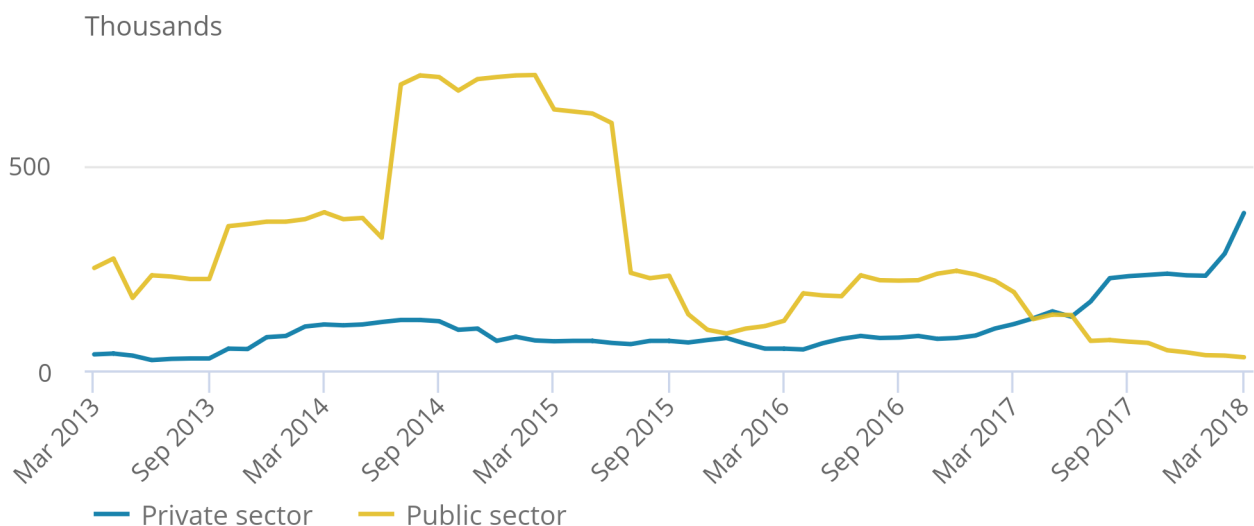
Figure 10 shows cumulative 12-month totals for working days lost for the private and public sectors for the last five years.

Figure 10: Working days lost in the UK, cumulative 12-month totals, not seasonally adjusted

March 2013 to March 2018

Figure 10: Working days lost in the UK, cumulative 12-month totals, not seasonally adjusted

March 2013 to March 2018



Source: Labour Disputes Inquiry, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about labour disputes

Labour disputes estimates are available at Table 18 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset LABD01](#).

Where to find more information about labour disputes

The [labour disputes annual article](#) provides more detailed information. The most recent edition of this article was published on 30 May 2017. The next edition will be published on 30 May 2018.

10 . Unemployment

Things you need to know about unemployment

[Unemployment](#) measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks.

The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed. This follows [guidelines specified by the International Labour Organisation](#) and it ensures that UK unemployment statistics are broadly comparable with those published by other countries.

Commentary

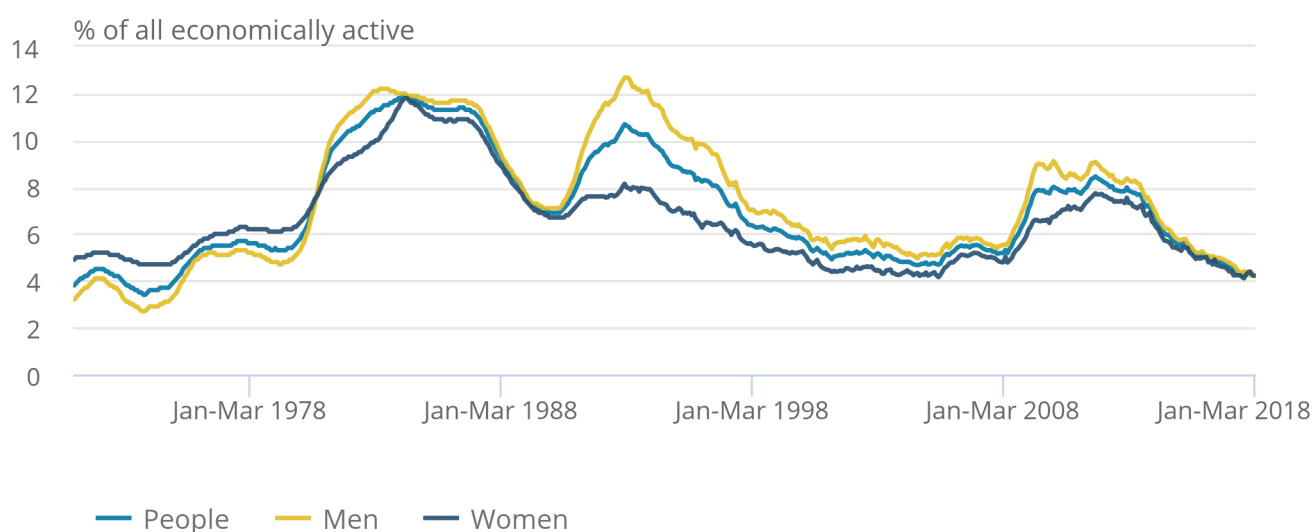
The proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed is known as the unemployment rate. As shown in Figure 11 (which shows unemployment rates for people, men and women), the lowest unemployment rate for people recorded since comparable records began in 1971 was 3.4% in late 1973 to early 1974 and the highest rate, 11.9%, was recorded in 1984 during the economic downturn of the early 1980s. The unemployment rate for people for the latest time period, January to March 2018, was 4.2%, the joint lowest since 1975.

Figure 11: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018

Figure 11: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over),
seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

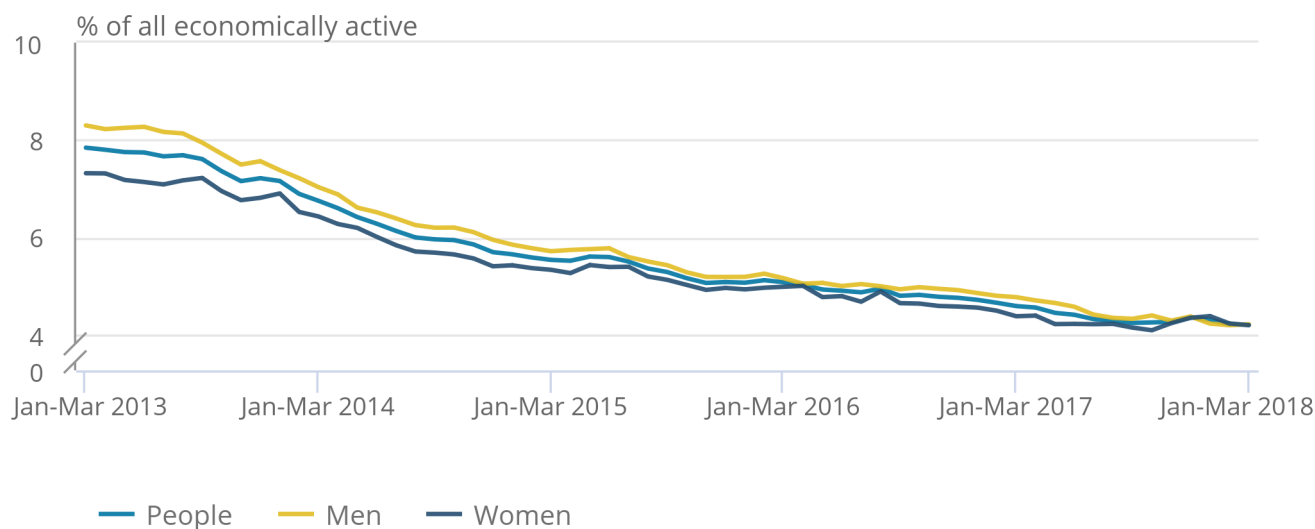
Figure 12 looks in more detail at the unemployment rates for the last five years.

Figure 12: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018

Figure 12: UK unemployment rates (aged 16 years and over), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For January to March 2018:

- the unemployment rate for people was 4.2%; it was last lower in 1975
- the unemployment rate for men was 4.2%; it was last lower in 1975
- the unemployment rate for women was 4.2%, lower than for a year earlier (4.4%)

For January to March 2018, there were:

- 1.42 million unemployed people, 46,000 fewer than for October to December 2017 and 116,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 756,000 unemployed men, 26,000 fewer than for October to December 2017 and 96,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 669,000 unemployed women, 20,000 fewer compared with both October to December 2017 and with a year earlier

Looking at unemployment by how long people have been out of work and seeking work, for January to March 2018, there were:

- 845,000 people who had been unemployed for up to six months, 62,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 222,000 people who had been unemployed for between six months and one year, 27,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- 358,000 people who had been unemployed for over one year, 27,000 fewer than for a year earlier

Where to find data about unemployment

Unemployment estimates for the UK are available at Table 9 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset UNEM01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

Historic estimates of unemployment (which do not have National Statistics status) have been published by the Bank of England in the spreadsheet [A millennium of macroeconomic data version 3.1](#) (at worksheets A49 and A50).

International comparisons of unemployment rates are available at Table 17 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A10](#).

11 . Economic inactivity

Things you need to know about economic inactivity

[Economically inactive](#) people are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks and/or they are unable to start work within the next two weeks.

Commentary

The proportion of people, aged from 16 to 64 years, not in work and neither seeking nor available to work is known as the economic inactivity rate. Figure 13 shows that, since comparable records began in 1971, the economic inactivity rate for people has been generally falling (although it increased during economic downturns) due to a gradual fall in the economic inactivity rate for women. The economic inactivity rate for men has been gradually rising.

For January to March 2018:

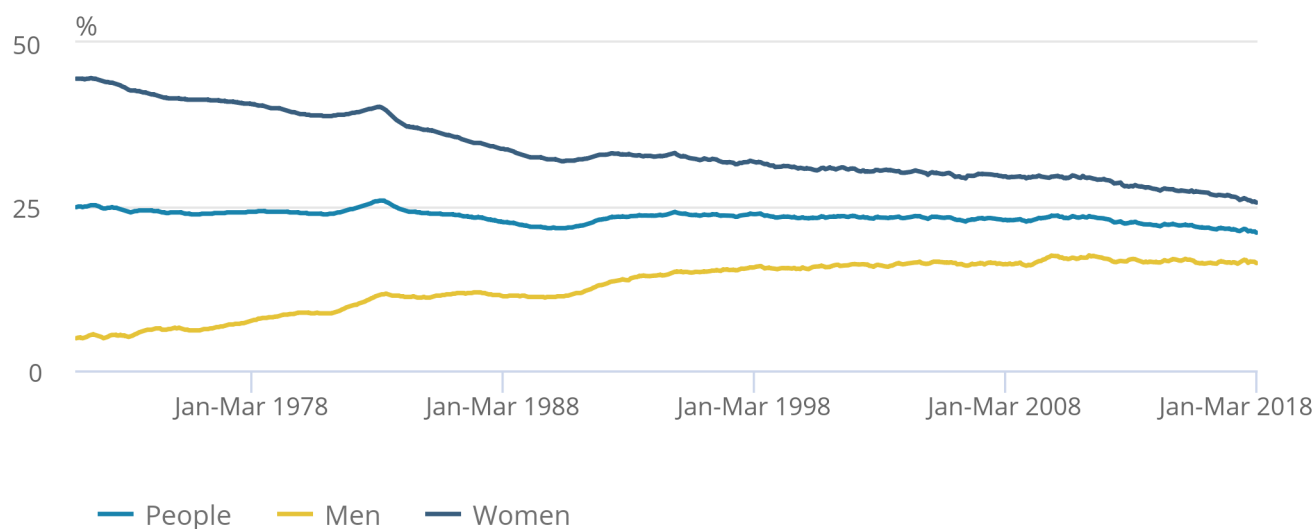
- the economic inactivity rate for people was 21.0%, lower than for a year earlier (21.5%) and the lowest since comparable records began in 1971
- the economic inactivity rate for men was 16.4%, lower than for October to December 2017 (16.6%) but unchanged compared with a year earlier
- the economic inactivity rate for women was 25.6%, lower than for a year earlier (26.5%) and the lowest since comparable records began in 1971

Figure 13: UK economic inactivity rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018

Figure 13: UK economic inactivity rates (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Figure 14 looks in more detail at the economic inactivity rate for people since comparable records began in 1971. The economic inactivity rate for people increased during the economic downturn of the early 1980s, reaching a record high of 25.9% in 1983. As the economy improved in the late 1980s, it resumed its downward path, before the economic downturn of the early 1990s drove it back up again.

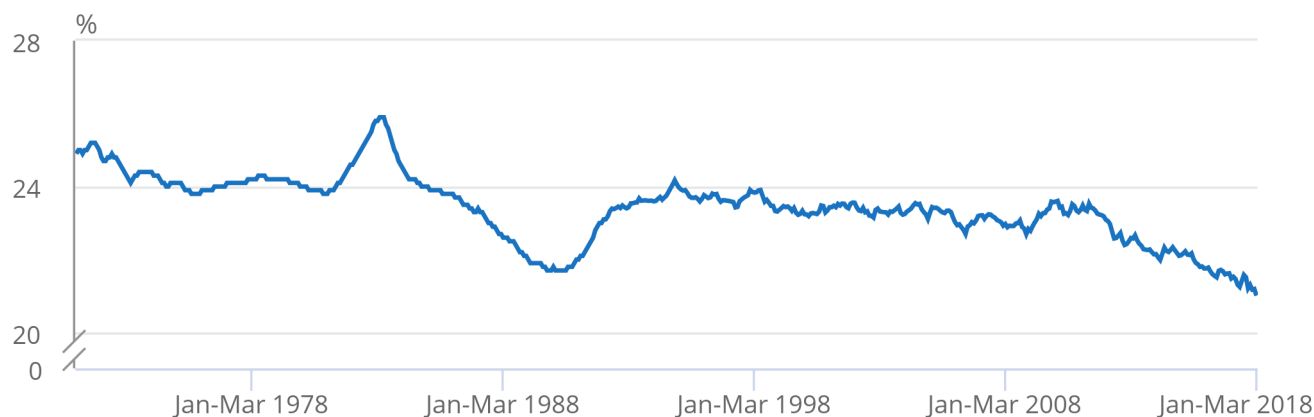
Following an increase in the economic inactivity rate during the economic downturn of 2008 to 2009, it again resumed a generally downward path.

Figure 14: UK economic inactivity rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018

Figure 14: UK economic inactivity rate (people aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 1971 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For January to March 2018, there were 8.66 million people aged from 16 to 64 years not in work and neither seeking nor available to work (known as economically inactive). This was:

- 115,000 fewer than for October to December 2017
- 171,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- the lowest since March to May 2000

Looking in more detail at the 8.66 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive for January to March 2018, the two largest categories were students (26.7% of the total) and people looking after the family or home (23.6% of the total):

- there were 2.31 million people who were not looking for work because they were studying, 11,000 more than for a year earlier
- there were 2.05 million people who were not looking for work because they were looking after the family or home, 162,000 fewer than for a year earlier and the lowest since comparable records began in 1993

The third and fourth largest categories were long-term sick (22.8% of the total) and retired (13.4% of the total):

- there were 1.97 million people who were not looking for work due to long-term sickness, 12,000 fewer than for a year earlier
- there were 1.16 million people who were not looking for work because they had retired, 14,000 fewer than for a year earlier

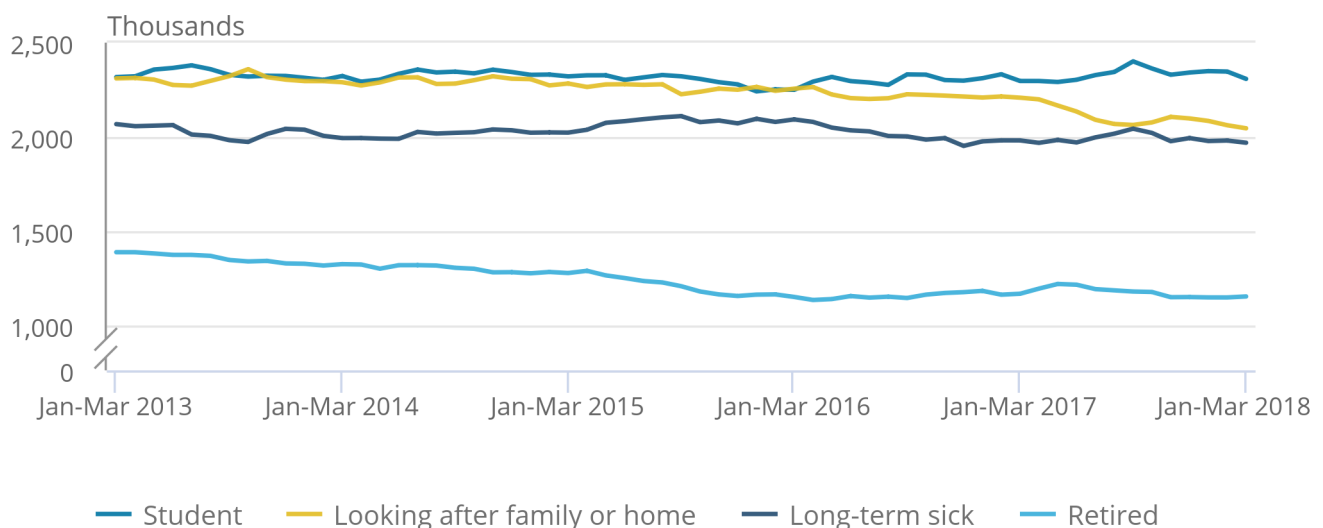
Figure 15 shows the four largest categories of economic inactivity for the last five years. As shown in Figure 15, the number of people younger than 65 years in the retired category has fallen by 234,000 over the five-year period from January to March 2013 to January to March 2018. This reflects ongoing changes to the State Pension age for women, resulting in fewer women retiring between the ages of 60 and 65 years.

Figure 15: Economic inactivity by main category in the UK (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018

Figure 15: Economic inactivity by main category in the UK (aged 16 to 64 years), seasonally adjusted

January to March 2013 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey: Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about economic inactivity

Economic inactivity estimates are available at Tables 1 and 11 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets A02 SA](#) and [INAC01 SA](#).

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for UK and non-UK workers are available at [Non-UK workers in the labour market](#) and at [datasets A12](#) and [EMP06](#).

12 . Young people in the labour market

Things you need to know about young people in the labour market

This section looks at people aged from 16 to 24 years. It is a common misconception that all people in full-time education are classified as economically inactive. This is not the case as people in full-time education are included in the employment estimates if they have a part-time job and are included in the unemployment estimates if they are seeking part-time work

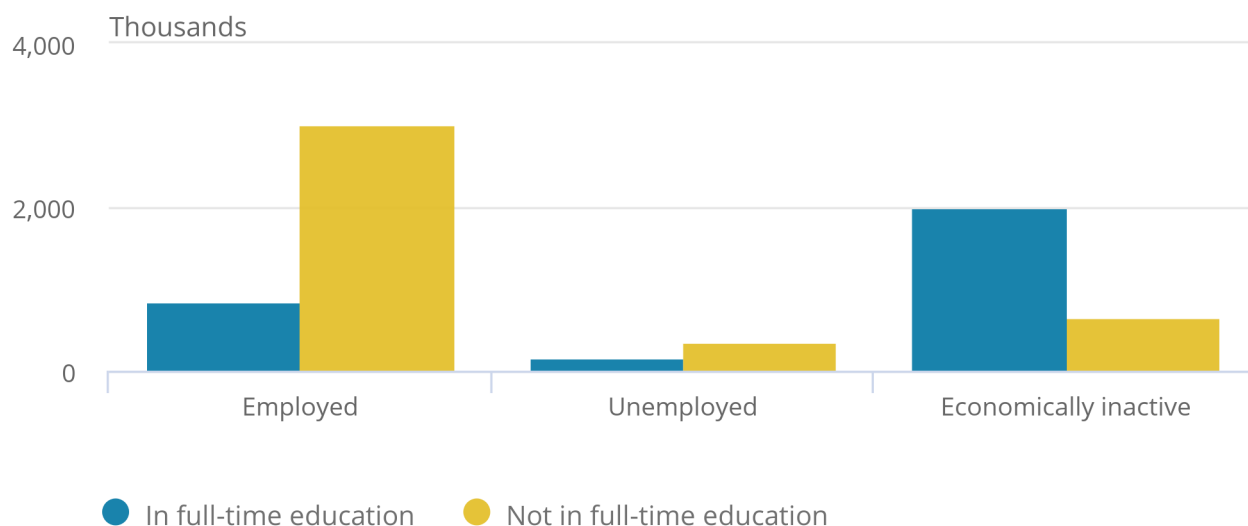
Commentary

For January to March 2018, for people aged from 16 to 24 years, there were:

- 3.86 million people in work (including 854,000 full-time students with part-time jobs)
- 531,000 unemployed people (including 175,000 full-time students looking for part-time work)
- 2.65 million economically inactive people, most of whom (2.00 million) were full-time students

Figure 16: Young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market for January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted

Figure 16: Young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market for January to March 2018, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. The "Not in full-time education" series includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training.

Figure 17 shows how the latest estimates, for January to March 2018, for employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for people aged from 16 to 24 years compare with the previous quarter (October to December 2017) and the previous year (January to March 2017). The chart shows that, while the overall UK household population is increasing, it is falling for those aged from 16 to 24 years.

Figure 17: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted

Figure 17: Quarterly and annual changes in the number of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) in the UK labour market, seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

For January to March 2018, the unemployment rate for 16- to 24-year-olds was 12.1%, lower than for a year earlier (12.5%).

The unemployment rate for those aged from 16 to 24 years has been consistently higher than that for older age groups. Since comparable records began in 1992:

- the lowest youth unemployment rate was 11.6% for March to May 2001
- the highest youth unemployment rate was 22.5% for late 2011

Between March to May 1992 (when comparable records began) and January to March 2018, the proportion of people aged from 16 to 24 years who were in full-time education increased substantially from 26.2% to 43.0%. This increase in the number of young people going into full-time education has reduced the size of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) and therefore increased the unemployment rate (because the unemployment rate is the proportion of the economically active population who are unemployed).

Where to find data about young people in the labour market

Estimates for young people in the labour market are available at Table 12 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [dataset A06 SA](#).

Where to find more information about young people in the labour market

Estimates for young people who were [Not in Education, Employment or Training \(NEET\)](#) for October to December 2017 were published on 1 March 2018. Estimates for January to March 2018 will be published on 23 May 2018.

13 . Redundancies

Things you need to know about redundancies

The [redundancies](#) estimates measure the number of people who were made redundant or who took voluntary redundancy in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews.

Commentary

For January to March 2018, 96,000 people had become redundant in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews, 11,000 fewer than for October to December 2017 but little changed compared with a year earlier.

Figure 18 shows the number of redundancies since comparable records began in 1995.

Figure 18: Number of redundancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

March to May 1995 to January to March 2018

Figure 18: Number of redundancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

March to May 1995 to January to March 2018



Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics

Where to find data about redundancies

Redundancies estimates are available at Tables 22 and 23 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets RED01 SA](#) and [RED02](#).

14 . Vacancies

Things you need to know about vacancies

[Vacancies](#) are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking to recruit outside their business or organisation.

Commentary

There were 806,000 job vacancies for February to April 2018, 16,000 fewer than for November 2017 to January 2018 but 17,000 more than for a year earlier.

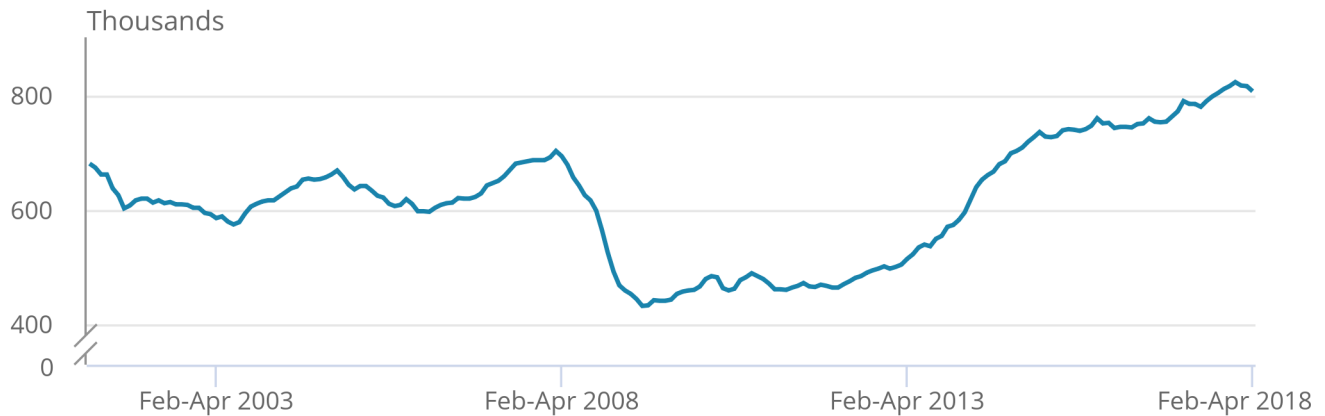
Figure 19 shows the number of job vacancies since comparable records began in 2001.

Figure 19: Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

April to June 2001 to February to April 2018

Figure 19: Number of vacancies in the UK, seasonally adjusted

April to June 2001 to February to April 2018



Source: Vacancy Survey, Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. The estimates exclude the agriculture, forestry and fishing sector.

There were 714,000 job vacancies in the services sectors for February to April 2018, accounting for 88.6% of all vacancies. Looking at services in more detail, the sectors with the largest number of job vacancies were wholesaling, retailing and repair of motor vehicles (133,000) and human health and social work (127,000).

There were 2.7 job vacancies per 100 filled employee jobs for February to April 2018. The industrial sector showing the largest vacancy rate was accommodation and food service activities (3.9 vacancies per 100 filled employee jobs) and the sector showing the smallest vacancy rate was public administration and defence (1.4 vacancies per 100 filled employee jobs).

Where to find data about vacancies

Vacancies estimates are available at Tables 19, 20 and 21 of the PDF version of this statistical bulletin and at [datasets VACS01](#), [VACS02](#) and [VACS03](#).

15 . Future publication dates

Publication dates up to the end of 2019 are:

12 June 2018
17 July 2018
14 August 2018
11 September 2018
16 October 2018
13 November 2018
11 December 2018
22 January 2019
19 February 2019
19 March 2019
16 April 2019
14 May 2019
11 June 2019
16 July 2019
13 August 2019
10 September 2019
15 October 2019
12 November 2019
17 December 2019

16 . Links to related statistics

The [Labour market economic commentary](#) is published every month on the same day as this release.

The [Regional Labour market statistics release](#) is published every month on the same day as this release. Regional and local area labour market statistics are also available on our [NOMIS](#) website.

The [Public sector employment release](#) is published four times a year (in March, June, September and December) on the same day as this release.

The [Young People not in Education, Employment or Training \(NEET\) release](#) is published four times a year (in February, May, August and November).

The [Working and workless households in the UK release](#) is published four times a year.

The [Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings \(ASHE\) release](#) is published annually. The most recent release was published on 26 October 2017.

The [Business Register and Employment Survey release](#) is published annually. The most recent release was published on 2 October 2017.

An article on [Sickness absence in the labour market](#) was published on 9 March 2017.

An article on [International immigration and the labour market](#) was published on 12 April 2017.

An article on [Graduates in the labour market](#) was published on 24 November 2017.

An article on [Trends in self-employment in the UK](#) was published on 7 February 2018.

An article on [Contracts that do not guarantee a minimum number of hours](#) (zero hours contracts) was published on 23 April 2018.

17 . Quality and Methodology

Revisions

Estimates for the most recent time periods are subject to revision due to the receipt of late and corrected responses to business surveys and revisions to seasonal adjustment factors which are re-estimated every month. Estimates are subject to longer run revisions, on an annual basis, resulting from reviews of the seasonal adjustment process. Estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey (a survey of households) are usually only revised once a year. Revisions to estimates derived from other sources are usually minor and are commented on in the statistical bulletin if this is not the case. Further information is available in the [labour market statistics revisions policy](#).

One indication of the reliability of the main indicators in this statistical bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. [Datasets EMP05](#), [UNEM04](#) and [JOBS06](#) record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. These indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. Our standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series).

Accuracy of the statistics: estimating and reporting uncertainty

Most of the figures in this statistical bulletin come from surveys of households or businesses. Surveys gather information from a sample rather than from the whole population. The sample is designed to allow for this, and to be as accurate as possible given practical limitations such as time and cost constraints, but results from sample surveys are always estimates, not precise figures. This means that they are subject to some uncertainty. This can have an impact on how changes in the estimates should be interpreted, especially for short-term comparisons.

There is a trade-off between sample size and sampling variability. As the number of people available in the sample gets smaller, the variability of the estimates that we can make from that sample size gets larger. What this means in practice is that estimates for small groups (for example, unemployed people aged from 16 to 17), which are based on quite small subsets of the Labour Force Survey sample, are less reliable and tend to be more volatile than estimates for larger aggregated groups (for example, the total number of unemployed people).

We can illustrate the level of uncertainty (also called “sampling variability”) around a survey estimate by defining a range around the estimate (known as a “confidence interval”) within which we think the real value that the survey is trying to measure lies. Confidence intervals are typically defined so that we can say we are 95% confident the true value lies within the range – in which case we refer to a “95% confidence interval”.

The number of people unemployed for January to March 2018 was estimated at 1,425,000, with a stated 95% confidence interval of plus or minus 70,000. This means that we are 95% confident that the true number of unemployed people was between 1,355,000 and 1,495,000. Again, the best estimate from the survey was that the number of unemployed people was 1,425,000.

As well as calculating precision measures around the numbers and rates obtained from the survey, we can also calculate them for changes in the numbers. For example, for January to March 2018, the estimated change in the number of unemployed people since October to December 2017 was a decrease of 46,000, with a 95% confidence interval of plus or minus 75,000. This means that we are 95% confident the actual change in unemployment was somewhere between an increase of 29,000 and a fall of 121,000, with the best estimate being a decrease of 46,000. As the estimated decrease in unemployment of 46,000 is smaller than 75,000, the estimated decrease in unemployment is said to be “not statistically significant”.

In general, changes in the numbers (and especially the rates) reported in this statistical bulletin between three-month periods are small, and are not usually greater than the level that is explainable by sampling variability. In practice, this means that small, short-term movements in reported rates should be treated as indicative, and considered alongside medium-and long-term patterns in the series and corresponding movements in administrative sources, where available, to give a fuller picture.

Where to find data about uncertainty and reliability

[Dataset A11](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey.

[Dataset JOBS07](#) shows sampling variabilities for estimates of workforce jobs.

The sampling variability of the three-month average vacancies level is around plus or minus 1.5% of that level.

Sampling variability information for average weekly earnings growth rates are available from the “Sampling Variability” worksheets within [datasets EARN01](#) and [EARN03](#).

Seasonal adjustment and uncertainty

Like many economic indicators, the labour market is affected by factors that tend to occur at around the same time every year; for example, school leavers entering the labour market in July and whether Easter falls in March or April. In order to compare movements other than annual changes in labour market statistics, such as since the previous quarter or since the previous month, the data are seasonally adjusted to remove the effects of seasonal factors and the arrangement of the calendar. All estimates discussed in this statistical bulletin are seasonally adjusted except where otherwise stated. While seasonal adjustment is essential to allow for robust comparisons through time, it is not possible to estimate uncertainty measures for the seasonally adjusted series.

Quality and Methodology Information reports

The Quality and Methodology Information reports contain important information on:

- the strengths and limitations of the data and how it compares with related data
- users and uses of the data
- how the output was created
- the quality of the output including the accuracy of the data

[Labour Force Survey Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Labour Force Survey performance and quality monitoring reports](#)

[Vacancy Survey Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Workforce Jobs Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Average weekly earnings \(AWE\) Quality and Methodology Information](#)

[Labour Disputes Quality and Methodology Information](#)

Summary of labour market statistics published on 15 May 2018

| Series | Reference period | Latest estimate | Last time higher | Last time lower | Comparable data begins in |
|--|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Employment level (aged 16 and over) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 32.344 million | Never | Dec-Feb 2018 (32.262 million) | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Employment rate (aged 16 to 64) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 75.6% | Never | Dec-Feb 2018 (75.4%) | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Unemployment level (aged 16 and over) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 1.425 million | Nov-Jan 2018 (1.453 million) | Dec-Feb 2018 (1.423 million) | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Unemployment rate (aged 16 and over) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 4.2% | Nov-Jan 2018 (4.3%) | Feb-Apr 1975 (4.1%) | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Inactivity level (aged 16 to 64) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 8.658 million | Dec-Feb 2018 (8.731 million) | Mar-May 2000 (8.639 million) | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 21.0% | Dec-Feb 2018 (21.2%) | Never | Jan-Mar 1971 |
| Average Earnings (total pay - nominal) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 2.6% | Dec-Feb 2018 (2.8%) | Sep-Nov 2017 (2.5%) | Jan-Mar 2001 |
| Average Earnings (regular pay - nominal) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 2.9% | May-Jul 2015 (3.0%) | Dec-Feb 2018 (2.8%) | Jan-Mar 2001 |
| Average Earnings (total pay - real) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 0.0% | Dec-Feb 2017 (0.2%) | Oct-Dec 2017 (-0.1%) | Jan-Mar 2006 |
| Average Earnings (regular pay - real) | Jan-Mar 2018 | 0.4% | Nov-Jan 2017 (0.6%) | Dec-Feb 2018 (0.2%) | Jan-Mar 2006 |
| Vacancies level | Feb-Apr 2018 | 806,000 | Jan-Mar 2018 (815,000) | Aug-Oct 2017 (803,000) | Apr-Jun 2001 |

Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the Excel spreadsheet datasets which are available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/bulletins/uklabourmarket/may2018/relateddata>

| Statistical Bulletin table number | Table description | Dataset |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| SUMMARY | | |
| 1 | Labour Force Survey Summary | Dataset A02 SA |
| 2 (*) | Labour market status by age group | Dataset A05 SA |
| EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS | | |
| 3 | Full-time, part-time & temporary workers | Dataset EMP01 SA |
| 4 | Public and private sector employment | Dataset EMP02 |
| 4(1) | Public sector employment by industry | Dataset EMP03 |
| 5 | Workforce jobs summary | Dataset JOBS01 |
| 6 (**) | Workforce jobs by industry | Dataset JOBS02 |
| 7 | Actual weekly hours worked | Dataset HOUR01 SA |
| 7(1) | Usual weekly hours worked | Dataset HOUR02 SA |
| NON-UK WORKERS | | |
| 8 | Employment by country of birth and nationality | Dataset EMP06 |
| 8(1) | Unemployment and economic inactivity by country of birth and nationality | Dataset A12 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT | | |
| 9 | Unemployment by age and duration | Dataset UNEM01 SA |
| ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY | | |
| 10(*) | Economic activity by age | Dataset A05 SA |
| 11 | Economic inactivity by reason | Dataset INAC01 SA |
| 12 | Labour market and educational status of young people | Dataset A06 SA |
| EARNINGS | | |
| 13 | Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Total pay | Dataset EARN01 |
| 14 | Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Bonus pay | Dataset EARN01 |
| 15 | Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Regular pay | Dataset EARN01 |
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| INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY | | |
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| 22 | Redundancies levels and rates | Dataset RED01 SA |
| 23 (***) | Redundancies by industry | Dataset RED02 |
| REGIONAL SUMMARY | | |
| 24 | Regional labour market summary | Dataset A07 |

(*) Tables 2 and 10 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Dataset A05 SA).

(**) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

(***) Table RED02 provides more detail than Table 23 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available, * grossed up total less than 9,500.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market Statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/labourmarketstatistics>

SUMMARY

1 Summary of headline LFS¹ indicators

United Kingdom (thousands)
seasonally adjusted

| | | LFS household population ¹ | | Headline indicators | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | |
| | | | | Level | Rate ² | Level | Rate ³ | Level | Rate ⁴ |
| | | | | All aged 16 & over | All aged 16 to 64 | All aged 16 & over | All aged 16 & over | All aged 16 to 64 | All aged 16 to 64 |
| | | MGSL | LF2O | MGRZ | LF24 | MGSC | MG SX | LF2M | LF2S |
| People | | | | | | | | | |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 52,318 | 40,963 | 31,566 | 74.2 | 1,693 | 5.1 | 8,911 | 21.8 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 52,659 | 41,103 | 31,947 | 74.8 | 1,541 | 4.6 | 8,829 | 21.5 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 52,740 | 41,136 | 32,073 | 75.1 | 1,484 | 4.4 | 8,765 | 21.3 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 52,817 | 41,162 | 32,059 | 75.0 | 1,425 | 4.3 | 8,883 | 21.6 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 52,893 | 41,185 | 32,147 | 75.2 | 1,470 | 4.4 | 8,773 | 21.3 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 52,968 | 41,208 | 32,344 | 75.6 | 1,425 | 4.2 | 8,658 | 21.0 |
| | Change on quarter | 75 | 23 | 197 | 0.4 | -46 | -0.2 | -115 | -0.3 |
| | Change % | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | | -3.1 | | -1.3 | |
| | Change on year | 309 | 105 | 396 | 0.8 | -116 | -0.4 | -171 | -0.5 |
| | Change % | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.2 | | -7.5 | | -1.9 | |
| Men | | MGSM | YBTG | MGSA | MG SV | MGSD | MG SY | YBSO | YBTM |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 25,549 | 20,342 | 16,844 | 79.2 | 919 | 5.2 | 3,319 | 16.3 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 25,739 | 20,426 | 16,966 | 79.5 | 852 | 4.8 | 3,347 | 16.4 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 25,785 | 20,445 | 17,021 | 79.8 | 818 | 4.6 | 3,326 | 16.3 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 25,828 | 20,461 | 16,984 | 79.5 | 770 | 4.3 | 3,445 | 16.8 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 25,870 | 20,476 | 17,039 | 79.7 | 782 | 4.4 | 3,401 | 16.6 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 25,912 | 20,490 | 17,128 | 80.0 | 756 | 4.2 | 3,353 | 16.4 |
| | Change on quarter | 42 | 15 | 90 | 0.4 | -26 | -0.2 | -48 | -0.2 |
| | Change % | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | | -3.3 | | -1.4 | |
| | Change on year | 173 | 64 | 163 | 0.5 | -96 | -0.6 | 6 | 0.0 |
| | Change % | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.0 | | -11.3 | | 0.2 | |
| Women | | MG SN | LF2P | MG SB | LF25 | MG SE | MG SZ | LF2N | LF2T |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 26,770 | 20,621 | 14,722 | 69.2 | 774 | 5.0 | 5,593 | 27.1 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 26,919 | 20,677 | 14,982 | 70.2 | 688 | 4.4 | 5,482 | 26.5 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 26,955 | 20,690 | 15,052 | 70.5 | 666 | 4.2 | 5,440 | 26.3 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 26,989 | 20,701 | 15,075 | 70.6 | 654 | 4.2 | 5,437 | 26.3 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 27,023 | 20,709 | 15,108 | 70.8 | 689 | 4.4 | 5,372 | 25.9 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 27,056 | 20,718 | 15,215 | 71.2 | 669 | 4.2 | 5,305 | 25.6 |
| | Change on quarter | 33 | 9 | 108 | 0.4 | -20 | -0.2 | -68 | -0.3 |
| | Change % | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 | | -2.9 | | -1.3 | |
| | Change on year | 137 | 41 | 234 | 1.0 | -20 | -0.2 | -177 | -0.9 |
| | Change % | 0.5 | 0.2 | 1.6 | | -2.8 | | -3.2 | |

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.

3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.

4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16-64.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity rate for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

SUMMARY

2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

| | Aged 16 and over | | | | | | Aged 16-64 | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | |
| | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate |
| People | MGRZ | MGSR | MGSC | MG SX | M GSI | YBTC | LF2G | LF24 | LF2I | LF2Q | LF2M | LF2S |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 31,566 | 60.3 | 1,693 | 5.1 | 19,059 | 36.4 | 30,379 | 74.2 | 1,672 | 5.2 | 8,911 | 21.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 31,947 | 60.7 | 1,541 | 4.6 | 19,171 | 36.4 | 30,747 | 74.8 | 1,528 | 4.7 | 8,829 | 21.5 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 32,073 | 60.8 | 1,484 | 4.4 | 19,183 | 36.4 | 30,906 | 75.1 | 1,464 | 4.5 | 8,765 | 21.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 32,059 | 60.7 | 1,425 | 4.3 | 19,334 | 36.6 | 30,877 | 75.0 | 1,403 | 4.3 | 8,883 | 21.6 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 32,147 | 60.8 | 1,470 | 4.4 | 19,276 | 36.4 | 30,963 | 75.2 | 1,449 | 4.5 | 8,773 | 21.3 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 32,344 | 61.1 | 1,425 | 4.2 | 19,199 | 36.2 | 31,148 | 75.6 | 1,402 | 4.3 | 8,658 | 21.0 |
| Change on quarter | 197 | 0.3 | -46 | -0.2 | -76 | -0.2 | 185 | 0.4 | -46 | -0.2 | -115 | -0.3 |
| Change % | 0.6 | | -3.1 | | -0.4 | | 0.6 | | -3.2 | | -1.3 | |
| Change on year | 396 | 0.4 | -116 | -0.4 | 29 | -0.2 | 401 | 0.8 | -125 | -0.4 | -171 | -0.5 |
| Change % | 1.2 | | -7.5 | | 0.1 | | 1.3 | | -8.2 | | -1.9 | |
| Men | MGSA | MGSS | MGSD | MGSY | MGSJ | YBTD | YBSF | MGSV | YBSI | YBTJ | YBSO | YBTM |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 16,844 | 65.9 | 919 | 5.2 | 7,786 | 30.5 | 16,114 | 79.2 | 909 | 5.3 | 3,319 | 16.3 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 16,966 | 65.9 | 852 | 4.8 | 7,922 | 30.8 | 16,237 | 79.5 | 842 | 4.9 | 3,347 | 16.4 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 17,021 | 66.0 | 818 | 4.6 | 7,946 | 30.8 | 16,315 | 79.8 | 805 | 4.7 | 3,326 | 16.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 16,984 | 65.8 | 770 | 4.3 | 8,074 | 31.3 | 16,259 | 79.5 | 757 | 4.5 | 3,445 | 16.8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 17,039 | 65.9 | 782 | 4.4 | 8,049 | 31.1 | 16,309 | 79.7 | 766 | 4.5 | 3,401 | 16.6 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 17,128 | 66.1 | 756 | 4.2 | 8,028 | 31.0 | 16,397 | 80.0 | 740 | 4.3 | 3,353 | 16.4 |
| Change on quarter | 90 | 0.2 | -26 | -0.2 | -22 | -0.1 | 88 | 0.4 | -26 | -0.2 | -48 | -0.2 |
| Change % | 0.5 | | -3.3 | | -0.3 | | 0.5 | | -3.4 | | -1.4 | |
| Change on year | 163 | 0.2 | -96 | -0.6 | 106 | 0.2 | 160 | 0.5 | -102 | -0.6 | 6 | 0.0 |
| Change % | 1.0 | | -11.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.0 | | -12.1 | | 0.2 | |
| Women | MGSB | MGST | MGSE | MGSZ | M GSK | YBTE | LF2H | LF25 | LF2J | LF2R | LF2N | LF2T |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 14,722 | 55.0 | 774 | 5.0 | 11,273 | 42.1 | 14,265 | 69.2 | 763 | 5.1 | 5,593 | 27.1 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 14,982 | 55.7 | 688 | 4.4 | 11,249 | 41.8 | 14,510 | 70.2 | 686 | 4.5 | 5,482 | 26.5 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 15,052 | 55.8 | 666 | 4.2 | 11,238 | 41.7 | 14,591 | 70.5 | 660 | 4.3 | 5,440 | 26.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 15,075 | 55.9 | 654 | 4.2 | 11,260 | 41.7 | 14,618 | 70.6 | 646 | 4.2 | 5,437 | 26.3 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 15,108 | 55.9 | 689 | 4.4 | 11,226 | 41.5 | 14,654 | 70.8 | 683 | 4.5 | 5,372 | 25.9 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 15,215 | 56.2 | 669 | 4.2 | 11,172 | 41.3 | 14,751 | 71.2 | 663 | 4.3 | 5,305 | 25.6 |
| Change on quarter | 108 | 0.3 | -20 | -0.2 | -54 | -0.3 | 97 | 0.4 | -20 | -0.2 | -68 | -0.3 |
| Change % | 0.7 | | -2.9 | | -0.5 | | 0.7 | | -3.0 | | -1.3 | |
| Change on year | 234 | 0.6 | -20 | -0.2 | -78 | -0.5 | 241 | 1.0 | -23 | -0.2 | -177 | -0.9 |
| Change % | 1.6 | | -2.8 | | -0.7 | | 1.7 | | -3.4 | | -3.2 | |
| | Aged 16-17 | | | | | | Aged 18-24 | | | | | |
| | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | |
| | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate |
| People | YBTO | YBUA | YBVH | YBVK | YCAS | LWEX | YBTR | YBUD | YBVN | YBVQ | YCAV | LWFA |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 369 | 25.2 | 130 | 26.1 | 965 | 65.9 | 3,599 | 62.5 | 500 | 12.2 | 1,659 | 28.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 364 | 25.5 | 138 | 27.4 | 928 | 64.9 | 3,582 | 62.8 | 425 | 10.6 | 1,700 | 29.8 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 346 | 24.4 | 111 | 24.3 | 964 | 67.8 | 3,576 | 62.8 | 434 | 10.8 | 1,683 | 29.6 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 336 | 23.8 | 102 | 23.2 | 975 | 69.0 | 3,488 | 61.4 | 415 | 10.6 | 1,774 | 31.2 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 325 | 23.1 | 119 | 26.8 | 961 | 68.4 | 3,511 | 62.0 | 428 | 10.9 | 1,723 | 30.4 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 336 | 24.0 | 124 | 27.0 | 937 | 67.1 | 3,527 | 62.5 | 407 | 10.3 | 1,713 | 30.3 |
| Change on quarter | 11 | 0.9 | 5 | 0.2 | -24 | -1.3 | 15 | 0.4 | -21 | -0.5 | -9 | -0.1 |
| Change % | 3.4 | | 4.2 | | -2.5 | | 0.4 | | -5.0 | | -0.5 | |
| Change on year | -28 | -1.4 | -14 | -0.5 | 9 | 2.2 | -56 | -0.3 | -18 | -0.2 | 13 | 0.6 |
| Change % | -7.8 | | -10.0 | | 0.9 | | -1.6 | | -4.1 | | 0.8 | |
| Men | YBTP | YBUB | YBVI | YBVL | YCAT | LWEY | YBTS | YBUE | YBVO | YBVR | YCAW | LWFB |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 173 | 23.1 | 71 | 29.1 | 505 | 67.4 | 1,856 | 63.4 | 285 | 13.3 | 787 | 26.9 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 177 | 24.2 | 65 | 26.8 | 491 | 67.0 | 1,835 | 63.1 | 265 | 12.6 | 810 | 27.9 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 170 | 23.4 | 64 | 27.2 | 493 | 67.8 | 1,842 | 63.4 | 255 | 12.2 | 808 | 27.8 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 164 | 22.7 | 50 | 23.2 | 509 | 70.4 | 1,773 | 61.2 | 248 | 12.3 | 878 | 30.3 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 151 | 21.0 | 59 | 28.0 | 509 | 70.8 | 1,807 | 62.5 | 247 | 12.0 | 837 | 28.9 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 162 | 22.6 | 62 | 27.7 | 491 | 68.7 | 1,826 | 63.3 | 234 | 11.4 | 824 | 28.6 |
| Change on quarter | 11 | 1.6 | 3 | -0.3 | -18 | -2.1 | 19 | 0.8 | -13 | -0.7 | -12 | -0.4 |
| Change % | 7.1 | | 5.5 | | -3.6 | | 1.1 | | -5.4 | | -1.5 | |
| Change on year | -15 | -1.5 | -3 | 0.9 | 0 | 1.7 | -8 | 0.3 | -31 | -1.2 | 14 | 0.7 |
| Change % | -8.6 | | -4.2 | | 0.0 | | -0.5 | | -11.6 | | 1.7 | |
| Women | YBTQ | YBUC | YBVJ | YBVM | YCAU | LWEZ | YBTT | YBUF | YBVP | YBVS | YCA X | LWFC |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 195 | 27.4 | 59 | 23.2 | 460 | 64.4 | 1,743 | 61.6 | 216 | 11.0 | 872 | 30.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 187 | 26.8 | 73 | 28.1 | 437 | 62.7 | 1,748 | 62.5 | 160 | 8.4 | 890 | 31.8 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 176 | 25.4 | 47 | 21.2 | 470 | 67.8 | 1,734 | 62.2 | 179 | 9.4 | 875 | 31.4 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 172 | 24.9 | 52 | 23.2 | 466 | 67.5 | 1,715 | 61.7 | 167 | 8.9 | 897 | 32.3 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 174 | 25.3 | 60 | 25.8 | 452 | 65.9 | 1,704 | 61.5 | 181 | 9.6 | 886 | 32.0 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 174 | 25.5 | 62 | 26.3 | 446 | 65.4 | 1,700 | 61.6 | 173 | 9.2 | 889 | 32.2 |
| Change on quarter | 0 | 0.2 | 2 | 0.5 | -6 | -0.5 | -4 | 0.1 | -8 | -0.4 | 3 | 0.2 |
| Change % | 0.2 | | 3.0 | | -1.3 | | -0.2 | | -4.4 | | 0.4 | |
| Change on year | -13 | -1.3 | -11 | -1.8 | 8 | 2.7 | -47 | -0.9 | 13 | 0.9 | -1 | 0.4 |
| Change % | -7.0 | | -15.0 | | 1.9 | | -2.7 | | 8.2 | | -0.1 | |

SUMMARY

2(2) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

| | | Aged 25-34 | | | | | | Aged 35-49 | | | | | |
|--------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | |
| | | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate |
| People | | YBTU | YBUG | YCGM | YCGP | YCAY | LWFD | YBTX | YBUJ | YCGS | YCGV | YCBB | LWFG |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 7,193 | 81.7 | 354 | 4.7 | 1,262 | 14.3 | 10,774 | 83.7 | 363 | 3.3 | 1,733 | 13.5 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 7,336 | 82.4 | 345 | 4.5 | 1,219 | 13.7 | 10,745 | 83.9 | 344 | 3.1 | 1,711 | 13.4 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 7,423 | 83.2 | 313 | 4.1 | 1,184 | 13.3 | 10,794 | 84.4 | 329 | 3.0 | 1,659 | 13.0 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 7,470 | 83.6 | 299 | 3.9 | 1,168 | 13.1 | 10,774 | 84.4 | 313 | 2.8 | 1,680 | 13.2 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 7,473 | 83.5 | 297 | 3.8 | 1,181 | 13.2 | 10,803 | 84.7 | 324 | 2.9 | 1,627 | 12.8 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 7,491 | 83.5 | 284 | 3.6 | 1,191 | 13.3 | 10,868 | 85.3 | 297 | 2.7 | 1,576 | 12.4 |
| | Change on quarter | 18 | 0.1 | -13 | -0.2 | 10 | 0.1 | 65 | 0.6 | -27 | -0.3 | -51 | -0.4 |
| | Change % | 0.2 | | -4.5 | | 0.9 | | 0.6 | | -8.3 | | -3.1 | |
| | Change on year | 155 | 1.1 | -61 | -0.8 | -27 | -0.4 | 124 | 1.4 | -47 | -0.4 | -135 | -1.0 |
| | Change % | 2.1 | | -17.8 | | -2.2 | | 1.1 | | -13.6 | | -7.9 | |
| Men | | YBTV | YBUH | YCGN | YCGQ | YCAZ | LWFE | YBTY | YBUK | YCGT | YCGW | YCBC | LWFH |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 3,932 | 89.6 | 174 | 4.2 | 283 | 6.4 | 5,681 | 89.4 | 184 | 3.1 | 486 | 7.7 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 3,950 | 88.8 | 185 | 4.5 | 312 | 7.0 | 5,689 | 90.1 | 160 | 2.7 | 466 | 7.4 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 4,002 | 89.7 | 161 | 3.9 | 298 | 6.7 | 5,705 | 90.5 | 159 | 2.7 | 442 | 7.0 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 4,022 | 89.9 | 155 | 3.7 | 296 | 6.6 | 5,702 | 90.5 | 149 | 2.6 | 447 | 7.1 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 4,041 | 90.1 | 143 | 3.4 | 299 | 6.7 | 5,695 | 90.5 | 155 | 2.7 | 441 | 7.0 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 4,041 | 89.9 | 139 | 3.3 | 314 | 7.0 | 5,716 | 90.9 | 136 | 2.3 | 433 | 6.9 |
| | Change on quarter | 0 | -0.2 | -3 | -0.1 | 15 | 0.3 | 20 | 0.4 | -19 | -0.3 | -8 | -0.1 |
| | Change % | 0.0 | | -2.3 | | 4.9 | | 0.4 | | -12.2 | | -1.9 | |
| | Change on year | 91 | 1.1 | -46 | -1.1 | 2 | 0.0 | 26 | 0.8 | -24 | -0.4 | -33 | -0.5 |
| | Change % | 2.3 | | -24.7 | | 0.6 | | 0.5 | | -14.8 | | -7.0 | |
| Women | | YBTW | YBUI | YCGO | YCGR | YCBA | LWFF | YBTZ | YBUL | YCGU | YCGX | YCBD | LWFI |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 3,261 | 73.8 | 180 | 5.2 | 979 | 22.1 | 5,093 | 78.1 | 179 | 3.4 | 1,247 | 19.1 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 3,386 | 76.0 | 160 | 4.5 | 907 | 20.4 | 5,055 | 78.0 | 184 | 3.5 | 1,245 | 19.2 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 3,421 | 76.7 | 153 | 4.3 | 885 | 19.9 | 5,089 | 78.6 | 170 | 3.2 | 1,217 | 18.8 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 3,448 | 77.2 | 145 | 4.0 | 872 | 19.5 | 5,072 | 78.4 | 164 | 3.1 | 1,233 | 19.1 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 3,432 | 76.8 | 154 | 4.3 | 882 | 19.7 | 5,108 | 79.0 | 169 | 3.2 | 1,186 | 18.3 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 3,450 | 77.2 | 144 | 4.0 | 877 | 19.6 | 5,152 | 79.8 | 161 | 3.0 | 1,143 | 17.7 |
| | Change on quarter | 18 | 0.3 | -10 | -0.3 | -5 | -0.1 | 44 | 0.8 | -8 | -0.2 | -43 | -0.6 |
| | Change % | 0.5 | | -6.6 | | -0.5 | | 0.9 | | -4.8 | | -3.6 | |
| | Change on year | 65 | 1.1 | -16 | -0.5 | -29 | -0.7 | 97 | 1.8 | -23 | -0.5 | -102 | -1.5 |
| | Change % | 1.9 | | -9.8 | | -3.2 | | 1.9 | | -12.6 | | -8.2 | |
| | | Aged 50-64 | | | | | | Age 65+ | | | | | |
| | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Inactivity | |
| | | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate | Level | Rate |
| People | | LF26 | LF2U | LF28 | LF2E | LF2A | LF2W | LFK4 | LFK6 | K5HU | K5HW | LFL4 | LFL6 |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 8,445 | 70.0 | 325 | 3.7 | 3,293 | 27.3 | 1,187 | 10.5 | 21 | 1.7 | 10,148 | 89.4 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 8,720 | 71.1 | 276 | 3.1 | 3,271 | 26.7 | 1,201 | 10.4 | 13 | 1.1 | 10,342 | 89.5 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 8,767 | 71.2 | 277 | 3.1 | 3,276 | 26.6 | 1,167 | 10.1 | 19 | 1.6 | 10,418 | 89.8 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 8,809 | 71.2 | 273 | 3.0 | 3,285 | 26.6 | 1,182 | 10.1 | 22 | 1.8 | 10,451 | 89.7 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 8,851 | 71.3 | 280 | 3.1 | 3,282 | 26.4 | 1,183 | 10.1 | 22 | 1.8 | 10,502 | 89.7 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 8,926 | 71.7 | 290 | 3.2 | 3,241 | 26.0 | 1,196 | 10.2 | 22 | 1.8 | 10,541 | 89.6 |
| | Change on quarter | 76 | 0.3 | 11 | 0.1 | -41 | -0.4 | 13 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.0 | 39 | -0.1 |
| | Change % | 0.9 | | 3.8 | | -1.3 | | 1.1 | | 2.4 | | 0.4 | |
| | Change on year | 206 | 0.6 | 14 | 0.1 | -31 | -0.7 | -5 | -0.2 | 9 | 0.8 | 200 | 0.1 |
| | Change % | 2.4 | | 5.2 | | -0.9 | | -0.4 | | 72.9 | | 1.9 | |
| Men | | MGUX | YBUN | MGVM | MGXF | MGWB | LWFK | MGVA | YBUQ | MGVP | MGXI | MGWE | LWFN |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 4,472 | 75.5 | 195 | 4.2 | 1,258 | 21.2 | 730 | 14.0 | 9 | 1.2 | 4,467 | 85.8 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 4,586 | 76.2 | 167 | 3.5 | 1,269 | 21.1 | 729 | 13.7 | 11 | 1.4 | 4,574 | 86.1 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 4,596 | 76.0 | 166 | 3.5 | 1,285 | 21.2 | 706 | 13.2 | 14 | 1.9 | 4,620 | 86.5 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 4,598 | 75.7 | 156 | 3.3 | 1,316 | 21.7 | 725 | 13.5 | 13 | 1.8 | 4,628 | 86.2 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 4,614 | 75.8 | 161 | 3.4 | 1,315 | 21.6 | 730 | 13.5 | 16 | 2.2 | 4,648 | 86.2 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 4,653 | 76.1 | 168 | 3.5 | 1,291 | 21.1 | 731 | 13.5 | 16 | 2.2 | 4,674 | 86.2 |
| | Change on quarter | 38 | 0.4 | 7 | 0.1 | -24 | -0.5 | 2 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 26 | 0.0 |
| | Change % | 0.8 | | 4.1 | | -1.8 | | 0.2 | | 1.2 | | 0.6 | |
| | Change on year | 67 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | 22 | 0.1 | 3 | -0.2 | 6 | 0.7 | 100 | 0.1 |
| | Change % | 1.5 | | 0.6 | | 1.8 | | 0.4 | | 51.8 | | 2.2 | |
| Women | | LF27 | LF2V | LF29 | LF2F | LF2B | LF2X | LFK5 | LFK7 | K5HV | K5HX | LFL5 | LFL7 |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 3,973 | 64.7 | 130 | 3.2 | 2,036 | 33.2 | 457 | 7.4 | 12 | 2.5 | 5,680 | 92.4 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 4,134 | 66.2 | 109 | 2.6 | 2,003 | 32.1 | 472 | 7.6 | * | * | 5,768 | 92.4 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 4,171 | 66.5 | 111 | 2.6 | 1,991 | 31.7 | 461 | 7.4 | 6 | 1.2 | 5,798 | 92.6 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 4,211 | 66.9 | 118 | 2.7 | 1,969 | 31.3 | 457 | 7.3 | 8 | 1.8 | 5,823 | 92.6 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 4,236 | 67.0 | 118 | 2.7 | 1,967 | 31.1 | 454 | 7.2 | 6 | 1.2 | 5,854 | 92.7 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 4,274 | 67.3 | 122 | 2.8 | 1,950 | 30.7 | 465 | 7.3 | 6 | 1.3 | 5,867 | 92.6 |
| | Change on quarter | 38 | 0.3 | 4 | 0.1 | -17 | -0.4 | 11 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | -0.2 |
| | Change % | 0.9 | | 3.3 | | -0.9 | | 2.4 | | 5.8 | | 0.2 | |
| | Change on year | 140 | 1.2 | 13 | 0.2 | -53 | -1.3 | -7 | -0.2 | * | * | 99 | 0.2 |
| | Change % | 3.4 | | 12.3 | | -2.6 | | -1.6 | | * | * | 1.7 | |

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

3 Full-time, part-time & temporary workers

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

| | | All in employment | | | | | Full-time and part-time workers ¹ | | | | | | | Total workers with second jobs |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Total | Employees | Self employed | Unpaid family workers | Government supported training & employment programmes ² | Total people working full-time | Total people working part-time | Employees working full-time | Employees working part-time | Self-employed people working full-time | Self-employed people working part-time | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| People | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | |
| | | MGRZ | MGRN | MGRQ | MGRU | MGRW | YCBE | YCBH | YCBK | YCBN | YCBQ | YCBT | YCBW | |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 31,566 | 26,669 | 4,702 | 101 | 94 | 23,084 | 8,482 | 19,686 | 6,983 | 3,335 | 1,368 | 1,120 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 31,947 | 26,951 | 4,784 | 117 | 96 | 23,490 | 8,457 | 19,996 | 6,955 | 3,416 | 1,368 | 1,113 | |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 32,073 | 27,085 | 4,805 | 113 | 70 | 23,581 | 8,492 | 20,093 | 6,992 | 3,424 | 1,382 | 1,115 | |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 32,059 | 27,075 | 4,810 | 102 | 73 | 23,517 | 8,541 | 20,064 | 7,010 | 3,383 | 1,427 | 1,124 | |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 32,147 | 27,160 | 4,779 | 133 | 74 | 23,613 | 8,534 | 20,200 | 6,960 | 3,342 | 1,438 | 1,144 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 32,344 | 27,430 | 4,746 | 110 | 57 | 23,746 | 8,598 | 20,402 | 7,029 | 3,290 | 1,456 | 1,137 | |
| | Change on quarter | 197 | 271 | -33 | -23 | -17 | 133 | 64 | 202 | 69 | -51 | 18 | -7 | |
| | Change % | 0.6 | 1.0 | -0.7 | -17.1 | -23.2 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | -1.5 | 1.3 | -0.6 | |
| | Change on year | 396 | 480 | -38 | -6 | -38 | 256 | 140 | 406 | 73 | -126 | 87 | 25 | |
| | Change % | 1.2 | 1.8 | -0.8 | -5.3 | -40.2 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.1 | -3.7 | 6.4 | 2.2 | |
| Men | | MGSA | MGRO | MGRR | MGRU | MGRX | YCBF | YCBJ | YCBL | YCBO | YCBR | YCBU | YCBX | |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 16,844 | 13,544 | 3,199 | 50 | 50 | 14,598 | 2,246 | 11,922 | 1,623 | 2,640 | 559 | 479 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 16,966 | 13,655 | 3,201 | 53 | 58 | 14,721 | 2,245 | 12,019 | 1,635 | 2,653 | 548 | 476 | |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 17,021 | 13,710 | 3,227 | 45 | 39 | 14,791 | 2,230 | 12,094 | 1,616 | 2,662 | 566 | 486 | |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 16,984 | 13,677 | 3,225 | 47 | 36 | 14,704 | 2,280 | 12,041 | 1,636 | 2,628 | 597 | 492 | |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 17,039 | 13,762 | 3,174 | 66 | 37 | 14,790 | 2,248 | 12,139 | 1,623 | 2,615 | 559 | 500 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 17,128 | 13,925 | 3,131 | 43 | 30 | 14,844 | 2,284 | 12,248 | 1,677 | 2,567 | 564 | 495 | |
| | Change on quarter | 90 | 163 | -43 | -24 | -7 | 54 | 36 | 110 | 54 | -49 | 6 | -6 | |
| | Change % | 0.5 | 1.2 | -1.3 | -35.7 | -19.6 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 3.3 | -1.9 | 1.1 | -1.1 | |
| | Change on year | 163 | 270 | -70 | -10 | -28 | 123 | 39 | 229 | 41 | -86 | 16 | 18 | |
| | Change % | 1.0 | 2.0 | -2.2 | -19.0 | -48.3 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.5 | -3.2 | 3.0 | 3.9 | |
| Women | | MGSA | MGRO | MGRR | MGRU | MGRX | YCBF | YCBJ | YCBM | YCBP | YCBS | YCBV | YCBY | |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 14,722 | 13,124 | 1,503 | 51 | 44 | 8,487 | 6,235 | 7,764 | 5,360 | 695 | 808 | 640 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 14,982 | 13,296 | 1,584 | 64 | 38 | 8,769 | 6,213 | 7,976 | 5,320 | 763 | 820 | 637 | |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 15,052 | 13,375 | 1,578 | 67 | 31 | 8,790 | 6,261 | 7,999 | 5,376 | 762 | 816 | 629 | |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 15,075 | 13,398 | 1,585 | 55 | 37 | 8,813 | 6,262 | 8,023 | 5,375 | 755 | 830 | 632 | |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 15,108 | 13,398 | 1,606 | 67 | 37 | 8,822 | 6,285 | 8,061 | 5,337 | 727 | 879 | 644 | |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 15,215 | 13,505 | 1,615 | 68 | 27 | 8,902 | 6,314 | 8,153 | 5,352 | 724 | 891 | 643 | |
| | Change on quarter | 108 | 108 | 9 | 1 | -10 | 79 | 28 | 92 | 15 | -3 | 12 | -1 | |
| | Change % | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.2 | -26.8 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 0.3 | -0.4 | 1.4 | -0.2 | |
| | Change on year | 234 | 209 | 31 | 4 | -11 | 133 | 101 | 177 | 32 | -40 | 71 | 6 | |
| | Change % | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 5.9 | -28.0 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 0.6 | -5.2 | 8.6 | 1.0 | |
| Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part-time workers (reasons for working part-time) ³ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Total | Total as % of all employees | Could not find permanent job | % that could not find permanent job | Did not want permanent job | Had a contract with period of training | Some other reason | Total ⁴ | Could not find full-time job | % that could not find full-time job | Did not want full-time job | Ill or disabled | Student or at school |
| People | | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| | | YCBZ | YCCC | YCCF | YCCI | YCCL | YCCO | YCCR | YCCU | YCCX | YCDA | YCDD | YCDG | YCDJ |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 1,652 | 6.2 | 565 | 34.2 | 413 | 117 | 557 | 8,350 | 1,203 | 14.4 | 5,744 | 249 | 1,099 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 1,584 | 5.9 | 441 | 27.8 | 411 | 110 | 622 | 8,324 | 1,032 | 12.4 | 5,868 | 251 | 1,103 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 1,584 | 5.8 | 435 | 27.5 | 420 | 115 | 613 | 8,374 | 1,029 | 12.3 | 5,929 | 253 | 1,093 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 1,586 | 5.9 | 438 | 27.6 | 409 | 126 | 613 | 8,438 | 1,045 | 12.4 | 5,951 | 273 | 1,090 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 1,540 | 5.7 | 445 | 28.9 | 435 | 143 | 517 | 8,397 | 989 | 11.8 | 5,990 | 259 | 1,097 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 1,594 | 5.8 | 462 | 29.0 | 449 | 158 | 525 | 8,484 | 1,014 | 12.0 | 6,053 | 251 | 1,111 |
| | Change on quarter | 54 | 0.1 | 17 | 0.1 | 14 | 15 | 8 | 87 | 25 | 0.2 | 63 | -8 | 14 |
| | Change % | 3.5 | | 3.8 | | 3.3 | 10.4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.6 | | 1.1 | -3.1 | 1.2 |
| | Change on year | 10 | -0.1 | 21 | 1.1 | 38 | 49 | -97 | 160 | -18 | -0.4 | 185 | 0 | 9 |
| | Change % | 0.6 | | 4.7 | | 9.2 | 44.3 | -15.6 | 1.9 | -1.7 | | 3.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Men | | YCCA | YCCD | YCCG | YCCJ | YCCM | YCCP | YCCS | YCCV | YCCY | YCDB | YCDE | YCDH | YCDK |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 772 | 5.7 | 299 | 38.7 | 172 | 53 | 249 | 2,182 | 534 | 24.5 | 1,046 | 109 | 474 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 727 | 5.3 | 223 | 30.7 | 181 | 49 | 274 | 2,184 | 446 | 20.4 | 1,152 | 97 | 465 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 733 | 5.3 | 218 | 29.7 | 198 | 50 | 267 | 2,182 | 439 | 20.1 | 1,174 | 89 | 457 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 747 | 5.5 | 227 | 30.4 | 194 | 54 | 271 | 2,233 | 451 | 20.2 | 1,184 | 100 | 472 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 738 | 5.4 | 227 | 30.8 | 193 | 78 | 241 | 2,181 | 438 | 20.1 | 1,167 | 87 | 462 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 763 | 5.5 | 238 | 31.3 | 198 | 86 | 241 | 2,241 | 472 | 21.1 | 1,192 | 77 | 475 |
| | Change on quarter | 25 | 0.1 | 11 | 0.5 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 59 | 35 | 1.0 | 25 | -10 | 13 |
| | Change % | 3.3 | | 4.9 | | 2.9 | 10.4 | -0.1 | 2.7 | 7.9 | | 2.2 | -11.1 | 2.9 |
| | Change on year | 36 | 0.2 | 15 | 0.6 | 18 | 37 | -34 | 57 | 26 | 0.6 | 41 | -20 | 11 |
| | Change % | 5.0 | | 6.9 | | 9.8 | 74.6 | -12.2 | 2.6 | 5.9 | | 3.5 | -20.8 | 2.3 |
| Women | | YCCB | YCCE | YCCH | YCCK | YCCN | YCCQ | YCCT | YCCW | YCCZ | YCDC | YCDF | YCDI | YCDL |
| | Jan-Mar 2016 | 880 | 6.7 | 266 | 30.3 | 241 | 65 | 308 | 6,168 | 669 | 10.8 | 4,697 | 140 | 625 |
| | Jan-Mar 2017 | 857 | 6.4 | 218 | 25.4 | 230 | 61 | 348 | 6,140 | 586 | 9.5 | 4,716 | 153 | 638 |
| | Apr-Jun 2017 | 850 | 6.4 | 217 | 25.5 | 221 | 66 | 347 | 6,193 | 590 | 9.5 | 4,756 | 165 | 636 |
| | Jul-Sep 2017 | 839 | 6.3 | 212 | 25.2 | 214 | 72 | 341 | 6,205 | 594 | 9.6 | 4,767 | 173 | 618 |
| | Oct-Dec 2017 | 802 | 6.0 | 218 | 27.2 | 242 | 66 | 276 | 6,216 | 551 | 8.9 | 4,823 | 172 | 635 |
| | Jan-Mar 2018 | 831 | 6.2 | 223 | 26.9 | 250 | 73 | 284 | 6,243 | 542 | 8.7 | 4,861 | 174 | 636 |
| | Change on quarter | 29 | 0.2 | 6 | -0.3 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 27 | -9 | -0.2 | 38 | 2 | 0 |
| | Change % | 3.6 | | 2.6 | | 3.5 | 10.5 | 2.9 | 0.4 | -1.6 | | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| | Change on year | -26 | -0.3 | 5 | 1.4 | 20 | 12 | -63 | 103 | -44 | -0.9 | 145 | 21 | -2 |
| | Change % | -3.1 | | 2.5 | | 8.6 | 19.8 | -18.2 | 1.7 | -7.5 | | 3.1 | 13.4 | -0.4 |

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

2. This series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes those engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training.

3. These series cover Employees and Self-employed only. These series include some temporary employees recorded in columns 13 to 19.

4. The total includes those who did not give a reason for working part-time and it therefore does not equal the sum of columns 21, 23, 24 and 25.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Public and private sector employment

(first published on 21 March 2018)

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

| | Public sector | | Private sector ¹ | | Total employment ² | Public sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory Note at bottom of table) | | Private sector excluding effects of major reclassifications (See Explanatory Note at bottom of table) | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------|---|-------------|
| | (000s) | (%) | (000s) | (%) | | (000s) | (%) | (000s) | (%) |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | G7AU | G9BZ | G7K5 | G9C2 | G7GO | MFY7 | MFY9 | MFZ2 | MFY5 |
| Dec 15 | 5,480 | 17.4 | 26,057 | 82.6 | 31,537 | 5,209 | 16.5 | 26,328 | 83.5 |
| Mar 16 | 5,481 | 17.4 | 26,102 | 82.6 | 31,583 | 5,207 | 16.5 | 26,376 | 83.5 |
| Jun 16 | 5,464 | 17.2 | 26,293 | 82.8 | 31,757 | 5,202 | 16.4 | 26,555 | 83.6 |
| Sep 16 | 5,471 | 17.2 | 26,284 | 82.8 | 31,755 | 5,200 | 16.4 | 26,555 | 83.6 |
| Dec 16 | 5,453 | 17.1 | 26,393 | 82.9 | 31,846 | 5,190 | 16.3 | 26,656 | 83.7 |
| Mar 17 | 5,467 | 17.1 | 26,487 | 82.9 | 31,954 | 5,201 | 16.3 | 26,753 | 83.7 |
| Jun 17 | 5,473 | 17.0 | 26,663 | 83.0 | 32,136 | 5,219 | 16.2 | 26,917 | 83.8 |
| Sep 17 | 5,485 | 17.1 | 26,595 | 82.9 | 32,080 | 5,225 | 16.3 | 26,855 | 83.7 |
| Dec 17 | 5,353 | 16.6 | 26,895 | 83.4 | 32,248 | 5,234 | 16.2 | 27,014 | 83.8 |
| Change on quarter | -132 | -0.5 | 300 | 0.5 | 168 | 9 | -0.1 | 159 | 0.1 |
| Change % | -2.4 | | 1.1 | | 0.5 | 0.2 | | 0.6 | |
| Change on year | -100 | -0.5 | 502 | 0.5 | 402 | 44 | -0.1 | 358 | 0.1 |
| Change % | -1.8 | | 1.9 | | 1.3 | 0.8 | | 1.3 | |

Enquiries 01633 455400

Source: Labour Force Survey (LFS) and returns from public sector organisations
See footnotes under table 4(1)

4(1) Public sector employment by industry

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

| | Construction | HM Forces ³ | Police (including civilians) | Public administration | Of which: Civil Service ⁴ | Education | National Health Service | Other health and social work | Other (including financial corporations) | Total public sector employment ⁵ |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| | G7ER | G7EU | G7EX | G7F2 | G7D6 | G7F5 | G7FG | G7FJ | G7FM | G7AU |
| Dec 15 | 35 | 159 | 250 | 1,015 | 417 | 1,516 | 1,571 | 294 | 639 | 5,480 |
| Mar 16 | 36 | 158 | 248 | 1,011 | 419 | 1,517 | 1,579 | 290 | 642 | 5,481 |
| Jun 16 | 36 | 158 | 246 | 1,003 | 416 | 1,516 | 1,588 | 289 | 633 | 5,464 |
| Sep 16 | 35 | 158 | 245 | 1,002 | 416 | 1,519 | 1,596 | 280 | 632 | 5,471 |
| Dec 16 | 36 | 157 | 243 | 1,003 | 416 | 1,514 | 1,602 | 275 | 624 | 5,453 |
| Mar 17 | 37 | 157 | 245 | 1,005 | 419 | 1,517 | 1,612 | 273 | 618 | 5,467 |
| Jun 17 | 36 | 156 | 248 | 1,013 | 423 | 1,518 | 1,621 | 270 | 616 | 5,473 |
| Sep 17 | 35 | 155 | 250 | 1,017 | 423 | 1,512 | 1,629 | 268 | 615 | 5,485 |
| Dec 17 | 35 | 155 | 254 | 1,018 | 427 | 1,512 | 1,639 | 226 | 514 | 5,353 |
| Change on quarter | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 10 | -42 | -101 | -132 |
| Change % | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -15.7 | -16.4 | -2.4 |
| Change on year | -1 | -2 | 11 | 15 | 11 | -2 | 37 | -49 | -110 | -100 |
| Change % | -2.8 | -1.3 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 2.6 | -0.1 | 2.3 | -17.8 | -17.6 | -1.8 |

Enquiries 01633 455400

Source: returns from public sector organisations

Explanatory Note: The public and private sector employment series have been affected by a number of major reclassifications where bodies employing large numbers of people have moved between the public and private sectors. These major reclassifications are as follows:

Further Education corporations and Sixth Form College corporations in England are included in the private sector from June 2012 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Royal Mail plc is included in the private sector from December 2013 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Lloyds Banking Group plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 to December 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Royal Bank of Scotland plc is included in the public sector from December 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Direct Line Group is included in the public sector from December 2008 to June 2013 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Network Rail is included in the private sector before December 2002. From December 2002 onwards it is included in the public sector (except for the period from June 2003 to March 2004, when it is included in the private sector).

Northern Rock is included in the public sector from December 2007 until December 2011 but in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Bradford and Bingley is included in the public sector from September 2008 but in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Welsh Further Education colleges are included in the private sector from March 2015 but in the public sector for earlier time periods.

Housing Associations for England are included in the public sector between September 2008 and September 2017; they are in the private sector for earlier and later time periods.

Housing associations for Scotland are included in the public sector from September 2001; they are included in the private sector for earlier time periods.

Housing associations for Wales and Northern Ireland are included in the public sector back to the start of the time series in March 1999.

The series shown at Table 4 (in columns 6 to 9) for public and private sector employment excluding the effects of major reclassifications show all of the above mentioned bodies included in the private sector for all time periods and excluded from the public sector for all time periods. When using figures from this table, the latest estimate of the number of people employed in the public and private sectors should be taken from columns 1 and 3 respectively. However the quarterly and annual changes in employment shown in these columns are affected by reclassifications. Figures from columns 6 and 8 should be used for assessments of the recent underlying changes in public and private sector employment. The changes in employment shown in these columns are measured on a consistent basis to remove the effect of major reclassifications.

1. Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the data from public sector organisations.

2. LFS employment data for March refer to February-April, June refers to May-July, September refers to August-October and December refers to November-January.

3. This series excludes locally engaged staff stationed outside the United Kingdom.

4. This series excludes the Northern Ireland Civil Service.

5. This series may not exactly equal the sum of the components because each component is independently seasonally adjusted.

More detailed estimates are available in the Public Sector Employment Statistical Bulletin at:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/publicsectorpersonnel/bulletins/publicsectoremployment/latest>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

5 Workforce jobs

(first published on 21 March 2018)

| United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--|
| | Workforce jobs | Employee jobs | Self-employment jobs ¹ | HM Forces | Government-supported trainees ¹ |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | DYDC | BCAJ | DYZN | LOJX | LOJU |
| Dec 15 | 34,147 | 29,514 | 4,420 | 159 | 55 |
| Mar 16 | 34,421 | 29,766 | 4,430 | 158 | 67 |
| Jun 16 | 34,617 | 29,883 | 4,522 | 158 | 55 |
| Sep 16 | 34,653 | 29,956 | 4,490 | 158 | 49 |
| Dec 16 | 34,703 | 29,958 | 4,532 | 157 | 56 |
| Mar 17 | 34,988 | 30,266 | 4,504 | 157 | 62 |
| Jun 17 | 35,068 | 30,318 | 4,548 | 156 | 46 |
| Sep 17 | 35,174 | 30,447 | 4,526 | 155 | 46 |
| Dec 17 (p) | 35,110 | 30,441 | 4,483 | 155 | 31 |
| Change on quarter | -64 | -6 | -43 | 0 | -15 |
| Change % | -0.2 | 0.0 | -1.0 | -0.2 | -33.0 |
| Change on year | 407 | 483 | -49 | -2 | -25 |
| Change % | 1.2 | 1.6 | -1.1 | -1.4 | -45.0 |

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

See footnotes under table 6

6 Workforce jobs by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| SIC 2007 sections | All jobs A-T | Agriculture, forestry & fishing A | Mining & quarrying B | Manufacturing C | Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply D | Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities E | Construction F | Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles G | Transport & storage H | Accommodation & food service activities I | Information & communication J |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|-------------------|--|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | DYDC | JWR5 | JWR6 | JWR7 | JWR8 | JWR9 | JWS2 | JWS3 | JWS4 | JWS5 | JWS6 |
| Dec 15 | 34,147 | 423 | 66 | 2,626 | 139 | 194 | 2,183 | 5,018 | 1,653 | 2,280 | 1,368 |
| Mar 16 | 34,421 | 411 | 65 | 2,644 | 145 | 201 | 2,230 | 5,022 | 1,690 | 2,288 | 1,398 |
| Jun 16 | 34,617 | 394 | 63 | 2,663 | 141 | 199 | 2,239 | 5,041 | 1,716 | 2,343 | 1,436 |
| Sep 16 | 34,653 | 420 | 64 | 2,636 | 138 | 208 | 2,209 | 5,001 | 1,736 | 2,377 | 1,424 |
| Dec 16 | 34,703 | 443 | 63 | 2,634 | 143 | 211 | 2,238 | 4,980 | 1,742 | 2,372 | 1,419 |
| Mar 17 | 34,988 | 450 | 61 | 2,648 | 141 | 211 | 2,307 | 4,998 | 1,785 | 2,397 | 1,457 |
| Jun 17 | 35,068 | 440 | 63 | 2,676 | 144 | 210 | 2,291 | 5,015 | 1,808 | 2,425 | 1,497 |
| Sep 17 | 35,174 | 459 | 62 | 2,682 | 142 | 211 | 2,304 | 4,959 | 1,804 | 2,426 | 1,457 |
| Dec 17 (p) | 35,110 | 453 | 64 | 2,689 | 138 | 214 | 2,302 | 4,963 | 1,785 | 2,378 | 1,445 |
| Change on quarter | -64 | -5 | 2 | 7 | -4 | 3 | -2 | 4 | -20 | -48 | -12 |
| Change % | -0.2 | -1.1 | 3.2 | 0.3 | -3.0 | 1.4 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -1.1 | -2.0 | -0.8 |
| Change on year | 407 | 11 | 1 | 55 | -5 | 3 | 63 | -17 | 43 | 6 | 26 |
| Change % | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.1 | -3.7 | 1.2 | 2.8 | -0.3 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 1.9 |

| SIC 2007 sections | Financial & insurance activities K | Real estate activities L | Professional scientific & technical activities M | Administrative & support service activities N | Public admin & defence; compulsory social security ² O | Education P | Human health & social work activities Q | Arts, entertainment & recreation R | Other service activities S | People employed by households etc. T | Total services G-T |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|----------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | JWS7 | JWS8 | JWS9 | JWT2 | JWT3 | JWT4 | JWT5 | JWT6 | JWT7 | KW78 | JWT8 |
| Dec 15 | 1,111 | 566 | 2,967 | 2,911 | 1,478 | 2,970 | 4,229 | 982 | 918 | 64 | 28,515 |
| Mar 16 | 1,121 | 555 | 3,006 | 2,944 | 1,486 | 2,956 | 4,294 | 966 | 927 | 71 | 28,725 |
| Jun 16 | 1,122 | 578 | 3,017 | 2,970 | 1,478 | 2,959 | 4,297 | 966 | 921 | 77 | 28,919 |
| Sep 16 | 1,141 | 557 | 3,047 | 2,952 | 1,474 | 2,963 | 4,284 | 1,011 | 922 | 92 | 28,979 |
| Dec 16 | 1,127 | 549 | 3,052 | 2,982 | 1,467 | 2,969 | 4,288 | 1,021 | 931 | 71 | 28,969 |
| Mar 17 | 1,124 | 580 | 3,051 | 3,000 | 1,468 | 2,934 | 4,359 | 1,008 | 942 | 67 | 29,170 |
| Jun 17 | 1,135 | 546 | 3,018 | 3,015 | 1,489 | 2,922 | 4,390 | 977 | 943 | 65 | 29,245 |
| Sep 17 | 1,127 | 563 | 3,058 | 3,092 | 1,491 | 2,925 | 4,355 | 1,028 | 956 | 74 | 29,316 |
| Dec 17 (p) | 1,134 | 571 | 3,065 | 3,061 | 1,491 | 2,917 | 4,408 | 1,016 | 957 | 60 | 29,249 |
| Change on quarter | 7 | 8 | 7 | -31 | 0 | -9 | 53 | -12 | 0 | -14 | -67 |
| Change % | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.2 | -1.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 1.2 | -1.2 | 0.0 | -19.2 | -0.2 |
| Change on year | 7 | 22 | 13 | 79 | 24 | -52 | 120 | -5 | 26 | -11 | 280 |
| Change % | 0.6 | 4.0 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 1.6 | -1.8 | 2.8 | -0.5 | 2.7 | -15.9 | 1.0 |

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

Sources: Employer surveys, Labour Force Survey and administrative sources

1. Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For this reason estimates of self-employment jobs and government supported trainee jobs differ from estimates of people in self-employment and in government supported training and employment programmes shown at Table 3. The estimates for government supported trainees shown in this table exclude trainees with contracts of employment as such people are included in the estimates of employee jobs.

2. This series is not exclusively a public sector series as it includes some private sector jobs. See table 4 for estimates of public and private sector employment.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

7 Actual weekly hours worked

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

| | Total weekly hours (millions) ^{1,2} | Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | | All workers ¹ | Full-time workers ³ | Part-time workers ³ | Second Jobs |
| | | | | | |
| People | YBUS | YBUV | YBUY | YBVB | YBVE |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 1,013.7 | 32.1 | 37.6 | 16.1 | 9.4 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 1,029.7 | 32.2 | 37.5 | 16.3 | 9.7 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 1,034.2 | 32.2 | 37.6 | 16.3 | 9.4 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 1,028.9 | 32.1 | 37.4 | 16.3 | 9.8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 1,025.9 | 31.9 | 37.1 | 16.1 | 9.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 1,032.5 | 31.9 | 37.1 | 16.3 | 9.9 |
| Change on quarter | 6.6 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Change % | 0.6 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Change on year | 2.7 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Change % | 0.3 | -1.0 | -1.2 | 0.4 | 2.6 |
| Men | YBUT | YBUW | YBUZ | YBVC | YBVF |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 616.7 | 36.6 | 39.4 | 16.1 | 10.2 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 621.7 | 36.6 | 39.4 | 16.4 | 10.7 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 625.4 | 36.7 | 39.5 | 16.3 | 10.1 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 618.6 | 36.4 | 39.2 | 16.1 | 10.9 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 618.5 | 36.3 | 39.0 | 15.9 | 10.7 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 621.6 | 36.3 | 39.0 | 16.1 | 10.9 |
| Change on quarter | 3.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Change % | 0.5 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.9 | 1.8 |
| Change on year | -0.1 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0.1 |
| Change % | 0.0 | -1.0 | -0.9 | -2.2 | 1.0 |
| Women | YBUU | YBUX | YBVA | YBVD | YBVG |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 397.0 | 27.0 | 34.3 | 16.1 | 8.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 408.0 | 27.2 | 34.4 | 16.2 | 8.9 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 408.8 | 27.2 | 34.3 | 16.3 | 8.8 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 410.3 | 27.2 | 34.3 | 16.3 | 8.9 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 407.4 | 27.0 | 34.0 | 16.2 | 9.1 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 410.8 | 27.0 | 33.9 | 16.4 | 9.2 |
| Change on quarter | 3.4 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Change % | 0.8 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 1.5 | 0.7 |
| Change on year | 2.8 | -0.2 | -0.6 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Change % | 0.7 | -0.9 | -1.6 | 1.4 | 3.9 |

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. Main and second job.

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

7(1) Usual weekly hours of work¹

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

| | All in Employment (%) | | | Employees (%) | | | Self-Employed (%) | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| | People | Men | Women | People | Men | Women | People | Men | Women |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than 6 Hours | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 5.9 |
| 6 up to 15 hours | 6.6 | 3.6 | 10.1 | 6.2 | 3.3 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 4.5 | 16.6 |
| 16 up to 30 hours | 19.8 | 9.9 | 31.1 | 19.4 | 8.5 | 30.7 | 22.1 | 15.6 | 35.4 |
| 31 up to 45 hours | 52.9 | 58.6 | 46.5 | 55.6 | 62.3 | 48.8 | 38.1 | 43.1 | 28.0 |
| Over 45 hours | 19.2 | 26.9 | 10.4 | 17.7 | 25.2 | 10.0 | 28.0 | 34.8 | 14.1 |
| Total (thousands) | 31,947 | 16,966 | 14,982 | 26,951 | 13,655 | 13,296 | 4,784 | 3,201 | 1,584 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than 6 Hours | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 6.6 |
| 6 up to 15 hours | 6.5 | 3.5 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 3.1 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 17.9 |
| 16 up to 30 hours | 20.0 | 10.0 | 31.3 | 19.6 | 8.7 | 30.8 | 22.4 | 15.4 | 36.3 |
| 31 up to 45 hours | 53.3 | 59.1 | 46.8 | 56.1 | 62.6 | 49.4 | 38.4 | 45.0 | 25.5 |
| Over 45 hours | 18.8 | 26.4 | 10.3 | 17.6 | 25.0 | 9.9 | 26.6 | 33.1 | 13.8 |
| Total (thousands) | 32,147 | 17,039 | 15,108 | 27,160 | 13,762 | 13,398 | 4,779 | 3,174 | 1,606 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than 6 Hours | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 5.6 |
| 6 up to 15 hours | 6.5 | 3.5 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 3.1 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 4.6 | 17.5 |
| 16 up to 30 hours | 19.9 | 10.0 | 31.1 | 19.4 | 8.8 | 30.4 | 23.4 | 15.8 | 38.0 |
| 31 up to 45 hours | 53.7 | 59.7 | 47.0 | 56.4 | 62.9 | 49.7 | 38.7 | 45.4 | 25.5 |
| Over 45 hours | 18.5 | 25.8 | 10.3 | 17.3 | 24.5 | 10.0 | 26.0 | 32.5 | 13.5 |
| Total (thousands) | 32,344 | 17,128 | 15,215 | 27,430 | 13,925 | 13,505 | 4,746 | 3,131 | 1,615 |

1. Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

NON-UK WORKERS

8 Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted

| | | | | European Union (EU) | | | | Countries not in the European Union (non-EU) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|------|-------------------|
| | | | | Of which: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total ¹ | UK | Non UK | Total EU (EU27) ² | EU14 ³ | EUA8 ⁴ | Romania and Bulgaria | Total non-EU | Africa excluding South Africa | South Africa | Australia and New Zealand | India | Pakistan and Bangladesh | USA | Rest of the world |
| Levels (aged 16 and over) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| By country of birth | MGTM | JF6F | JF6G | EQ4Q | JJR3 | JJR5 | EQ4R | EQ4S | JJR9 | JJS3 | JJS5 | JJS7 | JJS9 | JJR7 | EQ4T |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 31,482 | 26,223 | 5,252 | 2,211 | 975 | 975 | 231 | 3,041 | 668 | 131 | 126 | 464 | 340 | 100 | 1,212 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 31,866 | 26,222 | 5,640 | 2,359 | 988 | 1,026 | 311 | 3,280 | 723 | 185 | 157 | 455 | 383 | 82 | 1,296 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 31,996 | 26,312 | 5,681 | 2,373 | 972 | 1,007 | 362 | 3,308 | 772 | 213 | 138 | 441 | 381 | 81 | 1,282 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 32,141 | 26,434 | 5,705 | 2,403 | 970 | 1,044 | 361 | 3,302 | 736 | 186 | 151 | 481 | 374 | 87 | 1,288 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 32,231 | 26,629 | 5,599 | 2,389 | 999 | 995 | 360 | 3,210 | 699 | 171 | 146 | 469 | 353 | 99 | 1,273 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 32,277 | 26,631 | 5,643 | 2,366 | 1,029 | 956 | 347 | 3,276 | 707 | 179 | 149 | 477 | 353 | 112 | 1,298 |
| Change on year | 411 | 409 | 3 | 7 | 42 | -71 | 35 | -4 | -15 | -6 | -8 | 23 | -30 | 30 | 2 |
| Change % | 1.3 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 4.2 | -6.9 | 11.4 | -0.1 | -2.1 | -3.2 | -5.0 | 4.9 | -7.7 | 36.1 | 0.2 |
| By nationality | MGTM | JF6H | JF6I | EQ4U | JJR4 | JJR6 | EQ4V | EQ4W | JJS2 | JJS4 | JJS6 | JJS8 | JJT2 | JJR8 | EQ4X |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 31,482 | 28,134 | 3,343 | 2,148 | 941 | 963 | 227 | 1,195 | 189 | 45 | 83 | 186 | 107 | 86 | 499 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 31,866 | 28,313 | 3,550 | 2,319 | 1,001 | 1,008 | 297 | 1,230 | 226 | 59 | 96 | 174 | 114 | 78 | 484 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 31,996 | 28,427 | 3,564 | 2,365 | 1,020 | 997 | 337 | 1,199 | 240 | 77 | 82 | 163 | 95 | 75 | 469 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 32,141 | 28,547 | 3,589 | 2,378 | 987 | 1,035 | 347 | 1,211 | 223 | 64 | 88 | 180 | 103 | 70 | 484 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 32,231 | 28,703 | 3,523 | 2,349 | 1,014 | 961 | 364 | 1,174 | 203 | 63 | 90 | 179 | 87 | 91 | 461 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 32,277 | 28,730 | 3,542 | 2,292 | 1,008 | 917 | 355 | 1,250 | 214 | 60 | 98 | 188 | 99 | 98 | 493 |
| Change on year | 411 | 417 | -8 | -28 | 8 | -91 | 59 | 20 | -12 | 1 | 3 | 15 | -15 | 20 | 9 |
| Change % | 1.3 | 1.5 | -0.2 | -1.2 | 0.8 | -9.1 | 19.8 | 1.6 | -5.4 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 8.5 | -13.3 | 25.5 | 1.9 |
| Rates (aged 16 to 64) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| By country of birth | LF9D | LFM6 | LFM7 | EQ4Y | LFM8 | LFM9 | EQ4Z | EQ52 | LFN3 | LFN4 | LFN5 | LFN6 | LFN7 | LFN2 | EQ53 |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 74.0 | 74.6 | 71.2 | 78.7 | 77.5 | 80.8 | 75.8 | 66.5 | 66.9 | 78.3 | 90.3 | 72.8 | 56.6 | 74.5 | 64.0 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 74.6 | 75.3 | 71.9 | 79.5 | 77.0 | 82.2 | 80.7 | 67.2 | 68.2 | 83.6 | 88.2 | 74.4 | 56.0 | 74.5 | 64.2 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 72.6 | 80.6 | 77.5 | 82.6 | 84.6 | 67.7 | 69.5 | 86.0 | 84.6 | 72.7 | 54.1 | 73.3 | 66.0 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 75.2 | 75.5 | 73.9 | 81.8 | 78.2 | 84.1 | 86.1 | 69.0 | 69.1 | 83.2 | 85.1 | 73.9 | 55.5 | 74.7 | 68.6 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 75.4 | 75.8 | 73.6 | 81.6 | 77.7 | 85.4 | 83.6 | 68.5 | 68.7 | 82.1 | 86.4 | 73.6 | 56.2 | 77.3 | 67.3 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 75.4 | 75.8 | 73.8 | 81.9 | 79.1 | 85.3 | 82.0 | 68.8 | 69.6 | 81.5 | 81.7 | 77.4 | 56.3 | 77.7 | 66.7 |
| Change on year | 0.8 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.4 | -2.2 | -6.5 | 2.9 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 2.4 |
| By nationality | LF9D | LFN8 | LFN9 | EQ54 | LFO2 | LFO3 | EQ55 | EQ56 | LFO5 | LFO6 | LFO7 | LFO8 | LFO9 | LFO4 | EQ57 |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 74.0 | 74.4 | 71.3 | 78.0 | 75.9 | 80.8 | 75.2 | 61.7 | 59.2 | 77.7 | 88.0 | 70.1 | 53.6 | 68.1 | 57.1 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 74.6 | 75.1 | 71.6 | 79.7 | 77.3 | 82.4 | 79.9 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 90.5 | 87.5 | 65.0 | 52.6 | 79.2 | 52.9 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 75.0 | 75.3 | 72.8 | 80.8 | 78.0 | 83.1 | 84.3 | 60.9 | 62.4 | 86.4 | 87.2 | 65.3 | 48.6 | 70.8 | 55.2 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 75.2 | 75.3 | 74.5 | 81.6 | 78.2 | 84.3 | 85.9 | 63.6 | 62.5 | 81.1 | 86.9 | 67.5 | 53.7 | 70.7 | 59.7 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 75.4 | 75.6 | 74.2 | 81.2 | 77.4 | 85.3 | 84.1 | 63.2 | 60.9 | 84.8 | 85.0 | 67.4 | 52.6 | 79.5 | 57.9 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 75.4 | 75.6 | 74.1 | 81.9 | 79.6 | 85.0 | 82.8 | 63.0 | 63.1 | 87.4 | 82.0 | 72.9 | 53.1 | 74.7 | 56.1 |
| Change on year | 0.8 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | -3.2 | -5.5 | 7.9 | 0.5 | -4.5 | 3.2 |

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGTM does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.
2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK. It does not equal the sum of the EU14, EUA8, and "Romania & Bulgaria" series as it also includes Cyprus, Malta and Croatia.
3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.
4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

NON-UK WORKERS

8(1) Unemployment and Economic inactivity levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people) not seasonally adjusted

| | Unemployment (all aged 16 and over) | | | | | Economically inactive (all aged from 16 to 64) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|--------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Total ¹ | UK | Non-UK | EU27 ² | Non-EU | Total ¹ | | UK | | Non-UK | | EU27 ² | | Non-EU | |
| | | | | | | All econom- ically inactive | Of which: Students ³ | All econom- ically inactive | Of which: Students ³ | All econom- ically inactive | Of which: Students ³ | All econom- ically inactive | Of which: Students ³ | All econom- ically inactive | Of which: Students ³ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Levels (thousands of people) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| By country of birth | MGTP | DSWD | DT35 | DT3F | DTKB | LF9L | LF9W | DTLK | DYUP | DYUR | DYVR | DYVZ | DYWL | DYWR | DZ37 |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 1,679 | 1,338 | 340 | 102 | 238 | 9,003 | 2,412 | 7,238 | 1,892 | 1,746 | 516 | 489 | 163 | 1,257 | 352 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 1,527 | 1,181 | 346 | 120 | 226 | 8,916 | 2,455 | 7,076 | 1,895 | 1,825 | 560 | 483 | 161 | 1,342 | 399 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 1,457 | 1,140 | 317 | 98 | 219 | 8,861 | 2,429 | 7,060 | 1,878 | 1,789 | 551 | 470 | 167 | 1,320 | 383 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 1,501 | 1,220 | 281 | 72 | 209 | 8,728 | 2,150 | 7,019 | 1,685 | 1,692 | 465 | 456 | 152 | 1,237 | 313 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 1,427 | 1,142 | 285 | 79 | 206 | 8,738 | 2,317 | 7,036 | 1,803 | 1,691 | 513 | 452 | 175 | 1,239 | 338 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 1,417 | 1,118 | 298 | 89 | 210 | 8,728 | 2,448 | 7,050 | 1,916 | 1,667 | 533 | 428 | 162 | 1,239 | 370 |
| Change on year | -110 | -63 | -48 | -31 | -17 | -188 | -7 | -25 | 21 | -157 | -28 | -55 | 1 | -103 | -29 |
| Change % | -7.2 | -5.3 | -13.8 | -25.8 | -7.4 | -2.1 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 1.1 | -8.6 | -5.0 | -11.3 | 0.7 | -7.7 | -7.3 |
| By nationality | MGTP | DSWE | DT39 | DTG9 | DTKC | LF9L | LF9W | DYTC | DYUQ | DYUS | DYVU | DYWA | DYWM | DYWS | DZGD |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 1,679 | 1,464 | 215 | 109 | 106 | 9,003 | 2,412 | 7,868 | 2,029 | 1,117 | 379 | 490 | 170 | 626 | 209 |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 1,527 | 1,284 | 243 | 126 | 117 | 8,916 | 2,455 | 7,746 | 2,037 | 1,153 | 417 | 460 | 171 | 693 | 246 |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 1,457 | 1,258 | 199 | 100 | 100 | 8,861 | 2,429 | 7,734 | 2,025 | 1,118 | 403 | 457 | 169 | 661 | 235 |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 1,501 | 1,325 | 175 | 79 | 95 | 8,728 | 2,150 | 7,669 | 1,812 | 1,042 | 337 | 452 | 155 | 590 | 182 |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 1,427 | 1,240 | 186 | 90 | 95 | 8,738 | 2,317 | 7,696 | 1,942 | 1,029 | 373 | 449 | 183 | 580 | 190 |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 1,417 | 1,232 | 185 | 89 | 96 | 8,728 | 2,448 | 7,679 | 2,052 | 1,039 | 395 | 411 | 167 | 628 | 228 |
| Change on year | -110 | -52 | -58 | -37 | -21 | -188 | -7 | -68 | 16 | -114 | -22 | -49 | -4 | -65 | -18 |
| Change % | -7.2 | -4.0 | -23.9 | -29.6 | -17.8 | -2.1 | -0.3 | -0.9 | 0.8 | -9.9 | -5.2 | -10.6 | -2.4 | -9.4 | -7.2 |
| Rates (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| By country of birth | MGUK | DT2W | DT3B | DTJG | DTKD | CRZK | | DYTD | | DYUT | | DYWD | | DYWT | |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 4.4 | 7.3 | 22.0 | | 21.5 | | 24.1 | | 17.6 | | 28.2 | |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 21.7 | | 21.2 | | 23.7 | | 16.5 | | 28.1 | |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 6.2 | 21.5 | | 21.1 | | 23.3 | | 16.1 | | 27.8 | |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 5.9 | 21.2 | | 20.9 | | 22.4 | | 15.7 | | 26.6 | |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 6.0 | 21.2 | | 20.9 | | 22.6 | | 15.7 | | 27.0 | |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 6.0 | 21.2 | | 20.9 | | 22.3 | | 15.0 | | 26.7 | |
| Change on year | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -1.2 | -0.4 | -0.5 | | -0.3 | | -1.4 | | -1.5 | | -1.4 | |
| By nationality | MGUK | DT2Z | DT3D | DTKA | DTLH | CRZK | | DYUO | | DYUU | | DYWE | | DZ36 | |
| Jan - Mar 2016 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 22.0 | | 21.7 | | 24.1 | | 18.0 | | 32.8 | |
| Jan - Mar 2017 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 8.7 | 21.7 | | 21.4 | | 23.5 | | 15.9 | | 34.3 | |
| Apr - Jun 2017 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 21.5 | | 21.3 | | 23.1 | | 15.7 | | 34.0 | |
| Jul - Sep 2017 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 7.3 | 21.2 | | 21.1 | | 21.9 | | 15.7 | | 31.4 | |
| Oct - Dec 2017 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 7.5 | 21.2 | | 21.1 | | 21.9 | | 15.7 | | 31.7 | |
| Jan - Mar 2018 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 7.1 | 21.2 | | 21.1 | | 22.0 | | 14.8 | | 32.2 | |
| Change on year | -0.4 | -0.2 | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.5 | -0.5 | | -0.4 | | -1.5 | | -1.1 | | -2.1 | |

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series do not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.
2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states excluding the UK.
3. This series consists of those people whose main reason for being economically inactive was because they were students. It does not include all students as some students will be included in the employment and unemployment estimates.

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | All aged 16 & over | | | | | | | All aged 16-64 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | MGSC | MG SX | YBWF | YBWG | YBWH | YBWI | YBWL | LF2I | LF2Q | LF2Y | LF32 | LF34 | LF36 | LF38 |
| People | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 1,693 | 5.1 | 955 | 271 | 467 | 27.6 | 264 | 1,672 | 5.2 | 941 | 270 | 461 | 27.6 | 259 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 1,541 | 4.6 | 907 | 249 | 385 | 25.0 | 200 | 1,528 | 4.7 | 896 | 248 | 383 | 25.1 | 198 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 1,484 | 4.4 | 876 | 234 | 374 | 25.2 | 197 | 1,464 | 4.5 | 869 | 228 | 367 | 25.1 | 195 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 1,425 | 4.3 | 818 | 216 | 391 | 27.4 | 213 | 1,403 | 4.3 | 812 | 211 | 380 | 27.1 | 209 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 1,470 | 4.4 | 860 | 242 | 368 | 25.0 | 195 | 1,449 | 4.5 | 847 | 236 | 365 | 25.2 | 192 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 1,425 | 4.2 | 845 | 222 | 358 | 25.1 | 195 | 1,402 | 4.3 | 830 | 217 | 356 | 25.4 | 193 |
| Change on quarter | -46 | -0.2 | -15 | -20 | -10 | 0.1 | 0 | -46 | -0.2 | -18 | -20 | -9 | 0.2 | 1 |
| Change % | -3.1 | | -1.8 | -8.4 | -2.7 | | -0.2 | -3.2 | | -2.1 | -8.3 | -2.5 | | 0.4 |
| Change on year | -116 | -0.4 | -62 | -27 | -27 | 0.2 | -6 | -125 | -0.4 | -66 | -31 | -28 | 0.3 | -5 |
| Change % | -7.5 | | -6.9 | -10.8 | -6.9 | | -2.9 | -8.2 | | -7.4 | -12.6 | -7.2 | | -2.4 |
| Men | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MGSD | MG SY | MGYK | MGYM | MGYO | YBWJ | YBWM | YBSI | YBTJ | YBWP | YBWS | YBWW | YBWW | YBWB |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 919 | 5.2 | 478 | 155 | 286 | 31.1 | 175 | 909 | 5.3 | 471 | 155 | 283 | 31.1 | 172 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 852 | 4.8 | 484 | 133 | 236 | 27.7 | 139 | 842 | 4.9 | 474 | 133 | 234 | 27.8 | 137 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 818 | 4.6 | 456 | 137 | 225 | 27.5 | 132 | 805 | 4.7 | 451 | 133 | 221 | 27.4 | 130 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 770 | 4.3 | 402 | 135 | 233 | 30.2 | 129 | 757 | 4.5 | 397 | 132 | 228 | 30.1 | 128 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 782 | 4.4 | 421 | 140 | 221 | 28.3 | 123 | 766 | 4.5 | 411 | 135 | 220 | 28.7 | 122 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 756 | 4.2 | 413 | 128 | 215 | 28.4 | 122 | 740 | 4.3 | 404 | 125 | 210 | 28.4 | 121 |
| Change on quarter | -26 | -0.2 | -7 | -12 | -6 | 0.1 | -1 | -26 | -0.2 | -6 | -10 | -9 | -0.3 | -2 |
| Change % | -3.3 | | -1.7 | -8.8 | -2.8 | | -1.0 | -3.4 | | -1.6 | -7.4 | -4.3 | | -1.3 |
| Change on year | -96 | -0.6 | -70 | -5 | -21 | 0.7 | -17 | -102 | -0.6 | -70 | -8 | -24 | 0.6 | -16 |
| Change % | -11.3 | | -14.5 | -3.8 | -9.0 | | -12.2 | -12.1 | | -14.8 | -5.9 | -10.1 | | -12.0 |
| Women | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MGSE | MG SZ | MGYL | MGYN | MGYP | YBWK | YBWN | LF2J | LF2R | LF2Z | LF33 | LF35 | LF37 | LF39 |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 774 | 5.0 | 477 | 115 | 182 | 23.5 | 89 | 763 | 5.1 | 470 | 114 | 178 | 23.4 | 86 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 688 | 4.4 | 423 | 116 | 149 | 21.6 | 62 | 686 | 4.5 | 422 | 115 | 149 | 21.8 | 61 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 666 | 4.2 | 420 | 98 | 148 | 22.3 | 64 | 660 | 4.3 | 418 | 96 | 146 | 22.2 | 64 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 654 | 4.2 | 416 | 80 | 157 | 24.1 | 84 | 646 | 4.2 | 415 | 79 | 152 | 23.5 | 81 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 689 | 4.4 | 440 | 102 | 147 | 21.4 | 72 | 683 | 4.5 | 437 | 101 | 145 | 21.2 | 70 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 669 | 4.2 | 431 | 94 | 143 | 21.4 | 73 | 663 | 4.3 | 426 | 92 | 145 | 21.9 | 72 |
| Change on quarter | -20 | -0.2 | -8 | -8 | -4 | 0.1 | 1 | -20 | -0.2 | -11 | -10 | 0 | 0.7 | 2 |
| Change % | -2.9 | | -1.9 | -7.8 | -2.6 | | 1.2 | -3.0 | | -2.5 | -9.5 | 0.2 | | 3.3 |
| Change on year | -20 | -0.2 | 8 | -22 | -5 | -0.2 | 11 | -23 | -0.2 | 4 | -23 | -4 | 0.2 | 12 |
| Change % | -2.8 | | 1.9 | -19.0 | -3.7 | | 17.9 | -3.4 | | 0.9 | -20.4 | -2.7 | | 19.2 |
| 16-17 | | | | | | | | 18-24 | | | | | | |
| | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months |
| | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| | YBVH | YBVK | YBXD | YBXG | YBXJ | YBXM | YBXP | YBVN | YBVQ | YBXS | YBXV | YBXY | YBYB | YBYE |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| People | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 130 | 26.1 | 107 | 14 | 8 | 6.4 | * | 500 | 12.2 | 319 | 86 | 96 | 19.1 | 46 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 138 | 27.4 | 108 | 21 | 9 | 6.3 | * | 425 | 10.6 | 277 | 70 | 78 | 18.3 | 31 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 111 | 24.3 | 88 | 17 | 6 | 5.5 | * | 434 | 10.8 | 281 | 80 | 73 | 16.9 | 35 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 102 | 23.2 | 78 | 18 | 6 | 6.2 | * | 415 | 10.6 | 258 | 72 | 85 | 20.5 | 31 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 119 | 26.8 | 93 | 20 | 7 | 5.5 | * | 428 | 10.9 | 289 | 66 | 73 | 17.0 | 25 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 124 | 27.0 | 101 | 18 | 5 | 3.9 | * | 407 | 10.3 | 276 | 63 | 68 | 16.6 | 27 |
| Change on quarter | 5 | 0.2 | 8 | -1 | -2 | -1.6 | * | -21 | -0.5 | -13 | -3 | -5 | -0.4 | 2 |
| Change % | 4.2 | | 8.7 | -6.7 | -25.9 | | * | -5.0 | | -4.4 | -5.2 | -7.0 | | 8.2 |
| Change on year | -14 | -0.5 | -8 | -2 | -4 | -2.4 | * | -18 | -0.2 | 0 | -7 | -10 | -1.7 | -4 |
| Change % | -10.0 | | -7.1 | -10.7 | -44.2 | | * | -4.1 | | -0.1 | -10.3 | -13.0 | | -12.5 |
| Men | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | YBVI | YBVL | YBXE | YBXH | YBXX | YBXN | YBXQ | YBVO | YBVR | YBXT | YBXW | YBXZ | YBYC | YBYF |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 71 | 29.1 | 52 | 12 | 8 | 10.7 | * | 285 | 13.3 | 174 | 46 | 65 | 22.7 | 30 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 65 | 26.8 | 51 | 9 | 5 | 7.1 | * | 265 | 12.6 | 164 | 47 | 54 | 20.2 | 23 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 64 | 27.2 | 51 | 9 | * | * | * | 255 | 12.2 | 152 | 52 | 50 | 19.7 | 25 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 50 | 23.2 | 41 | 7 | * | * | * | 248 | 12.3 | 132 | 53 | 63 | 25.5 | 23 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 59 | 28.0 | 46 | 10 | * | * | * | 247 | 12.0 | 155 | 42 | 51 | 20.4 | 20 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 62 | 27.7 | 48 | 11 | * | * | * | 234 | 11.4 | 145 | 43 | 46 | 19.7 | 19 |
| Change on quarter | 3 | -0.3 | 2 | 1 | * | * | * | -13 | -0.7 | -10 | 1 | -4 | -0.7 | -1 |
| Change % | 5.5 | | 5.2 | 5.4 | * | * | * | -5.4 | | -6.2 | 1.8 | -8.8 | | -5.0 |
| Change on year | -3 | 0.9 | -3 | 2 | * | * | * | -31 | -1.2 | -19 | -4 | -7 | -0.5 | -3 |
| Change % | -4.2 | | -5.8 | 21.5 | * | * | * | -11.6 | | -11.6 | -8.9 | -14.0 | | -13.9 |
| Women | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | YBVJ | YBVM | YBXF | YBXI | YBXL | YBXO | YBXR | YBVP | YBVS | YBXU | YBXX | YBYA | YBYD | YBYG |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 59 | 23.2 | 55 | * | * | * | * | 216 | 11.0 | 145 | 39 | 31 | 14.4 | 17 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 73 | 28.1 | 57 | 12 | * | * | * | 160 | 8.4 | 112 | 23 | 24 | 15.2 | 8 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 47 | 21.2 | 37 | 7 | * | * | * | 179 | 9.4 | 128 | 28 | 23 | 13.0 | 10 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 52 | 23.2 | 37 | 10 | 5 | 9.2 | * | 167 | 8.9 | 126 | 19 | 22 | 13.1 | 8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 60 | 25.8 | 47 | 9 | * | * | * | 181 | 9.6 | 134 | 24 | 22 | 12.3 | 5 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 62 | 26.3 | 53 | 7 | * | * | * | 173 | 9.2 | 131 | 20 | 22 | 12.5 | 8 |
| Change on quarter | 2 | 0.5 | 6 | -2 | * | * | * | -8 | -0.4 | -3 | -4 | -1 | 0.2 | 3 |
| Change % | 3.0 | | 12.0 | -20.2 | * | * | * | -4.4 | | -2.4 | -17.2 | -2.9 | | 68.2 |
| Change on year | -11 | -1.8 | -5 | -4 | * | * | * | 13 | 0.9 | 19 | -3 | -3 | -2.7 | -1 |
| Change % | -15.0 | | -8.3 | -35.7 | * | * | * | 8.2 | | 16.7 | -13.2 | -10.8 | | -8.5 |

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12; 15=17+18+19; 22=24+25+26.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

UNEMPLOYMENT

9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | 25-49 | | | | | | | 50 and over | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months | All | Rate(%) ¹ | Up to 6 months | Over 6 and up to 12 months | All over 12 months | % over 12 months | All over 24 months |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | MGVI | MGXB | YBYH | YBYK | YBYN | YBYQ | YBYT | YBVT | YBVW | YBYW | YBYZ | YBZC | YBZF | YBZI |
| People | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 716 | 3.8 | 380 | 119 | 217 | 30.2 | 122 | 346 | 3.5 | 148 | 51 | 147 | 42.4 | 93 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 689 | 3.7 | 387 | 110 | 192 | 27.8 | 101 | 289 | 2.8 | 135 | 48 | 106 | 36.8 | 69 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 643 | 3.4 | 369 | 86 | 187 | 29.2 | 100 | 296 | 2.9 | 138 | 51 | 107 | 36.0 | 64 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 613 | 3.2 | 356 | 79 | 178 | 29.0 | 105 | 295 | 2.9 | 127 | 47 | 122 | 41.2 | 76 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 621 | 3.3 | 349 | 102 | 171 | 27.5 | 94 | 302 | 2.9 | 130 | 54 | 118 | 39.1 | 75 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 581 | 3.1 | 315 | 95 | 171 | 29.4 | 90 | 313 | 3.0 | 152 | 46 | 115 | 36.7 | 78 |
| Change on quarter | -40 | -0.2 | -33 | -7 | 0 | 1.9 | -4 | 11 | 0.1 | 22 | -8 | -3 | -2.4 | 3 |
| Change % | -6.5 | | -9.5 | -7.3 | 0.0 | | -4.6 | 3.7 | | 17.3 | -15.1 | -2.8 | | 4.3 |
| Change on year | -108 | -0.6 | -72 | -16 | -21 | 1.5 | -11 | 24 | 0.2 | 17 | -2 | 8 | -0.1 | 9 |
| Change % | -15.7 | | -18.5 | -14.1 | -11.0 | | -10.9 | 8.2 | | 12.8 | -4.2 | 7.9 | | 13.4 |
| Men | MGVJ | MGXC | YBYI | YBYL | YBYO | YBYR | YBYU | YBVU | YBVX | YBYX | YBZA | YBZD | YBZG | YBZJ |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 358 | 3.6 | 175 | 61 | 123 | 34.2 | 80 | 205 | 3.8 | 77 | 37 | 91 | 44.4 | 62 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 345 | 3.5 | 185 | 47 | 113 | 32.7 | 72 | 178 | 3.2 | 83 | 30 | 65 | 36.4 | 44 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 320 | 3.2 | 172 | 44 | 103 | 32.3 | 64 | 180 | 3.3 | 80 | 31 | 69 | 38.3 | 43 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 304 | 3.0 | 163 | 46 | 95 | 31.3 | 60 | 169 | 3.1 | 67 | 29 | 73 | 43.3 | 46 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 298 | 3.0 | 151 | 52 | 95 | 31.9 | 56 | 178 | 3.2 | 70 | 35 | 73 | 41.0 | 46 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 276 | 2.8 | 136 | 46 | 94 | 34.0 | 52 | 184 | 3.3 | 85 | 28 | 72 | 39.0 | 50 |
| Change on quarter | -22 | -0.2 | -15 | -6 | -1 | 2.1 | -4 | 7 | 0.1 | 15 | -8 | -1 | -2.0 | 5 |
| Change % | -7.5 | | -10.0 | -11.4 | -1.3 | | -7.2 | 3.8 | | 21.9 | -21.6 | -1.2 | | 10.1 |
| Change on year | -69 | -0.7 | -50 | 0 | -19 | 1.3 | -20 | 6 | 0.1 | 2 | -2 | 7 | 2.6 | 7 |
| Change % | -20.1 | | -26.9 | -0.8 | -17.0 | | -28.2 | 3.6 | | 2.0 | -8.1 | 11.2 | | 15.3 |
| Women | MGVK | MGXD | YBYJ | YBYM | YBYP | YBYS | YBYV | YBVV | YBVY | YBYV | YBZB | YBZE | YBZH | YBZK |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 358 | 4.1 | 205 | 59 | 94 | 26.2 | 42 | 142 | 3.1 | 71 | 15 | 56 | 39.5 | 31 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 344 | 3.9 | 202 | 64 | 79 | 22.9 | 28 | 111 | 2.4 | 52 | 18 | 42 | 37.4 | 25 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 323 | 3.7 | 197 | 42 | 84 | 26.1 | 36 | 116 | 2.5 | 58 | 21 | 38 | 32.5 | 21 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 309 | 3.5 | 193 | 33 | 82 | 26.7 | 45 | 126 | 2.6 | 60 | 18 | 49 | 38.5 | 30 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 323 | 3.6 | 198 | 50 | 76 | 23.4 | 38 | 124 | 2.6 | 60 | 19 | 45 | 36.4 | 29 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 305 | 3.4 | 180 | 48 | 77 | 25.2 | 38 | 128 | 2.6 | 68 | 18 | 43 | 33.3 | 28 |
| Change on quarter | -18 | -0.2 | -18 | -1 | 1 | 1.8 | 0 | 4 | 0.1 | 7 | -1 | -2 | -3.1 | -1 |
| Change % | -5.6 | | -9.1 | -2.9 | 1.7 | | -0.8 | 3.4 | | 12.0 | -2.7 | -5.4 | | -4.8 |
| Change on year | -39 | -0.5 | -22 | -15 | -2 | 2.3 | 9 | 17 | 0.3 | 16 | 0 | 1 | -4.1 | 3 |
| Change % | -11.3 | | -10.8 | -24.0 | -2.5 | | 33.5 | 15.6 | | 30.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | | 10.0 |

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

1. Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

10 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | | All aged 16 & over | 16 - 64 | 16 - 17 | 18 - 24 | 25 - 34 | 35 - 49 | 50 - 64 | 65+ |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Economically active levels | | | | | | | | | |
| People | MGSF | LF2K | YBZL | YBZO | YBZR | YBZU | LF3A | LFK8 | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 33,259 | 32,051 | 499 | 4,099 | 7,546 | 11,137 | 8,770 | 1,208 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 33,488 | 32,274 | 502 | 4,007 | 7,681 | 11,089 | 8,996 | 1,214 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 33,557 | 32,370 | 457 | 4,010 | 7,737 | 11,123 | 9,044 | 1,186 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 33,483 | 32,279 | 438 | 3,903 | 7,769 | 11,088 | 9,082 | 1,204 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 33,617 | 32,412 | 444 | 3,940 | 7,770 | 11,128 | 9,131 | 1,205 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 33,769 | 32,550 | 460 | 3,934 | 7,775 | 11,165 | 9,217 | 1,218 | |
| Change on quarter | 152 | 138 | 16 | -6 | 4 | 38 | 86 | 13 | |
| Change % | 0.5 | 0.4 | 3.6 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.1 | |
| Change on year | 281 | 276 | -42 | -73 | 94 | 77 | 221 | 5 | |
| Change % | 0.8 | 0.9 | -8.4 | -1.8 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 0.4 | |
| Men | MGSG | YBSL | YBZM | YBZP | YBZS | YBZV | YBZY | YCAE | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 17,763 | 17,024 | 244 | 2,141 | 4,106 | 5,866 | 4,667 | 739 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 17,818 | 17,079 | 241 | 2,099 | 4,135 | 5,849 | 4,753 | 739 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 17,839 | 17,120 | 234 | 2,097 | 4,162 | 5,864 | 4,762 | 720 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 17,754 | 17,016 | 214 | 2,021 | 4,177 | 5,852 | 4,753 | 738 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 17,820 | 17,075 | 209 | 2,055 | 4,184 | 5,851 | 4,776 | 746 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 17,884 | 17,137 | 223 | 2,060 | 4,180 | 5,852 | 4,821 | 748 | |
| Change on quarter | 64 | 62 | 14 | 6 | -4 | 2 | 45 | 2 | |
| Change % | 0.4 | 0.4 | 6.6 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.2 | |
| Change on year | 66 | 58 | -18 | -39 | 45 | 3 | 68 | 8 | |
| Change % | 0.4 | 0.3 | -7.5 | -1.9 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | |
| Women | MGSH | LF2L | YBZN | YBZQ | YBZT | YBZW | LF3B | LFK9 | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 15,496 | 15,028 | 254 | 1,959 | 3,441 | 5,271 | 4,103 | 469 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 15,670 | 15,196 | 260 | 1,907 | 3,546 | 5,239 | 4,243 | 474 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 15,717 | 15,251 | 223 | 1,913 | 3,574 | 5,259 | 4,281 | 467 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 15,729 | 15,264 | 224 | 1,882 | 3,592 | 5,236 | 4,329 | 466 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 15,797 | 15,337 | 234 | 1,885 | 3,587 | 5,277 | 4,355 | 459 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 15,884 | 15,413 | 236 | 1,873 | 3,595 | 5,313 | 4,396 | 471 | |
| Change on quarter | 88 | 76 | 2 | -12 | 8 | 36 | 41 | 11 | |
| Change % | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 | -0.6 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 2.5 | |
| Change on year | 214 | 218 | -24 | -34 | 49 | 74 | 153 | -4 | |
| Change % | 1.4 | 1.4 | -9.2 | -1.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 3.6 | -0.8 | |
| Economic activity rates (%)¹ | | | | | | | | | |
| People | MGWG | LF22 | YCAG | YCAJ | YCAM | YCAP | LF2C | LFL2 | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 63.6 | 78.2 | 34.1 | 71.2 | 85.7 | 86.5 | 72.7 | 10.6 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 63.6 | 78.5 | 35.1 | 70.2 | 86.3 | 86.6 | 73.3 | 10.5 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 63.6 | 78.7 | 32.2 | 70.4 | 86.7 | 87.0 | 73.4 | 10.2 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 63.4 | 78.4 | 31.0 | 68.8 | 86.9 | 86.8 | 73.4 | 10.3 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 63.6 | 78.7 | 31.6 | 69.6 | 86.8 | 87.2 | 73.6 | 10.3 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 63.8 | 79.0 | 32.9 | 69.7 | 86.7 | 87.6 | 74.0 | 10.4 | |
| Change on quarter | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | |
| Change on year | 0.2 | 0.5 | -2.2 | -0.6 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.7 | -0.1 | |
| Men | MGWH | MGSP | YCAH | YCAK | YCAN | YCAQ | MGWQ | MGWT | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 69.5 | 83.7 | 32.6 | 73.1 | 93.6 | 92.3 | 78.8 | 14.2 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 69.2 | 83.6 | 33.0 | 72.1 | 93.0 | 92.6 | 78.9 | 13.9 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 69.2 | 83.7 | 32.2 | 72.2 | 93.3 | 93.0 | 78.8 | 13.5 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 68.7 | 83.2 | 29.6 | 69.7 | 93.4 | 92.9 | 78.3 | 13.8 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 68.9 | 83.4 | 29.2 | 71.1 | 93.3 | 93.0 | 78.4 | 13.8 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 69.0 | 83.6 | 31.3 | 71.4 | 93.0 | 93.1 | 78.9 | 13.8 | |
| Change on quarter | 0.1 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 0.4 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| Change on year | -0.2 | 0.0 | -1.7 | -0.7 | 0.0 | 0.5 | -0.1 | -0.1 | |
| Women | MGWI | LF23 | YCAI | YCAL | YCAO | YCAR | LF2D | LFL3 | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 57.9 | 72.9 | 35.6 | 69.2 | 77.9 | 80.9 | 66.8 | 7.6 | |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 58.2 | 73.5 | 37.3 | 68.2 | 79.6 | 80.8 | 67.9 | 7.6 | |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 58.3 | 73.7 | 32.2 | 68.6 | 80.1 | 81.2 | 68.3 | 7.4 | |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 58.3 | 73.7 | 32.5 | 67.7 | 80.5 | 80.9 | 68.7 | 7.4 | |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 58.5 | 74.1 | 34.1 | 68.0 | 80.3 | 81.7 | 68.9 | 7.3 | |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 58.7 | 74.4 | 34.6 | 67.8 | 80.4 | 82.3 | 69.3 | 7.4 | |
| Change on quarter | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | |
| Change on year | 0.5 | 0.9 | -2.7 | -0.4 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | -0.2 | |

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64) | | | | | | | | Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64) | |
|--|---|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---|--------------------------|
| | All aged 16-64 | | | | | | | | Does not want a job | Wants a job ¹ |
| | | Student | Looking after family / home | Temporary sick | Long-term sick | Discouraged | Retired | Other | | |
| People | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| | LF2M | LF63 | LF65 | LF67 | LF69 | LFL8 | LF6B | LF6D | LFL9 | LFM2 |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 8,911 | 2,251 | 2,257 | 192 | 2,094 | 27 | 1,155 | 937 | 6,705 | 2,206 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 8,829 | 2,297 | 2,209 | 176 | 1,983 | 38 | 1,172 | 954 | 6,699 | 2,130 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 8,765 | 2,304 | 2,136 | 154 | 1,972 | 29 | 1,220 | 951 | 6,720 | 2,045 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 8,883 | 2,401 | 2,065 | 188 | 2,045 | 38 | 1,183 | 963 | 6,858 | 2,025 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 8,773 | 2,342 | 2,099 | 204 | 1,995 | 38 | 1,154 | 940 | 6,759 | 2,014 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 8,658 | 2,308 | 2,047 | 175 | 1,971 | 33 | 1,157 | 966 | 6,655 | 2,003 |
| Change on quarter | -115 | -34 | -52 | -29 | -25 | -5 | 3 | 26 | -104 | -11 |
| Change % | -1.3 | -1.4 | -2.5 | -14.0 | -1.2 | -14.3 | 0.3 | 2.8 | -1.5 | -0.6 |
| Change on year | -171 | 11 | -162 | -1 | -12 | -5 | -14 | 12 | -44 | -127 |
| Change % | -1.9 | 0.5 | -7.3 | -0.3 | -0.6 | -12.9 | -1.2 | 1.2 | -0.7 | -6.0 |
| Men | YBSO | BEEX | BEAQ | BEDI | BEDL | YCFP | BEDR | BEDU | YBWA | YBWD |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 3,319 | 1,153 | 246 | 91 | 1,011 | 15 | 423 | 380 | 2,405 | 914 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 3,347 | 1,170 | 262 | 76 | 939 | 20 | 468 | 412 | 2,492 | 855 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 3,326 | 1,154 | 244 | 76 | 952 | 14 | 474 | 412 | 2,517 | 809 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 3,445 | 1,202 | 230 | 99 | 1,009 | 21 | 473 | 412 | 2,603 | 842 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 3,401 | 1,171 | 242 | 97 | 975 | 22 | 475 | 419 | 2,548 | 853 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 3,353 | 1,169 | 238 | 81 | 943 | 18 | 476 | 429 | 2,512 | 841 |
| Change on quarter | -48 | -2 | -5 | -16 | -32 | -4 | 1 | 11 | -36 | -12 |
| Change % | -1.4 | -0.2 | -1.9 | -16.6 | -3.3 | -19.0 | 0.2 | 2.5 | -1.4 | -1.4 |
| Change on year | 6 | -1 | -25 | 5 | 4 | -2 | 8 | 17 | 20 | -14 |
| Change % | 0.2 | -0.1 | -9.4 | 6.6 | 0.4 | -10.7 | 1.8 | 4.0 | 0.8 | -1.6 |
| Women | LF2N | LF64 | LF66 | LF68 | LF6A | LFM3 | LF6C | LF6E | LFM4 | LFM5 |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 5,593 | 1,097 | 2,011 | 101 | 1,083 | 12 | 732 | 556 | 4,301 | 1,292 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 5,482 | 1,127 | 1,947 | 100 | 1,044 | 18 | 704 | 542 | 4,207 | 1,275 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 5,440 | 1,150 | 1,892 | 78 | 1,020 | 15 | 745 | 539 | 4,203 | 1,236 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 5,437 | 1,199 | 1,835 | 89 | 1,036 | 17 | 710 | 551 | 4,255 | 1,183 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 5,372 | 1,171 | 1,857 | 107 | 1,020 | 16 | 679 | 522 | 4,211 | 1,161 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 5,305 | 1,140 | 1,810 | 94 | 1,028 | 15 | 681 | 537 | 4,143 | 1,161 |
| Change on quarter | -68 | -31 | -47 | -13 | 7 | -1 | 2 | 16 | -68 | 1 |
| Change % | -1.3 | -2.7 | -2.6 | -11.7 | 0.7 | -8.0 | 0.3 | 3.0 | -1.6 | 0.0 |
| Change on year | -177 | 12 | -137 | -6 | -16 | -3 | -23 | -5 | -64 | -113 |
| Change % | -3.2 | 1.1 | -7.0 | -5.6 | -1.6 | -15.4 | -3.2 | -0.9 | -1.5 | -8.9 |
| Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%) | | | | | | | | | | |
| People | LF6V | LF6X | LF6Z | LF73 | LF75 | LF77 | LF79 | LF7B | LF7D | LF7F |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 100 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 2.2 | 23.5 | 0.3 | 13.0 | 10.5 | 75.2 | 24.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 100 | 26.0 | 25.0 | 2.0 | 22.5 | 0.4 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 75.9 | 24.1 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 100 | 26.3 | 24.4 | 1.8 | 22.5 | 0.3 | 13.9 | 10.9 | 76.7 | 23.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 100 | 27.0 | 23.2 | 2.1 | 23.0 | 0.4 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 77.2 | 22.8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 100 | 26.7 | 23.9 | 2.3 | 22.7 | 0.4 | 13.2 | 10.7 | 77.0 | 23.0 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 100 | 26.7 | 23.6 | 2.0 | 22.8 | 0.4 | 13.4 | 11.2 | 76.9 | 23.1 |
| Men | BEBP | BEEH | BEEK | BEEN | BEEQ | BEET | BEEW | BEEZ | BEAS | BEGT |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 100 | 34.7 | 7.4 | 2.7 | 30.5 | 0.4 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 72.5 | 27.5 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 100 | 34.9 | 7.8 | 2.3 | 28.1 | 0.6 | 14.0 | 12.3 | 74.4 | 25.6 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 100 | 34.7 | 7.3 | 2.3 | 28.6 | 0.4 | 14.3 | 12.4 | 75.7 | 24.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 100 | 34.9 | 6.7 | 2.9 | 29.3 | 0.6 | 13.7 | 12.0 | 75.6 | 24.4 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 100 | 34.4 | 7.1 | 2.9 | 28.7 | 0.6 | 14.0 | 12.3 | 74.9 | 25.1 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 100 | 34.8 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 28.1 | 0.5 | 14.2 | 12.8 | 74.9 | 25.1 |
| Women | LF6W | LF6Y | LF72 | LF74 | LF76 | LF78 | LF7A | LF7C | LF7E | LF7G |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 100 | 19.6 | 36.0 | 1.8 | 19.4 | 0.2 | 13.1 | 9.9 | 76.9 | 23.1 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 100 | 20.6 | 35.5 | 1.8 | 19.0 | 0.3 | 12.8 | 9.9 | 76.7 | 23.3 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 100 | 21.1 | 34.8 | 1.4 | 18.7 | 0.3 | 13.7 | 9.9 | 77.3 | 22.7 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 100 | 22.1 | 33.7 | 1.6 | 19.0 | 0.3 | 13.1 | 10.1 | 78.3 | 21.7 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 100 | 21.8 | 34.6 | 2.0 | 19.0 | 0.3 | 12.6 | 9.7 | 78.4 | 21.6 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 100 | 21.5 | 34.1 | 1.8 | 19.4 | 0.3 | 12.8 | 10.1 | 78.1 | 21.9 |

Relationship between columns : 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. This series comprises those who say they would like a regular paid job, but who do not meet the internationally agreed definition of unemployment because they have not been looking for work in the last four weeks and/or they were unable to start working within two weeks.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

12 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

January to March 2018

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

| | All aged 16 to 24 | | | | In full-time education (FTE) | | | | Not in full-time education (FTE) ¹ | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| | Total | Employed | Unemployed | Economically inactive | Total | Employed ² | Unemployed ² | Economically inactive | Total | Employed | Unemployed | Economically inactive |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

Levels

People

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| 16-17 | 1,396 | 336 | 124 | 937 | 1,224 | 263 | 89 | 872 | 173 | 73 | 35 | 65 |
| 18-24 | 5,647 | 3,527 | 407 | 1,713 | 1,802 | 591 | 86 | 1,125 | 3,845 | 2,936 | 321 | 588 |
| 16-24 | 7,044 | 3,862 | 531 | 2,650 | 3,026 | 854 | 175 | 1,997 | 4,018 | 3,009 | 356 | 654 |

Men

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|----|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| 16-17 | 714 | 162 | 62 | 491 | 617 | 125 | 42 | 451 | 97 | 37 | 20 | 40 |
| 18-24 | 2,885 | 1,826 | 234 | 824 | 880 | 264 | 47 | 569 | 2,005 | 1,563 | 187 | 255 |
| 16-24 | 3,599 | 1,988 | 296 | 1,315 | 1,497 | 388 | 89 | 1,020 | 2,102 | 1,600 | 207 | 295 |

Women

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| 16-17 | 682 | 174 | 62 | 446 | 607 | 138 | 48 | 421 | 76 | 36 | 14 | 25 |
| 18-24 | 2,762 | 1,700 | 173 | 889 | 922 | 327 | 39 | 556 | 1,840 | 1,373 | 134 | 333 |
| 16-24 | 3,445 | 1,874 | 235 | 1,335 | 1,529 | 465 | 87 | 976 | 1,916 | 1,409 | 148 | 359 |

Changes on quarter (changes since October to December 2017)

People

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 16-17 | -8 | 11 | 5 | -24 | 15 | 20 | 9 | -14 | -23 | -9 | -4 | -10 |
| 18-24 | -15 | 15 | -21 | -9 | -79 | -28 | -15 | -36 | 64 | 43 | -7 | 27 |
| 16-24 | -23 | 27 | -16 | -33 | -64 | -8 | -6 | -50 | 40 | 34 | -11 | 17 |

Men

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 16-17 | -4 | 11 | 3 | -18 | 1 | 16 | 1 | -16 | -5 | -6 | 2 | -2 |
| 18-24 | -7 | 19 | -13 | -12 | -24 | 4 | -8 | -20 | 17 | 15 | -5 | 7 |
| 16-24 | -11 | 30 | -10 | -30 | -23 | 20 | -7 | -36 | 12 | 10 | -3 | 5 |

Women

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| 16-17 | -4 | 0 | 2 | -6 | 14 | 4 | 8 | 3 | -18 | -3 | -6 | -9 |
| 18-24 | -9 | -4 | -8 | 3 | -55 | -31 | -7 | -17 | 46 | 28 | -1 | 20 |
| 16-24 | -12 | -3 | -6 | -3 | -41 | -28 | 1 | -14 | 28 | 25 | -8 | 11 |

Rates(%)³

People

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 16-17 | 24.0 | 27.0 | 67.1 | 21.5 | 25.4 | 71.2 | 42.2 | 32.2 | 37.7 |
| 18-24 | 62.5 | 10.3 | 30.3 | 32.8 | 12.7 | 62.4 | 76.4 | 9.9 | 15.3 |
| 16-24 | 54.8 | 12.1 | 37.6 | 28.2 | 17.0 | 66.0 | 74.9 | 10.6 | 16.3 |

Men

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 16-17 | 22.6 | 27.7 | 68.7 | 20.2 | 25.0 | 73.1 | 38.0 | 35.5 | 41.0 |
| 18-24 | 63.3 | 11.4 | 28.6 | 30.0 | 15.1 | 64.7 | 77.9 | 10.7 | 12.7 |
| 16-24 | 55.2 | 13.0 | 36.5 | 25.9 | 18.6 | 68.1 | 76.1 | 11.5 | 14.0 |

Women

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 16-17 | 25.5 | 26.3 | 65.4 | 22.8 | 25.7 | 69.3 | 47.5 | 28.5 | 33.5 |
| 18-24 | 61.6 | 9.2 | 32.2 | 35.5 | 10.7 | 60.3 | 74.6 | 8.9 | 18.1 |
| 16-24 | 54.4 | 11.1 | 38.8 | 30.4 | 15.7 | 63.9 | 73.5 | 9.5 | 18.7 |

Changes on quarter (changes since October to December 2017)

People

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 16-17 | 0.9 | 0.2 | -1.3 | 1.4 | 0.5 | -2.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | -0.8 |
| 18-24 | 0.4 | -0.5 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -1.3 | 0.7 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 0.5 |
| 16-24 | 0.6 | -0.4 | -0.3 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | 0.1 | -0.4 | 0.3 |

Men

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|-----|
| 16-17 | 1.6 | -0.3 | -2.1 | 2.6 | -2.2 | -2.8 | -3.6 | 5.7 | 0.3 |
| 18-24 | 0.8 | -0.7 | -0.4 | 1.2 | -2.3 | -0.4 | 0.1 | -0.4 | 0.2 |
| 16-24 | 1.0 | -0.6 | -0.7 | 1.7 | -2.0 | -1.3 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.2 |

Women

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 16-17 | 0.2 | 0.5 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 2.9 | -1.2 | 5.7 | -6.0 | -2.7 |
| 18-24 | 0.1 | -0.4 | 0.2 | -1.2 | -0.7 | 1.7 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.6 |
| 16-24 | 0.1 | -0.2 | 0.1 | -1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.2 | -0.6 | 0.3 |

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training. Estimates of the number of young people who were not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table. Estimates of young people who were NEET are published separately at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/unemployment/bulletins/youngpeoplenotinfulltimeeducationemploymentortrainingneet/latest>

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

EARNINGS

13 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - total pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

| | Whole Economy (100%) ² | | | Private sector (82%) ² | | | Public sector (17%) ² | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | KAB9 | KAC2 | KAC3 | KAC4 | KAC5 | KAC6 | KAC7 | KAC8 | KAC9 |
| Mar 16 | 491 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 488 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 501 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Jan 17 | 499 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 497 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 507 | 1.1 (r) | 1.4 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 500 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 499 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 507 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 503 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 502 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 509 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Apr 17 | 504 | 1.4 | 2.3 (r) | 502 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 509 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| May 17 | 504 | 2.0 | 2.0 (r) | 502 | 2.0 | 2.1 (r) | 513 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Jun 17 | 506 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 506 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 510 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Jul 17 | 506 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 504 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 513 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Aug 17 | 508 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 506 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 515 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Sep 17 | 510 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 509 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 513 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Oct 17 | 510 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 509 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 517 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Nov 17 | 512 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 511 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 517 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Dec 17 | 513 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 512 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 518 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Jan 18 | 513 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 512 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 519 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 513 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 512 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 520 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 515 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 514 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 519 | 2.0 | 2.3 |

| | Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ² | | | Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ² | | | Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ² | | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | K5BZ | K5C2 | K5C3 | K5C4 | K5C5 | K5C6 | KAD8 | KAD9 | KAE2 |
| Mar 16 | 475 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 634 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 499 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Jan 17 (r) | 484 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 633 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 503 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 485 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 628 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 503 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 489 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 654 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 505 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Apr 17 | 488 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 637 | -0.3 | 2.0 | 505 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| May 17 | 489 | 2.3 | 2.2 (r) | 642 | 1.9 | 1.5 (r) | 508 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| Jun 17 | 490 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 651 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 505 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Jul 17 | 491 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 644 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 508 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Aug 17 | 492 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 649 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 512 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Sep 17 | 494 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 655 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 508 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Oct 17 | 495 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 650 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 512 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Nov 17 | 496 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 650 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 512 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Dec 17 | 497 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 653 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 513 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Jan 18 | 497 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 651 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 515 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 498 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 650 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 516 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 499 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 656 | 0.3 | 2.2 | 517 | 2.4 | 2.5 |

| | Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ² | | | Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ² | | | Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ² | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | K5CA | K5CB | K5CC | K5CD | K5CE | K5CF | K5CG | K5CH | K5CI |
| Mar 16 | 576 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 571 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 335 | -1.1 | 1.2 |
| Jan 17 (r) | 580 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 580 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 343 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 582 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 588 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 344 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 583 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 579 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 345 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Apr 17 | 585 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 583 | -0.2 | 1.3 (r) | 346 | 2.3 | 2.5 (r) |
| May 17 | 584 | 0.8 | 1.2 (r) | 581 | -1.2 | 0.0 | 346 | 2.4 | 2.5 (r) |
| Jun 17 | 585 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 585 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 344 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Jul 17 | 589 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 590 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 342 | 0.5 | 1.6 |
| Aug 17 | 590 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 598 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 346 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Sep 17 | 592 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 610 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 350 | 2.1 | 1.4 |
| Oct 17 | 595 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 609 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 349 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Nov 17 | 596 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 603 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 354 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| Dec 17 | 597 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 607 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 352 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| Jan 18 (r) | 597 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 608 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 349 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 595 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 605 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 352 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 593 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 613 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 354 | 2.8 | 2.3 |

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

Email: earnings@ons.gsi.gov.uk

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

14 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - bonus pay

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

| | Whole Economy (100%) ¹ | | | Private sector (82%) ² | | | Public sector (17%) ² | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² |
| | KAF4 | KAF5 | KAF6 | KAF7 | KAF8 | KAF9 | KAG2 | KAG3 | KAG4 |
| Mar 16 | 30 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 36 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2 | -19.0 | 33.8 |
| Jan 17 (r) | 30 | -0.8 | 1.4 | 36 | -1.8 | 0.4 | 2 | -52.5 | -12.5 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 31 | 17.2 | 2.9 | 37 | 17.1 | 2.0 | 2 | -27.6 | -18.8 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 32 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 38 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 2 | 23.2 | -29.5 |
| Apr 17 | 31 | -3.4 | 6.3 (r) | 37 | -3.4 | 6.0 (r) | 2 | -2.2 | -5.5 (r) |
| May 17 | 31 | -3.5 | -0.1 (r) | 36 | -3.1 | -0.2 (r) | 2 | -15.5 | -1.0 (r) |
| Jun 17 | 31 | 19.5 | 3.3 | 41 | 17.5 | 3.3 | 2 | -13.5 | -10.7 |
| Jul 17 | 32 | -7.2 | 1.7 | 38 | -7.5 | 1.7 | 2 | 11.3 | -7.0 |
| Aug 17 | 32 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 38 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 3 | -4.5 | -2.9 |
| Sep 17 | 34 | 19.6 | 5.0 | 40 | 19.6 | 5.2 | 2 | -18.0 | -4.4 |
| Oct 17 | 32 | 1.8 | 8.5 | 38 | 1.7 | 8.8 | 3 | 29.4 | 0.6 |
| Nov 17 | 33 | 4.2 | 8.1 | 39 | 3.8 | 8.0 | 4 | 67.4 | 24.4 |
| Dec 17 | 32 | 10.1 | 5.2 | 39 | 10.9 | 5.3 | 2 | -25.3 | 20.0 |
| Jan 18 (r) | 32 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 38 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 2 | -3.2 | 10.3 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 31 | -0.1 | 4.6 | 37 | -0.2 | 4.9 | 2 | 1.8 | -10.7 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 31 | -0.5 | 1.2 | 38 | -0.1 | 1.3 | 1 | -40.5 | -14.9 |

| | Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ¹ | | | Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ¹ | | | Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ² | | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² |
| | K5CS | K5CT | K5CU | K5CV | K5CW | K5CX | KAH3 | KAH4 | KAH5 |
| Mar 16 | 30 | -0.2 | 0.8 | 76 | 6.0 | 2.0 | 2 | 40.3 | 0.1 |
| Jan 17 (r) | 31 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 73 | -2.4 | -1.8 | 1 | -47.6 | 0.5 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 31 | 17.8 | 1.9 | 70 | 17.1 | -0.8 | 1 | -19.0 | -7.8 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 33 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 79 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 1 | -16.9 | -29.3 |
| Apr 17 | 31 | -4.4 | 6.3 (r) | 72 | -9.5 | 2.6 (r) | 1 | 0.6 | -12.4 (r) |
| May 17 | 31 | -0.5 | 0.8 (r) | 75 | -2.3 | -2.7 (r) | 1 | -15.2 | -11.3 (r) |
| Jun 17 | 33 | 24.4 | 5.4 | 88 | 27.8 | 4.4 | 1 | -33.6 | -17.4 |
| Jul 17 | 32 | -9.0 | 3.3 | 78 | -13.9 | 2.0 | 1 | 16.6 | -14.0 |
| Aug 17 | 32 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 81 | 11.6 | 6.5 | 2 | -8.0 | -11.2 |
| Sep 17 | 36 | 22.8 | 5.6 | 95 | 46.3 | 11.3 | 1 | -12.4 | -2.6 |
| Oct 17 | 33 | 4.8 | 10.9 | 79 | 4.7 | 19.7 | 2 | 30.6 | 1.7 |
| Nov 17 | 34 | 4.9 | 10.5 | 78 | 2.8 | 16.5 | 3 | 68.7 | 31.8 |
| Dec 17 | 33 | 14.1 | 7.7 | 80 | 18.2 | 8.2 | 1 | -28.3 | 21.4 |
| Jan 18 (r) | 32 | 3.5 | 7.3 | 77 | 6.0 | 8.7 | 1 | 11.2 | 16.1 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 31 | 0.4 | 5.8 | 73 | 4.1 | 9.3 | 1 | 3.4 | -7.8 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 32 | -1.1 | 0.9 | 76 | -3.4 | 2.0 | 1 | -13.8 | -1.0 |

| | Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ² | | | Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ¹ | | | Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ² | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² |
| | K5D3 | K5D4 | K5D5 | K5D6 | K5D7 | K5D8 | K5D9 | K5DA | K5DB |
| Mar 16 | 25 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 24 | 13.0 | 33.3 | 23 | -13.1 | -3.1 |
| Jan 17 (r) | 23 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 20 | -30.0 | 5.3 | 22 | 1.1 | -1.1 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 28 | 34.7 | 11.1 | 30 | 22.1 | 2.9 | 23 | 6.7 | -0.1 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 24 | -2.8 | 10.1 | 25 | 4.3 | -2.7 | 21 | -5.8 | 0.6 |
| Apr 17 | 25 | 8.0 | 12.2 (r) | 25 | -19.0 | 0.7 (r) | 23 | 9.3 | 3.3 (r) |
| May 17 | 25 | -6.0 | -0.6 (r) | 25 | -45.9 | -25.7 (r) | 23 | 6.4 | 3.2 (r) |
| Jun 17 | 24 | -3.8 | -0.9 | 24 | -3.3 | -27.4 | 22 | 5.3 | 7.0 |
| Jul 17 | 31 | 44.3 | 9.3 | 24 | -27.7 | -30.0 | 21 | -8.8 | 0.6 |
| Aug 17 | 25 | -0.6 | 11.6 | 29 | 11.3 | -8.6 | 23 | 8.9 | 1.4 |
| Sep 17 | 26 | 0.4 | 13.0 | 32 | 18.7 | -1.5 | 24 | 5.0 | 1.4 |
| Oct 17 | 30 | 36.4 | 11.1 | 34 | -30.3 | -6.8 | 23 | -1.8 | 3.8 |
| Nov 17 | 28 | 14.5 | 16.3 | 29 | 0.6 | -9.3 | 26 | 11.4 | 4.8 |
| Dec 17 | 25 | 5.3 | 18.3 | 22 | -22.9 | -20.0 | 23 | 2.8 | 4.1 |
| Jan 18 (r) | 25 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 26 | 30.5 | -0.4 | 22 | -2.3 | 4.0 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 24 | -14.4 | -0.8 | 25 | -16.9 | -7.1 | 23 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 24 | -1.0 | -2.8 | 29 | 15.6 | 6.5 | 25 | 15.9 | 4.9 |

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

15 Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - regular pay¹

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

Great Britain, seasonally adjusted

| | Whole Economy (100%) ² | | | Private sector (82%) ² | | | Public sector (17%) ² | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | KAI7 | KAI8 | KAI9 | KAJ2 | KAJ3 | KAJ4 | KAJ5 | KAJ6 | KAJ7 |
| Mar 16 | 462 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 453 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 501 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Jan 17 | 469 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 461 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 505 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Feb 17 | 469 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 461 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 506 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Mar 17 | 470 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 462 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 507 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Apr 17 | 472 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 465 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 507 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| May 17 | 473 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 466 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 510 | 2.1 | 1.4 |
| Jun 17 | 474 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 467 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 509 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Jul 17 | 475 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 467 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 510 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Aug 17 | 477 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 469 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 512 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Sep 17 | 478 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 471 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 511 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Oct 17 | 479 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 471 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 515 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Nov 17 | 480 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 473 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 514 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Dec 17 | 481 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 474 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 515 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Jan 18 | 482 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 474 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 517 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Feb 18 | 483 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 475 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 519 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 484 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 476 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 519 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| | Services, SIC 2007 sections G-S (85%) ² | | | Finance and business services, SIC 2007 sections K-N (22%) ² | | | Public sector excluding financial services (18%) ² | | |
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | K5DL | K5DM | K5DN | K5DO | K5DP | K5DQ | KAK6 | KAK7 | KAK8 |
| Mar 16 | 446 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 556 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 497 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Jan 17 | 453 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 562 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 502 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Feb 17 | 453 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 562 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 502 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Mar 17 | 454 (r) | 1.9 | 1.8 | 562 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 503 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Apr 17 | 456 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 565 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 503 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| May 17 | 458 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 568 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 507 | 2.2 | 1.4 |
| Jun 17 | 458 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 568 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 505 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Jul 17 | 459 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 570 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 506 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Aug 17 | 460 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 572 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 509 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Sep 17 | 461 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 573 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 507 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Oct 17 | 462 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 572 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 511 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Nov 17 | 464 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 572 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 511 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Dec 17 | 464 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 573 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 512 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Jan 18 | 465 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 574 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 514 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Feb 18 | 466 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 579 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 515 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 467 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 578 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 515 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| | Manufacturing, SIC 2007 section C (8%) ² | | | Construction, SIC 2007 section F (5%) ² | | | Wholesaling, retailing, hotels & restaurants, SIC 2007 sections G & I (23%) ² | | |
| | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ | | Single month | 3 month average ³ |
| | K5DU | K5DV | K5DW | K5DX | K5DY | K5DZ | K5E2 | K5E3 | K5E4 |
| Mar 16 | 548 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 549 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 313 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Jan 17 | 557 | 1.6 (r) | 1.5 | 559 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 321 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| Feb 17 | 557 (r) | 1.7 | 1.5 | 559 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 320 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Mar 17 | 559 (r) | 2.0 | 1.8 | 552 | 0.4 | 1.7 | 322 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Apr 17 | 559 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 559 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 323 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| May 17 | 559 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 561 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 322 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| Jun 17 | 561 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 562 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 323 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Jul 17 | 560 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 566 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 321 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Aug 17 | 565 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 570 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 323 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Sep 17 | 566 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 574 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 326 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Oct 17 | 568 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 575 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 326 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Nov 17 | 570 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 575 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 328 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Dec 17 | 572 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 586 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 329 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| Jan 18 | 572 (r) | 2.8 | 2.9 | 582 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 327 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Feb 18 | 573 (r) | 2.8 | 2.9 | 580 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 329 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 572 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 585 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 329 | 2.2 | 2.3 |

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. Estimates of regular pay exclude bonuses and arrears of pay.

2. The figure in brackets is the percentage of whole economy employment in that sector or industry for the latest time period.

3. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

EARNINGS

16 Average Weekly Earnings - real and nominal¹

Great Britain whole economy, seasonally adjusted

| Total pay (including bonuses) ¹ | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Nominal earnings | | | Real earnings ³ | | |
| | Nominal Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² |
| | KAB9 | KAC2 | KAC3 | A3WX | A3WV | A3WW |
| Mar 16 | 491 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 489 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Jan 17 | 499 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 488 | -0.1 | 0.5 |
| Feb 17 (r) | 500 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 487 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Mar 17 (r) | 503 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 489 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Apr 17 | 504 | 1.4 | 2.3 (r) | 489 | -1.3 | -0.2 |
| May 17 | 504 | 2.0 | 2.0 (r) | 488 | -0.6 | -0.6 |
| Jun 17 | 506 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 488 | 0.5 | -0.5 |
| Jul 17 | 506 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 488 | -0.9 | -0.3 |
| Aug 17 | 508 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 489 | -0.3 | -0.2 |
| Sep 17 | 510 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 490 | 0.1 | -0.4 |
| Oct 17 | 510 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 490 | -0.3 | -0.2 |
| Nov 17 | 512 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 490 | -0.4 | -0.2 |
| Dec 17 | 513 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 489 | 0.4 | -0.1 |
| Jan 18 | 513 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 488 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Feb 18 (r) | 513 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 487 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 515 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 489 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

| Regular pay (excluding bonuses) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Nominal earnings | | | Real earnings ³ | | |
| | Nominal Weekly Earnings (£) | % changes year on year | | Weekly Earnings at constant 2015 prices (£) | % changes year on year | |
| | | Single month | 3 month average ² | | Single month | 3 month average ² |
| | KAI7 | KAI8 | KAI9 | A2FC | A2F9 | A2FA |
| Mar 16 | 462 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 460 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Jan 17 | 469 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 459 (r) | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| Feb 17 | 469 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 457 | -0.6 | 0.0 |
| Mar 17 | 470 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 457 | -0.6 | -0.4 |
| Apr 17 | 472 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 458 | -0.6 | -0.6 |
| May 17 | 473 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 458 | -0.4 | -0.5 |
| Jun 17 | 474 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 459 | -0.4 | -0.5 |
| Jul 17 | 475 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 458 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| Aug 17 | 477 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 459 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| Sep 17 | 478 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 459 | -0.5 | -0.5 |
| Oct 17 | 479 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 459 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| Nov 17 | 480 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 459 | -0.5 | -0.5 |
| Dec 17 | 481 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 459 | -0.1 | -0.3 |
| Jan 18 | 482 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 459 | 0.1 | -0.2 |
| Feb 18 | 483 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 460 (r) | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| Mar 18 (p) | 484 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 460 | 0.7 | 0.4 |

Source: Monthly Wages & Salaries Survey

Earnings enquiries: 01633 456120

Email: earnings@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. Estimates of total pay include bonuses but exclude arrears of pay.

2. The three month average figures are the changes in the average seasonally adjusted values for the three months ending with the relevant month compared with the same period a year earlier.

3. Estimates of real earnings are calculated by deflating the nominal earnings estimates by the Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH), our preferred measure of consumer price inflation.

17 International comparisons of employment and unemployment

| Employment rates as published by EUROSTAT: (not seasonally adjusted) | | | | | Unemployment rates as published by EUROSTAT on 2 May 2018 (seasonally adjusted) | | | | | |
|--|------|---------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---|------|---------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | Latest period | Employment rate (%) ^{1 2} | Change on year % | | | Latest Period | Unemployment rate (%) ³ | Change on month % | Change on year % |
| European Union (EU) | | | | | European Union (EU) | | | | | |
| Austria | YXSN | Oct-Dec 17 | 72.7 | 0.9 | Austria | ZXDS | Mar 18 | 5.0 | 0.0 | -0.8 |
| Belgium | YXSO | Oct-Dec 17 | 64.1 | 0.7 | Belgium | ZXDI | Mar 18 | 6.4 | 0.0 | -1.2 |
| Bulgaria | A495 | Oct-Dec 17 | 67.5 | 4.1 | Bulgaria | A492 | Mar 18 | 5.2 | -0.1 | -1.2 |
| Croatia | GUMI | Oct-Dec 17 | 59.6 | 2.8 | Croatia | GUMJ | Mar 18 | 9.4 | -0.2 | -2.4 |
| Cyprus | A4AC | Oct-Dec 17 | 66.0 | 1.6 | Cyprus | A4AN | Mar 18 | 9.1 | -0.4 | -3.2 |
| Czech Republic | A4AD | Oct-Dec 17 | 74.3 | 1.4 | Czech Republic | A4AO | Mar 18 | 2.2 | -0.1 | -1.0 |
| Denmark | YXSP | Oct-Dec 17 | 74.6 | 0.1 | Denmark | ZXDJ | Mar 18 | 4.8 | -0.1 | -1.2 |
| Estonia | A4AE | Oct-Dec 17 | 75.4 | 3.8 | Estonia | A4AP | Feb 18 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Finland | YXSQ | Oct-Dec 17 | 70.4 | 2.0 | Finland | ZXDU | Mar 18 | 8.2 | -0.1 | -0.6 |
| France | YXSR | Oct-Dec 17 | 65.0 | 0.9 | France | ZXDN | Mar 18 | 8.8 | -0.1 | -0.7 |
| Germany | YXSS | Oct-Dec 17 | 76.0 | 0.7 | Germany | ZXDK | Mar 18 | 3.4 | -0.1 | -0.5 |
| Greece | YXST | Oct-Dec 17 | 53.4 | 1.6 | Greece | ZXDL | Jan 18 | 20.6 | -0.2 | -2.6 |
| Hungary | A4AF | Oct-Dec 17 | 68.8 | 1.3 | Hungary | A4AQ | Feb 18 | 3.7 | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| Ireland | YXSU | Oct-Dec 17 | 68.3 | 1.2 | Ireland | ZXDO | Mar 18 | 6.1 | 0.0 | -0.9 |
| Italy | YXSV | Oct-Dec 17 | 58.2 | 0.8 | Italy | ZXDP | Mar 18 | 11.0 | 0.0 | -0.5 |
| Latvia | A4AG | Oct-Dec 17 | 71.0 | 2.2 | Latvia | A4AR | Mar 18 | 7.9 | -0.1 | -0.9 |
| Lithuania | A4AH | Oct-Dec 17 | 71.0 | 1.3 | Lithuania | A4AS | Mar 18 | 7.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Luxembourg | YXSW | Oct-Dec 17 | 66.3 | -0.2 | Luxembourg | ZXDQ | Mar 18 | 5.4 | 0.0 | -0.4 |
| Malta | A4AI | Oct-Dec 17 | 69.3 | 3.1 | Malta | A4AT | Mar 18 | 3.3 | -0.2 | -0.9 |
| Netherlands | YXSX | Oct-Dec 17 | 76.3 | 1.1 | Netherlands | ZXDR | Mar 18 | 3.9 | -0.2 | -1.2 |
| Poland | A4AJ | Oct-Dec 17 | 66.4 | 1.3 | Poland | A4AU | Mar 18 | 4.4 | 0.0 | -0.7 |
| Portugal | YXSY | Oct-Dec 17 | 68.9 | 3.0 | Portugal | ZXDT | Mar 18 | 7.4 | -0.2 | -2.3 |
| Romania | A494 | Oct-Dec 17 | 63.4 | 1.8 | Romania | A48Z | Mar 18 | 4.5 | -0.1 | -0.7 |
| Slovak Republic | A4AK | Oct-Dec 17 | 66.4 | 1.1 | Slovak Republic | A4AV | Mar 18 | 7.5 | 0.0 | -1.0 |
| Slovenia | A4AL | Oct-Dec 17 | 70.3 | 3.7 | Slovenia | A4AW | Mar 18 | 5.2 | -0.1 | -1.7 |
| Spain | YXSZ | Oct-Dec 17 | 61.6 | 1.5 | Spain | ZXDM | Mar 18 | 16.1 | -0.1 | -1.9 |
| Sweden | YXTA | Oct-Dec 17 | 76.6 | 0.7 | Sweden ⁵ | ZXDV | Mar 18 | 6.2 | 0.3 | -0.2 |
| United Kingdom (*) | ANZ6 | Oct-Dec 17 | 74.5 | 0.7 | United Kingdom (*) | ZXDW | Jan 18 | 4.1 | -0.1 | -0.5 |
| Total EU ⁴ | A496 | Oct-Dec 17 | 68.1 | 1.2 | Total EU ⁴ | A493 | Mar 18 | 7.1 | 0.0 | -0.8 |
| Eurozone ⁴ | YXTC | Oct-Dec 17 | 66.8 | 1.0 | Eurozone ⁴ | ZXDH | Mar 18 | 8.5 | 0.0 | -0.9 |
| Employment rates published by the OECD (seasonally adjusted) | | | | | Unemployment rates as published by national statistical offices (seasonally adjusted) | | | | | |
| Canada | A48O | Jan-Mar 18 | 73.7 | 0.4 | Canada | ZXDZ | Apr 18 | 5.8 | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| Japan | A48P | Jan-Mar 18 | 76.3 | 1.4 | Japan | ZXDY | Mar 18 | 2.5 | 0.0 | -0.3 |
| United States | A48Q | Jan-Mar 18 | 70.5 | 0.7 | United States | ZXDX | Apr 18 | 3.9 | -0.2 | -0.5 |

Sources: EUROSTAT, OECD, national statistical offices.
Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

(*) Note: The UK rates shown in this table are as published by EUROSTAT (the EUs statistical office). See Table 1 for the latest rates for the UK as published by ONS.

1. All employment rates shown in this table are for those aged from 15 to 64 except for the rate for the United States published by OECD which are for those aged from 16 to 64.
2. The employment rates for the EU are published by EUROSTAT and are not seasonally adjusted. EUROSTAT do not publish seasonally adjusted (SA) employment rates but SA rates for some EU countries are published by OECD. These OECD employment rates are available on our website at [dataset A10](#).
3. Unemployment rates published by EUROSTAT for most EU countries (but not for the UK), are calculated by extrapolating from the most recent LFS data using monthly registered unemployment data. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain, Italy and the UK (16-74). The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over, but the rates for Canada and Japan are for those aged 15 and over. All unemployment rates shown in this table are seasonally adjusted.
4. The "Total EU" series consist of all 28 EU countries. The Eurozone figures consist of the following EU countries: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Spain.
5. The EU unemployment rates are as published on the EUROSTAT database. For Sweden the rates on the database differ from those shown in the EUROSTAT News Release published on 2 May 2018. This is because the figures for Sweden on the database are seasonally adjusted estimates but the figures for Sweden shown in the News Release are the trend component.

18 Labour disputes

United Kingdom, not seasonally adjusted

| | | Working days lost (thousands) ^{1,2} | Working days lost in the Public Sector (thousands) ^{1,2} | Working days lost in the Private Sector (thousands) ^{1,2} | Number of stoppages ^{3,4} | Number of stoppages in the Public Sector ^{3,4} | Number of stoppages in the Private Sector ^{3,4} | Workers involved (thousands) ^{1,3} |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| | | BBFW | F8XZ | F8Y2 | BLUU | F8Y3 | F8Y4 | BLUT |
| 2016 | Mar | 35 | 33 | 3 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 23 |
| 2017 | Mar | 18 | 5 | 14 | 17 | 8 | 9 | 5 |
| | Apr | 20 | 5 | 15 | 14 | 4 | 10 | 12 |
| | May | 50 | 16 | 34 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 10 |
| | Jun | 2 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 2 |
| | Jul | 50 | 1 | 49 | 12 | 3 | 9 | 3 |
| | Aug | 62 | 1 | 61 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| | Sep | 10 | 1 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 3 |
| | Oct | 8 | 0 | 8 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 3 |
| | Nov | 8 | 0 | 8 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 3 |
| | Dec | 10 | 4 | 6 | 16 | 3 | 13 | 5 |
| 2018 | Jan | 9 | 1 | 8 | 18 | 4 | 14 | 3 |
| | Feb | (r) 73 | 0 | 73 | 14 | 3 | 11 | 20 |
| | Mar | (p) 113 | 0 | 113 | 15 | 2 | 13 | 18 |
| Cumulative totals 12 months to: | | | | | | | | |
| | Mar 17 | 305 | 191 | 113 | 100 | 40 | 60 | 152 |
| | Mar 18 | (p) 416 | 32 | 384 | 76 | 24 | 52 | 46 |

Relationship between columns 1=2+3; 4=5+6

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry
Labour disputes enquiries 01633 455400

1. Estimates of working days lost and workers involved are shown to the nearest thousand. Unrounded estimates of less than 500 therefore round to zero.
2. Due to rounding the working days lost for the public and private sectors may not add up to the total working days lost.
3. The latest 12 month cumulative totals for the figures in these columns will not necessarily equal the sum of the 12 months as some disputes continue for over one month. These disputes appear in each month's data, but only once in the total.
4. These series exclude disputes not resulting in a stoppage of work, those involving less than 10 workers or lasting less than 1 day unless the total number of working days lost in the dispute is 100 or more.

VACANCIES

19 Vacancies¹ by size of business

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | | Number of employees | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | All Vacancies | 1-9 | 10-49 | 50-249 | 250-2499 | 2500+ |
| | | AP2Y | ALY5 | ALY6 | ALY7 | ALY8 | ALY9 |
| Levels | | | | | | | |
| Feb-Apr 2016 | | 742 | 129 | 108 | 103 | 137 | 265 |
| Feb-Apr 2017 | (r) | 789 | 137 | 118 | 114 | 147 | 273 |
| Mar-May 2017 | | 784 | 128 | 118 | 115 | 148 | 276 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | | 784 | 125 | 118 | 114 | 150 | 277 |
| May-Jul 2017 | | 779 | 121 | 117 | 115 | 148 | 278 |
| Jun-Aug 2017 | | 789 | 128 | 116 | 114 | 152 | 279 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | | 797 | 127 | 115 | 123 | 151 | 280 |
| Aug-Oct 2017 | | 803 | 130 | 119 | 123 | 151 | 281 |
| Sep-Nov 2017 | | 810 | 128 | 119 | 127 | 153 | 282 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | | 815 | 134 | 122 | 120 | 155 | 284 |
| Nov-Jan 2018 | (r) | 822 | 132 | 120 | 122 | 159 | 289 |
| Dec-Feb 2018 | (r) | 816 | 125 | 119 | 122 | 159 | 291 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | (r) | 815 | 126 | 114 | 122 | 160 | 294 |
| Feb-Apr 2018 | (p) | 806 | 119 | 114 | 120 | 160 | 293 |
| Change on quarter | * | -16 | -14 | -5 | -2 | 2 | 4 |
| Change % | * | -1.9 | -10.2 | -4.4 | -1.6 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| Change on year | | 17 | -18 | -4 | 6 | 13 | 20 |
| Change % | | 2.1 | -13.4 | -3.5 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 7.4 |

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gsi.gov.uk, 01633 456777

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

20 Vacancies¹ and Unemployment

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| | | All Vacancies ¹ | Unemployment ² | Number of unemployed people per vacancy |
|---------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | | AP2Y | MGSC | JPC5 |
| Levels | | | | |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | | 751 | 1,693 | 2.3 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | | 771 | 1,541 | 2.0 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | | 784 | 1,484 | 1.9 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | | 797 | 1,425 | 1.8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | | 815 | 1,470 | 1.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | | 815 (r) | 1,425 | 1.7 |
| Change on quarter | | 0 | -46 | -0.1 |
| Change % | | 0.0 | -3.1 | |
| Change on year | | 44 | -116 | -0.3 |
| Change % | | 5.7 | -7.5 | |

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey/ Labour Force Survey

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gsi.gov.uk, 01633 456777

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

2. Unemployment estimates are produced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and are always one period behind the ONS Vacancy Survey estimates. This table therefore shows estimates for the same periods as shown in table 1 (which shows LFS estimates).

VACANCIES

21 Vacancies by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (2007)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

| SIC 2007 sections | All vacancies ¹ | Mining & quarrying | Manufacturing | Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply ² | Water supply, sewerage, waste & remediation activities | Construction | Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles | Transport & storage | Accommodation & food service activities | Information & communication |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--------------|---|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | B-S | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| | AP2Y | JP9H | JP9I | JP9J | JP9K | JP9L | JP9M | JP9N | JP9O | JP9P |
| Levels (thousands) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb-Apr 2016 | 742 | 1 | 45 | 4 | 3 | 22 | 139 | 31 | 84 | 42 |
| Feb-Apr 2017 | 789 | 1 | 55 | 4 | 4 | 27 | 138 (r) | 32 | 90 | 42 |
| Mar-May 2017 | 784 | 1 | 53 | 4 | 4 | 26 | 138 | 30 | 90 | 42 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 784 | 1 | 53 | 4 | 4 | 28 | 139 | 30 | 91 | 42 |
| May-Jul 2017 | 779 | 1 | 50 | 4 | 3 | 28 | 137 | 32 | 94 | 41 |
| Jun-Aug 2017 | 789 | 1 | 51 | 4 | 3 | 30 | 142 | 33 | 93 | 42 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 797 | 1 | 51 | 4 | 3 | 30 | 143 | 34 | 91 | 42 |
| Aug-Oct 2017 | 803 | 1 | 53 | 4 | 4 | 32 | 145 | 32 | 90 | 41 |
| Sep-Nov 2017 | 810 | 1 | 55 | 4 | 4 | 29 | 142 | 34 | 91 | 40 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 815 | 1 | 58 | 4 | 4 | 27 | 137 | 35 | 93 | 43 |
| Nov-Jan 2018 | (r) 822 | 1 | 57 | 4 | 4 | 25 | 133 | 42 | 93 | 45 |
| Dec-Feb 2018 | (r) 816 | 1 | 58 | 4 | 4 | 24 | 132 | 45 | 93 | 45 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 815 | 1 | 58 | 4 | 4 | 24 | 136 | 43 | 88 (r) | 45 |
| Feb-Apr 2018 | (p) 806 | 1 | 59 | 3 | 5 | 25 | 133 | 41 | 87 | 45 |
| Change on quarter | * -16 | 0 | 2 | -1 | 1 | -1 | 0 | -2 | -6 | 0 |
| Change % | * -1.9 | 0.0 | 3.5 | -23.3 | 27.8 | -2.4 | -0.1 | -4.0 | -6.7 | 0.2 |
| Change on year | 17 | 0 | 4 | -1 | 1 | -2 | -4 | 9 | -3 | 3 |
| Change % | 2.1 | 0.0 | 7.7 | -21.4 | 21.1 | -8.9 | -3.1 | 28.0 | -3.5 | 7.0 |
| | AP2Z | JPA2 | JPA3 | JPA4 | JPA5 | JPA6 | JPA7 | JPA8 | JPA9 | JPB2 |
| Vacancies per 100 employee jobs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb-Apr 2016 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| Feb-Apr 2017 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 3.3 |
| Mar-May 2017 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.3 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.3 |
| May-Jul 2017 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| Jun-Aug 2017 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| Aug-Oct 2017 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 3.2 |
| Sep-Nov 2017 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 3.1 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 4.2 | 3.4 |
| Nov-Jan 2018 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 4.1 (r) | 3.5 |
| Dec-Feb 2018 | (r) 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | (r) 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| Feb-Apr 2018 | (p) 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| Change on quarter | * -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.7 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 0.0 |
| Change on year | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -0.7 | 0.4 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.6 | -0.1 | 0.2 |

| SIC 2007 sections | Financial & insurance activities | Real estate activities ² | Professional scientific & technical activities | Administrative & support service activities | Public admin & defence; compulsory social security | Education | Human health & social work activities | Arts, entertainment & recreation | Other service activities | Total services |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | G-S |
| | JP9Q | JP9R | JP9S | JP9T | JP9U | JP9V | JP9W | JP9X | JP9Y | JP9Z |
| Levels (thousands) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb-Apr 2016 | 30 | 8 | 68 | 48 | 10 | 50 | 120 | 18 | 21 | 668 |
| Feb-Apr 2017 | (r) 34 | 13 | 69 | 54 | 16 | 54 | 122 | 17 | 19 | 698 |
| Mar-May 2017 | 35 | 11 | 67 | 55 | 16 | 52 | 123 | 18 | 18 | 696 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 36 | 11 | 69 | 53 | 16 | 49 | 122 | 18 | 19 | 695 |
| May-Jul 2017 | 36 | 11 | 67 | 55 | 16 | 50 | 120 | 16 | 19 | 693 |
| Jun-Aug 2017 | 37 | 10 | 68 | 55 | 17 | 50 | 119 | 13 | 20 | 700 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 39 | 10 | 68 | 54 | 17 | 52 | 121 | 17 | 21 | 708 |
| Aug-Oct 2017 | 39 | 9 | 71 | 51 | 17 | 52 | 124 | 18 | 20 | 709 |
| Sep-Nov 2017 | 39 | 10 | 73 | 53 | 17 | 52 | 126 | 21 | 21 | 718 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 39 | 9 | 77 | 53 | 17 | 51 | 127 | 20 | 21 | 721 |
| Nov-Jan 2018 | (r) 39 | 9 | 76 | 53 | 18 | 49 | 130 | 21 | 22 | 730 |
| Dec-Feb 2018 | 39 | 9 | 72 (r) | 53 | 18 | 48 | 129 | 20 | 22 | 724 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | (r) 39 | 11 | 72 | 53 | 18 | 47 | 128 | 22 | 22 | 724 |
| Feb-Apr 2018 | (p) 39 | 10 | 73 | 52 | 18 | 46 | 127 | 22 | 21 | 714 |
| Change on quarter | * 0 | 1 | -3 | -1 | 1 | -3 | -4 | 1 | -1 | -17 |
| Change % | * 0.3 | 7.6 | -3.6 | -1.9 | 4.6 | -6.7 | -3.0 | 3.8 | -2.3 | -2.3 |
| Change on year | 5 | -3 | 4 | -2 | 2 | -8 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 15 |
| Change % | 15.4 | -24.4 | 6.3 | -3.5 | 11.6 | -14.3 | 3.7 | 32.5 | 10.9 | 2.2 |
| | JPB3 | JPB4 | JPB5 | JPB6 | JPB7 | JPB8 | JPB9 | JPC2 | JPC3 | JPC4 |
| Vacancies per 100 employee jobs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb-Apr 2016 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| Feb-Apr 2017 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Mar-May 2017 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| May-Jul 2017 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Jun-Aug 2017 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| Aug-Oct 2017 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| Sep-Nov 2017 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.8 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| Nov-Jan 2018 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 (r) | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.8 |
| Dec-Feb 2018 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.9 (r) | 1.4 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 2.8 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | (r) 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| Feb-Apr 2018 | (p) 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| Change on quarter | * 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| Change on year | 0.5 | -0.7 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 |

1. Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey

2. Not seasonally adjusted. These series do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a 'seasonally adjusted' series.

* Change on previous non-overlapping three month rolling average time period.

Vacancy Survey enquiries: vacancy.survey@ons.gsi.gov.uk, 01633 456777

REDUNDANCIES

22 Redundancies levels and rates¹

United Kingdom, (seasonally adjusted)

| | People (aged 16 and over) | | Men (aged 16 and over) | | Women (aged 16 and over) | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | Level (000s) ² | Rate ¹ | Level (000s) ² | Rate ¹ | Level (000s) ² | Rate ¹ |
| | BEAO | BEIR | BEIU | BEIX | BEJA | BEJD |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 111 | 4.2 | 70 | 5.2 | 40 | 3.1 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 95 | 3.5 | 60 | 4.4 | 35 | 2.6 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 112 | 4.1 | 69 | 5.1 | 43 | 3.2 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 102 | 3.8 | 57 | 4.1 | 45 | 3.4 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 107 | 3.9 | 59 | 4.3 | 47 | 3.5 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 96 | 3.5 | 55 | 4.0 | 40 | 3.0 |
| Change on quarter | -11 | -0.4 | -4 | -0.3 | -7 | -0.5 |
| Change % | -10.5 | | -7.2 | | -14.6 | |
| Change on year | 1 | 0.0 | -5 | -0.4 | 6 | 0.4 |
| Change % | 0.6 | | -8.4 | | 16.1 | |

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.

2. The redundancies levels as derived directly from the Labour Force Survey do not currently display seasonality. For this reason series BEAO is currently identical to the not seasonally adjusted series BEYV shown at Table 24.

23 Redundancies by industry¹

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over), not seasonally adjusted

| SIC 2007 sections | Total redundancies ² | Manufacturing C | Construction F | Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles G | Transport & storage, accommodation & food service activities, information & communication H,I,J | Financial & insurance and real estate activities K,L | Prof. scientific & technical activities, admin & support service activities M,N | Public Administration etc., education, human health and social work activities ³ O-Q | Total services ⁴ G-T |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| People | BEYV | JWV6 | JWV7 | JWV8 | JWV9 | JWW2 | JWW3 | JWW4 | JWW5 |
| Jan-Mar 2016 | 111 | 33 | 12 | 14 | 12 | 6 | 13 | 13 | 61 |
| Jan-Mar 2017 | 95 | 18 | 5 | 16 | 17 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 66 |
| Apr-Jun 2017 | 112 | 17 | 6 | 17 | 17 | 13 | 11 | 24 | 84 |
| Jul-Sep 2017 | 102 | 14 | 7 | 15 | 15 | 7 | 11 | 23 | 77 |
| Oct-Dec 2017 | 107 | 11 | 9 | 14 | 23 | 7 | 10 | 27 | 85 |
| Jan-Mar 2018 | 96 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 8 | 11 | 17 | 71 |
| Change on year | 1 | -10 | 4 | 0 | -1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Change % | 0.6 | -54.6 | 0 | 1.5 | -3.8 | 0 | 5.2 | 33.4 | 7.8 |

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

1. The estimates in this table are for calendar quarters only whereas the estimates at Table 23 are for rolling three-monthly time periods.

2. The total series includes those people who did not state their industry. The series also includes SIC 2007 categories A (Agriculture, forestry and fishing), B (Mining and quarrying), D (Electricity, gas, etc.) and E (Water supply, sewerage, etc.). These sectors are not shown separately in this table as the sample size is too small to provide reliable estimates. See footnote 2 at Table 23.

3. Includes both public and private sectors.

4. Other Services are not shown separately in this table as the sample size is too small to provide reliable estimates.

REGIONAL SUMMARY

24(1) Regional summary of labour market headline indicators

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for January to March 2018

| Area Codes | Area Names | Economically active ¹ | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Economically inactive | |
|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16-64 |
| | | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ³ | Level | Rate (%) ² |
| K02000001 | United Kingdom | 33,769 | 79.0 | 32,344 | 75.6 | 1,425 | 4.2 | 8,658 | 21.0 |
| K03000001 | Great Britain | 32,893 | 79.2 | 31,496 | 75.8 | 1,397 | 4.2 | 8,330 | 20.8 |
| E92000001 | England | 28,624 | 79.4 | 27,412 | 76.0 | 1,212 | 4.2 | 7,146 | 20.6 |
| E12000001 | North East | 1,296 | 77.4 | 1,233 | 73.6 | 63 | 4.9 | 371 | 22.6 |
| E12000002 | North West | 3,559 | 77.0 | 3,406 | 73.6 | 154 | 4.3 | 1,028 | 23.0 |
| E12000003 | Yorkshire and The Humber | 2,718 | 77.9 | 2,592 | 74.2 | 126 | 4.6 | 747 | 22.1 |
| E12000004 | East Midlands | 2,394 | 78.9 | 2,298 | 75.7 | 97 | 4.0 | 616 | 21.1 |
| E12000005 | West Midlands | 2,881 | 77.5 | 2,742 | 73.7 | 139 | 4.8 | 804 | 22.5 |
| E12000006 | East | 3,183 | 81.4 | 3,061 | 78.3 | 123 | 3.9 | 699 | 18.6 |
| E12000007 | London | 4,990 | 79.2 | 4,744 | 75.2 | 247 | 4.9 | 1,272 | 20.8 |
| E12000008 | South East | 4,718 | 81.6 | 4,555 | 78.7 | 163 | 3.4 | 1,022 | 18.4 |
| E12000009 | South West | 2,884 | 82.3 | 2,782 | 79.3 | 101 | 3.5 | 587 | 17.7 |
| W92000004 | Wales | 1,521 | 77.0 | 1,454 | 73.4 | 67 | 4.4 | 437 | 23.0 |
| S92000003 | Scotland | 2,748 | 78.1 | 2,630 | 74.7 | 118 | 4.3 | 748 | 21.9 |
| N92000002 | Northern Ireland | 875 | 72.0 | 848 | 69.7 | 28 | 3.1 | 328 | 28.0 |

Change on quarter (change since October to December 2017)

Note: Changes on quarter at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

| Area Codes | Area Names | Economically active ¹ | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Economically inactive | |
|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16-64 |
| | | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ³ | Level | Rate (%) ² |
| K02000001 | United Kingdom | 152 | 0.3 | 197 | 0.4 | -46 | -0.2 | -115 | -0.3 |
| K03000001 | Great Britain | 145 | 0.3 | 184 | 0.4 | -39 | -0.1 | -110 | -0.3 |
| E92000001 | England | 143 | 0.3 | 167 | 0.4 | -24 | -0.1 | -97 | -0.3 |
| E12000001 | North East | 9 | 1.3 | 14 | 1.6 | -6 | -0.5 | -21 | -1.3 |
| E12000002 | North West | 17 | 0.2 | 9 | 0.0 | 8 | 0.2 | -8 | -0.2 |
| E12000003 | Yorkshire and The Humber | 47 | 0.7 | 57 | 0.9 | -9 | -0.4 | -23 | -0.7 |
| E12000004 | East Midlands | 18 | 0.5 | 19 | 0.5 | -1 | -0.1 | -14 | -0.5 |
| E12000005 | West Midlands | 43 | 0.9 | 57 | 1.4 | -14 | -0.6 | -33 | -0.9 |
| E12000006 | East | -2 | -0.2 | 8 | 0.1 | -11 | -0.3 | 8 | 0.2 |
| E12000007 | London | 72 | 0.7 | 71 | 0.7 | 1 | -0.1 | -41 | -0.7 |
| E12000008 | South East | -76 | -0.9 | -89 | -1.1 | 13 | 0.3 | 51 | 0.9 |
| E12000009 | South West | 15 | 0.5 | 21 | 0.7 | -6 | -0.2 | -16 | -0.5 |
| W92000004 | Wales | 10 | 0.4 | 19 | 0.7 | -9 | -0.6 | -8 | -0.4 |
| S92000003 | Scotland | -8 | 0.1 | -2 | 0.3 | -6 | -0.2 | -5 | -0.1 |
| N92000002 | Northern Ireland | 7 | 0.4 | 13 | 1.0 | -7 | -0.8 | -5 | -0.4 |

Change on year (change since January to March 2017)

| Area Codes | Area Names | Economically active ¹ | | Employment | | Unemployment | | Economically inactive | |
|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16+ | Aged 16+ | Aged 16-64 | Aged 16-64 |
| | | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ² | Level | Rate (%) ³ | Level | Rate (%) ² |
| K02000001 | United Kingdom | 281 | 0.5 | 396 | 0.8 | -116 | -0.4 | -171 | -0.5 |
| K03000001 | Great Britain | 275 | 0.5 | 373 | 0.8 | -97 | -0.3 | -174 | -0.5 |
| E92000001 | England | 279 | 0.5 | 369 | 0.8 | -90 | -0.4 | -166 | -0.5 |
| E12000001 | North East | 1 | 1.2 | 14 | 2.0 | -13 | -1.0 | -20 | -1.2 |
| E12000002 | North West | -40 | -0.4 | -40 | -0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 16 | 0.4 |
| E12000003 | Yorkshire and The Humber | 9 | 0.1 | 16 | 0.3 | -7 | -0.3 | -3 | -0.1 |
| E12000004 | East Midlands | 21 | 0.2 | 18 | 0.1 | 3 | 0.1 | -5 | -0.2 |
| E12000005 | West Midlands | 79 | 1.7 | 100 | 2.3 | -21 | -0.9 | -59 | -1.7 |
| E12000006 | East | 33 | 0.7 | 32 | 0.8 | 1 | 0.0 | -22 | -0.7 |
| E12000007 | London | 126 | 1.0 | 176 | 1.9 | -50 | -1.2 | -47 | -1.0 |
| E12000008 | South East | 18 | 0.3 | 19 | 0.3 | -1 | 0.0 | -13 | -0.3 |
| E12000009 | South West | 33 | 0.4 | 34 | 0.6 | -1 | -0.1 | -14 | -0.4 |
| W92000004 | Wales | -11 | -0.6 | -6 | -0.3 | -5 | -0.3 | 10 | 0.6 |
| S92000003 | Scotland | 8 | 0.5 | 10 | 0.6 | -2 | -0.1 | -19 | -0.5 |
| N92000002 | Northern Ireland | 5 | -0.3 | 24 | 1.3 | -19 | -2.1 | 3 | 0.3 |

The Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Economically active = Employment plus Unemployment.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gsi.gov.uk

2. Denominator = all persons aged 16 to 64.

3. Denominator = total economically active

REGIONAL SUMMARY

24(2) Regional summary of Workforce Jobs

Thousands,
seasonally adjusted

| Area Codes | Area Names | December 2017 | Change on September 2017 |
|------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| K02000001 | United Kingdom | 35,110 | -64 |
| K03000001 | Great Britain | 34,216 | -75 |
| E92000001 | England | 29,898 | -37 |
| E12000001 | North East | 1,200 | -4 |
| E12000002 | North West | 3,677 | 4 |
| E12000003 | Yorkshire and The Humber | 2,667 | 1 |
| E12000004 | East Midlands | 2,443 | 11 |
| E12000005 | West Midlands | 2,992 | -30 |
| E12000006 | East | 3,162 | 9 |
| E12000007 | London | 5,863 | 35 |
| E12000008 | South East | 4,968 | -52 |
| E12000009 | South West | 2,926 | -10 |
| W92000004 | Wales | 1,550 | 12 |
| S92000003 | Scotland | 2,768 | -50 |
| N92000002 | Northern Ireland | 884 | 10 |

Workforce jobs are mainly sourced from employer surveys and are tabulated by region of workplace.

HM Forces stationed abroad are included in the UK workforce jobs estimates but not in the regional estimates. The UK workforce jobs estimates therefore do not equal the sum of the regional estimates.